



**Please sign up so
we get more fika!**



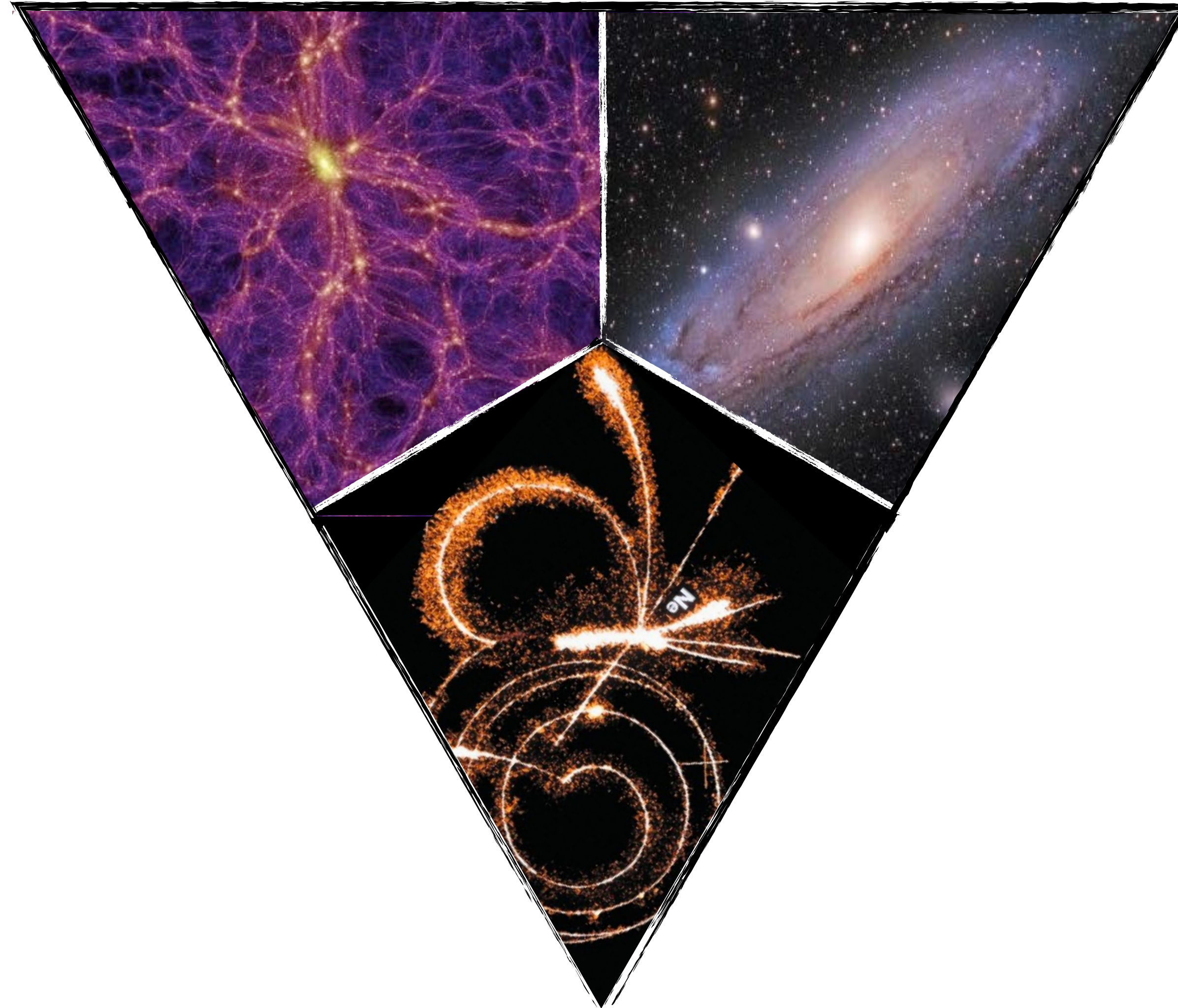


Michael Korsmeier
2023/05/12

**Why we are looking
at Antimatter to learn
more about Dark Matter**



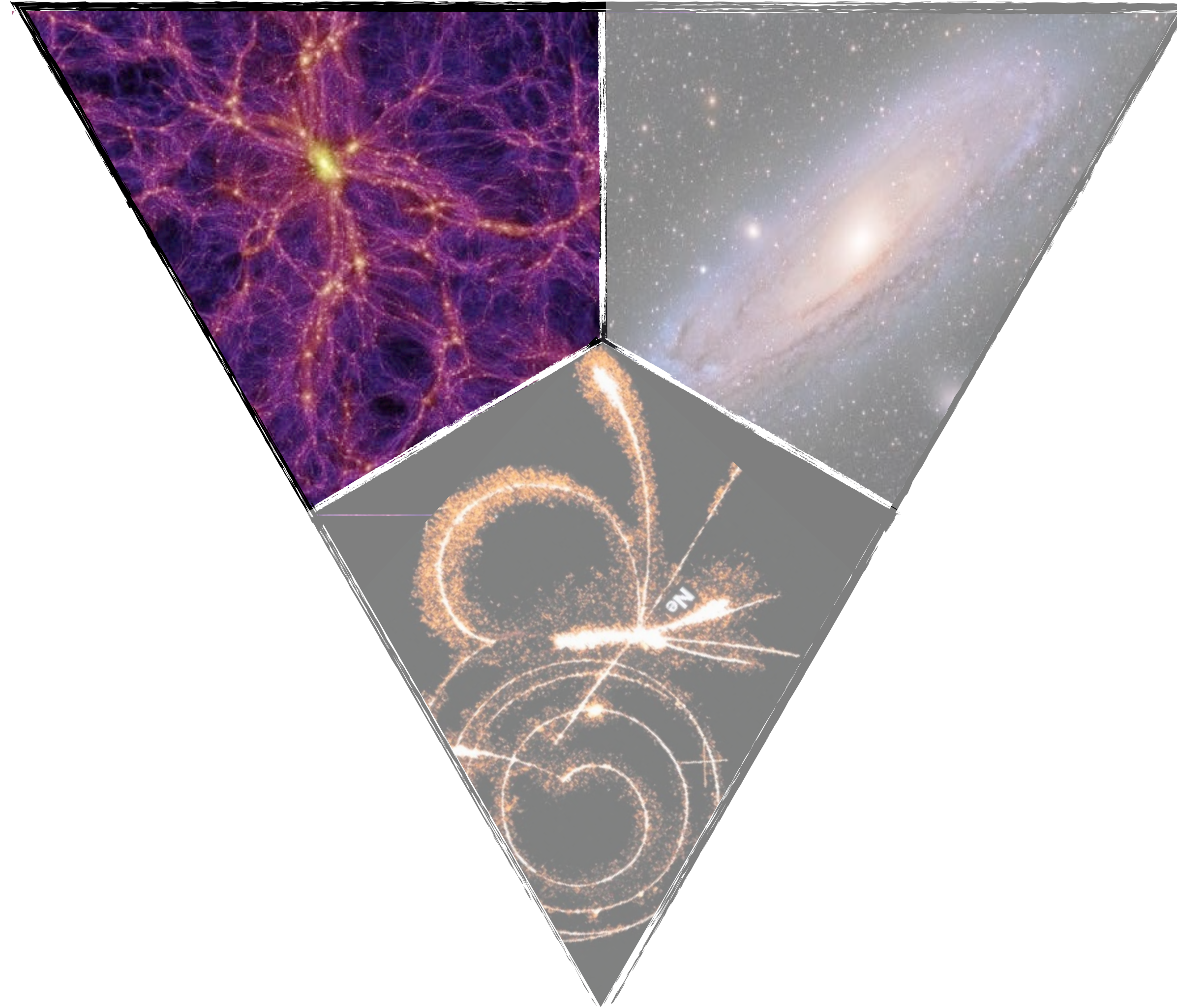
Dark Matter



Cosmic Rays

Antimatter

Dark Matter

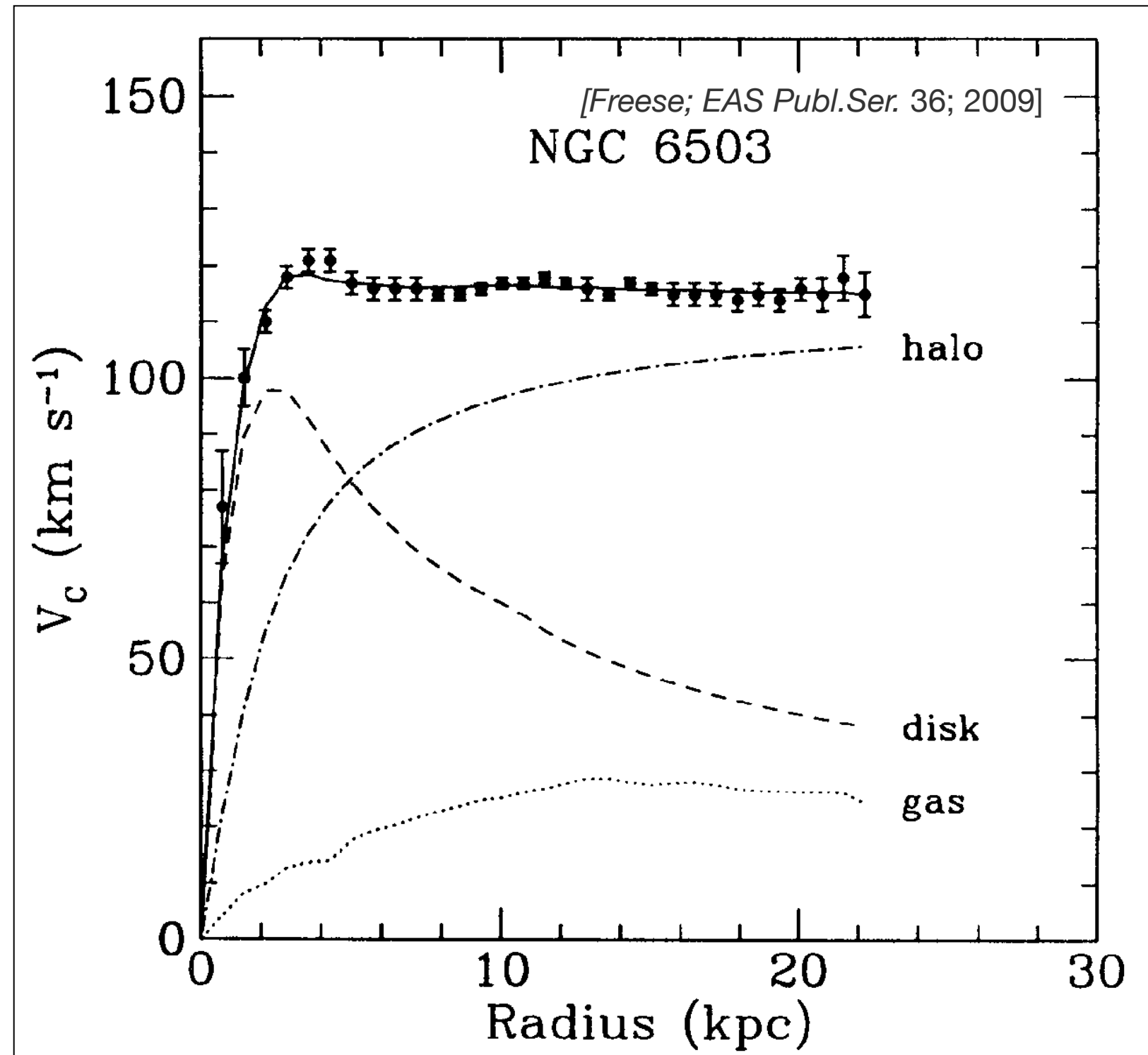


Cosmic Rays

Antimatter

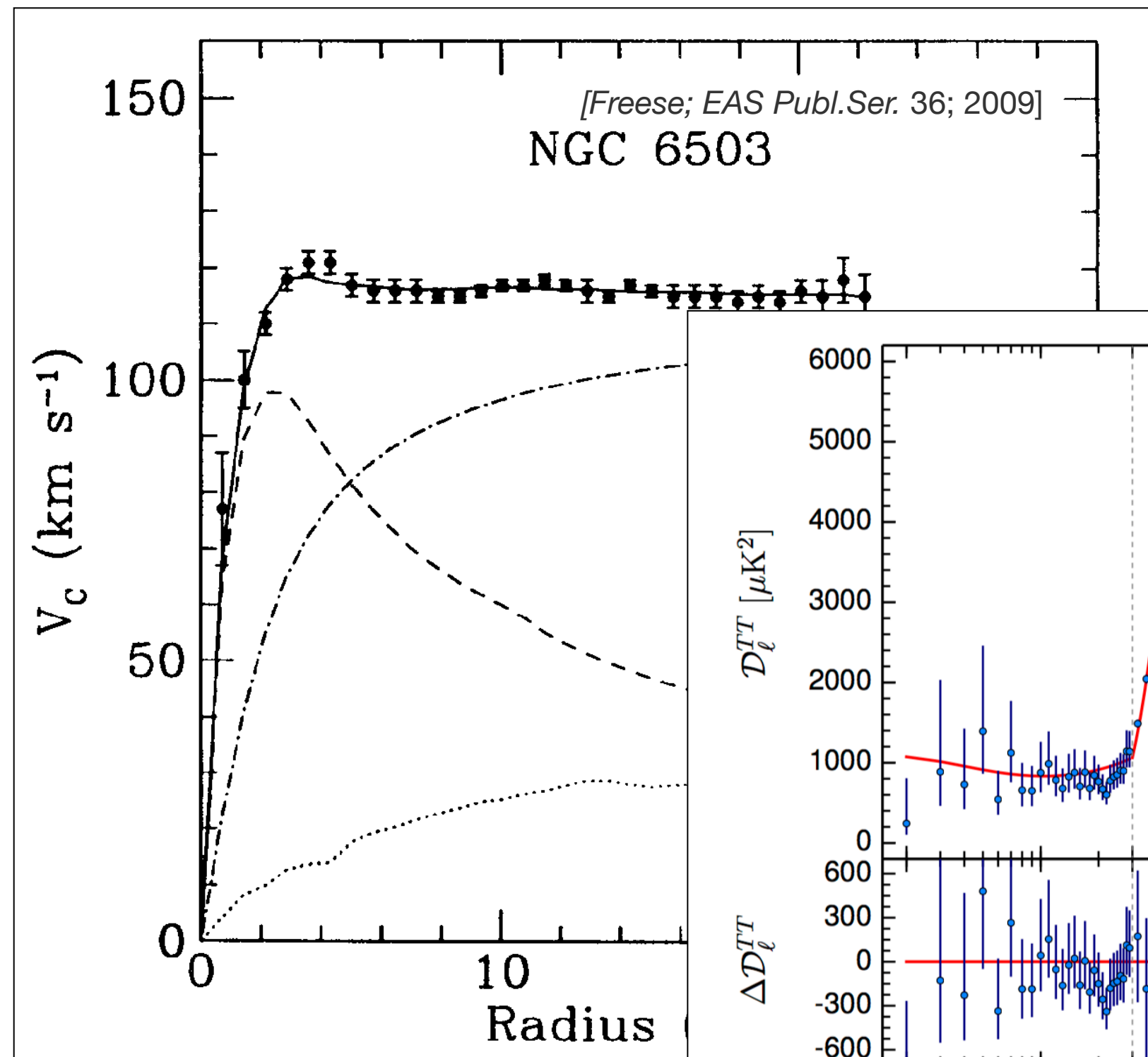
Dark Matter Evidence

Dark Matter Evidence

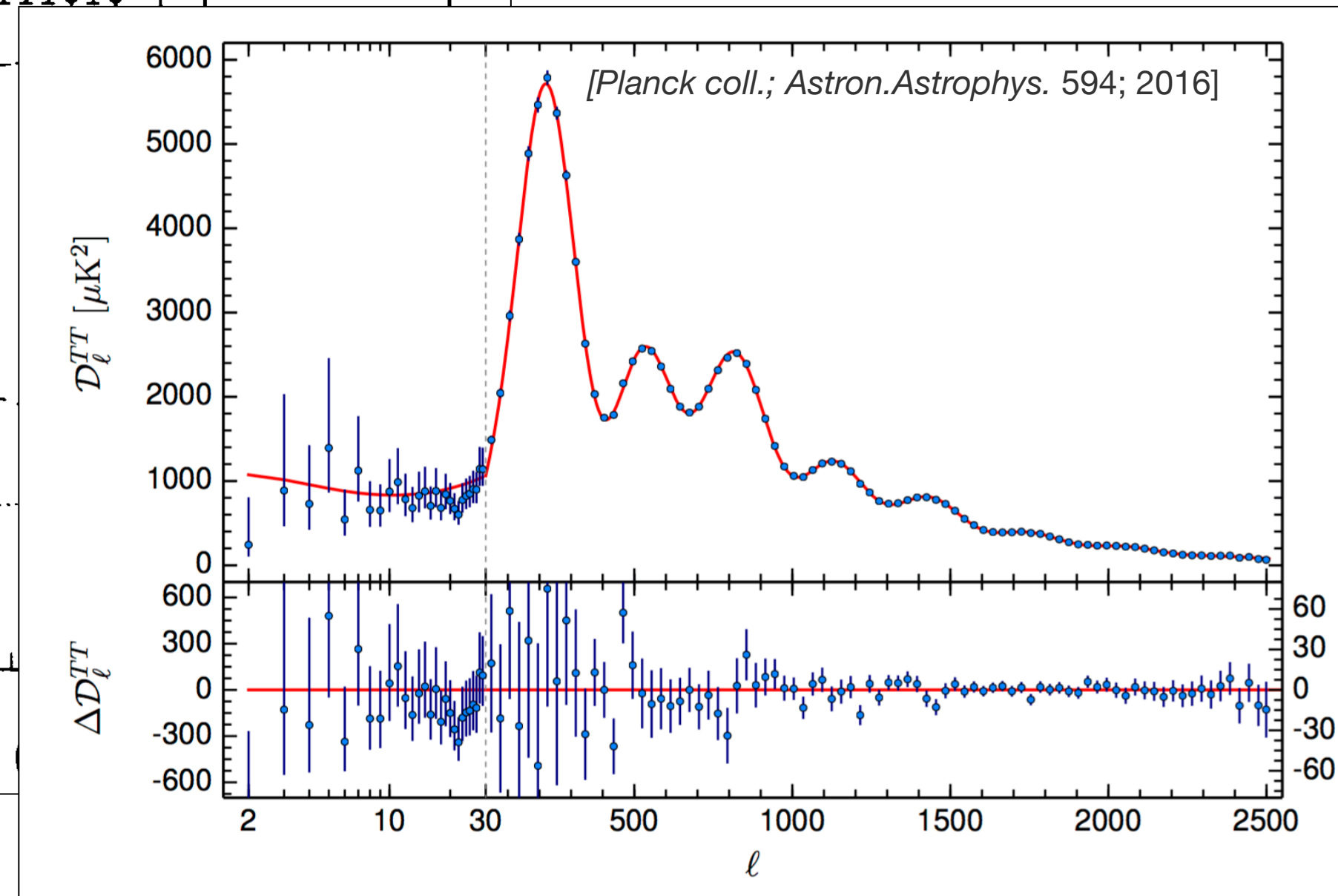


Gravitational evidence at various scales is overwhelming.

Dark Matter Evidence

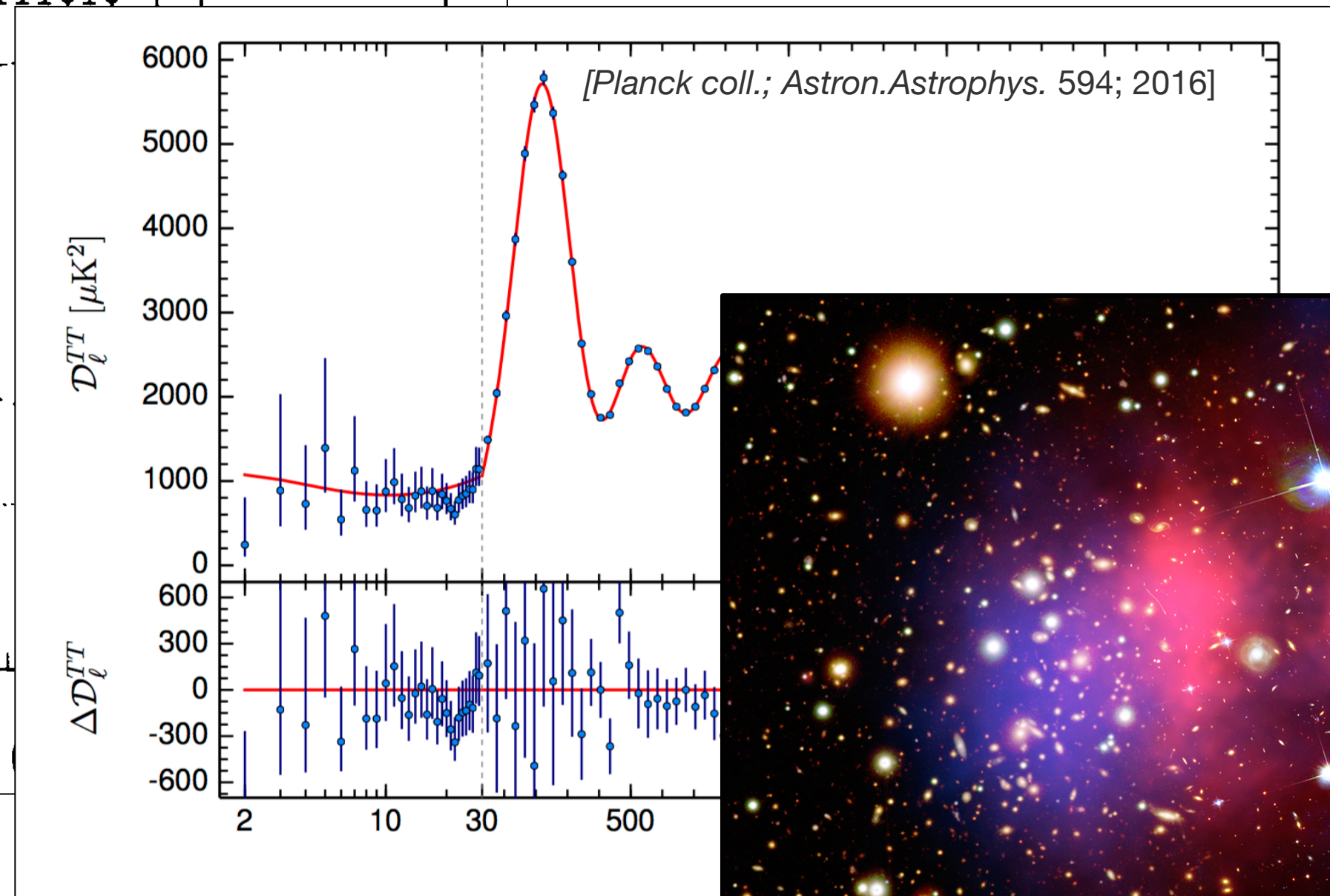
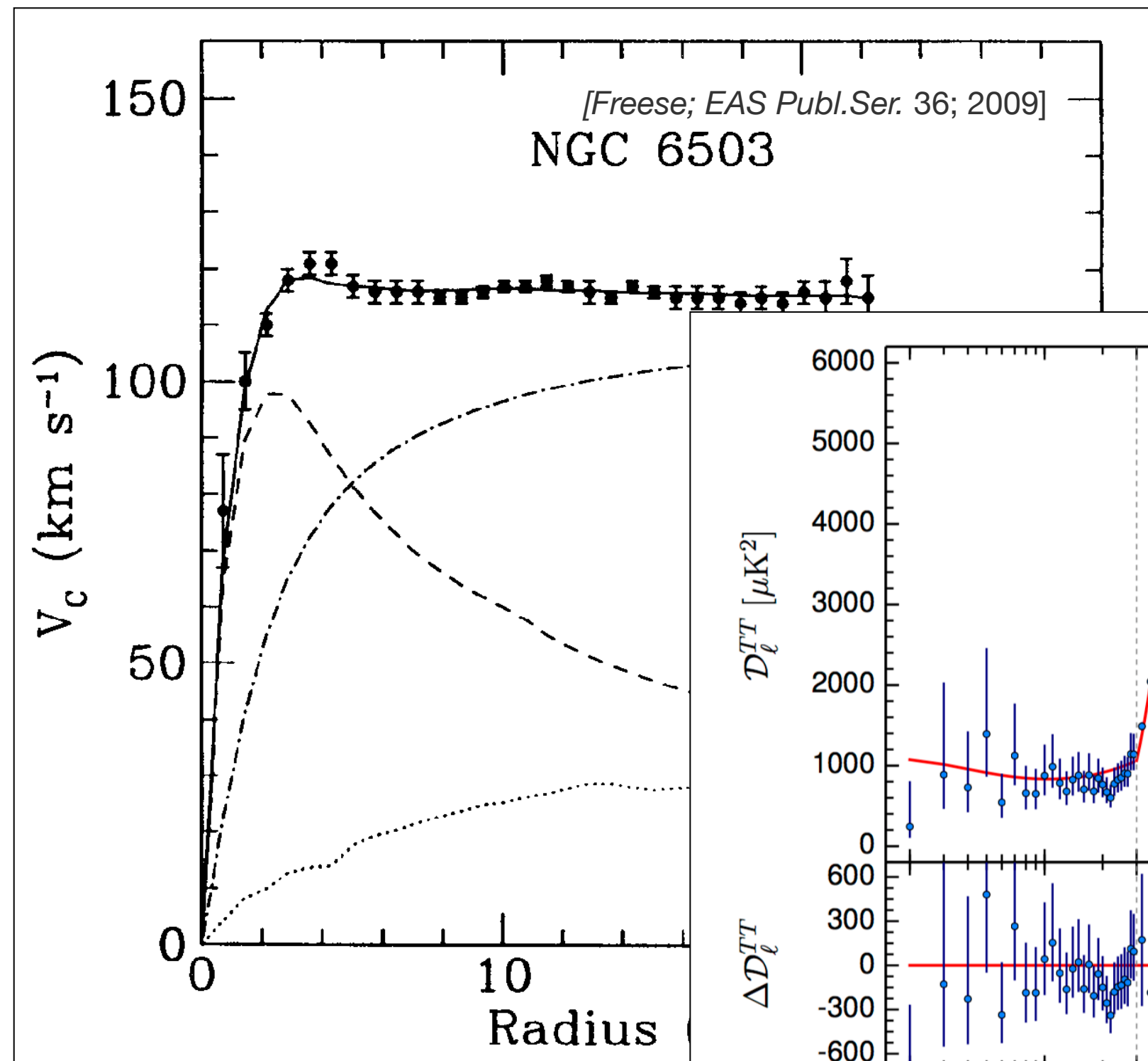


Gravitational evidence at various scales is overwhelming.



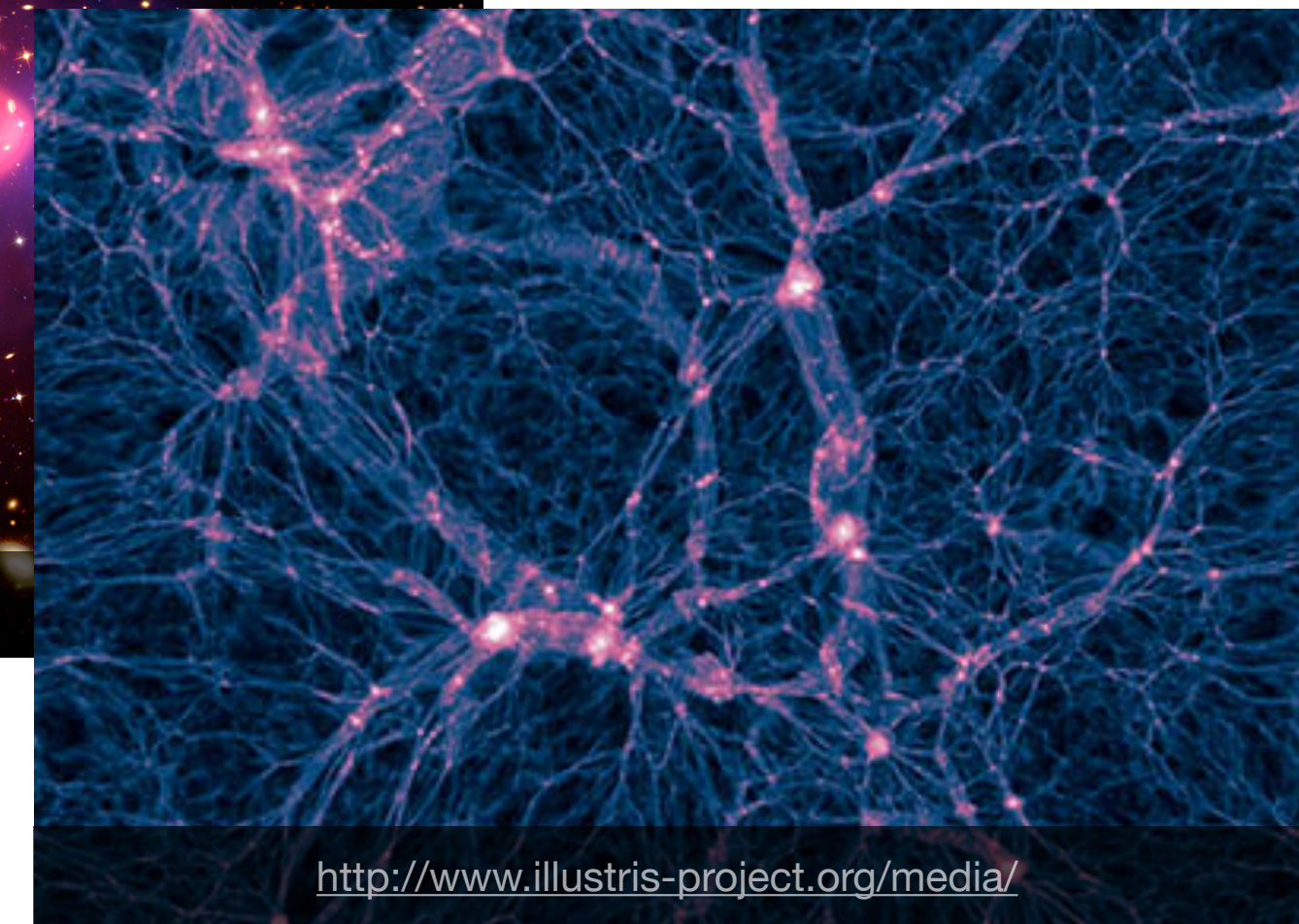
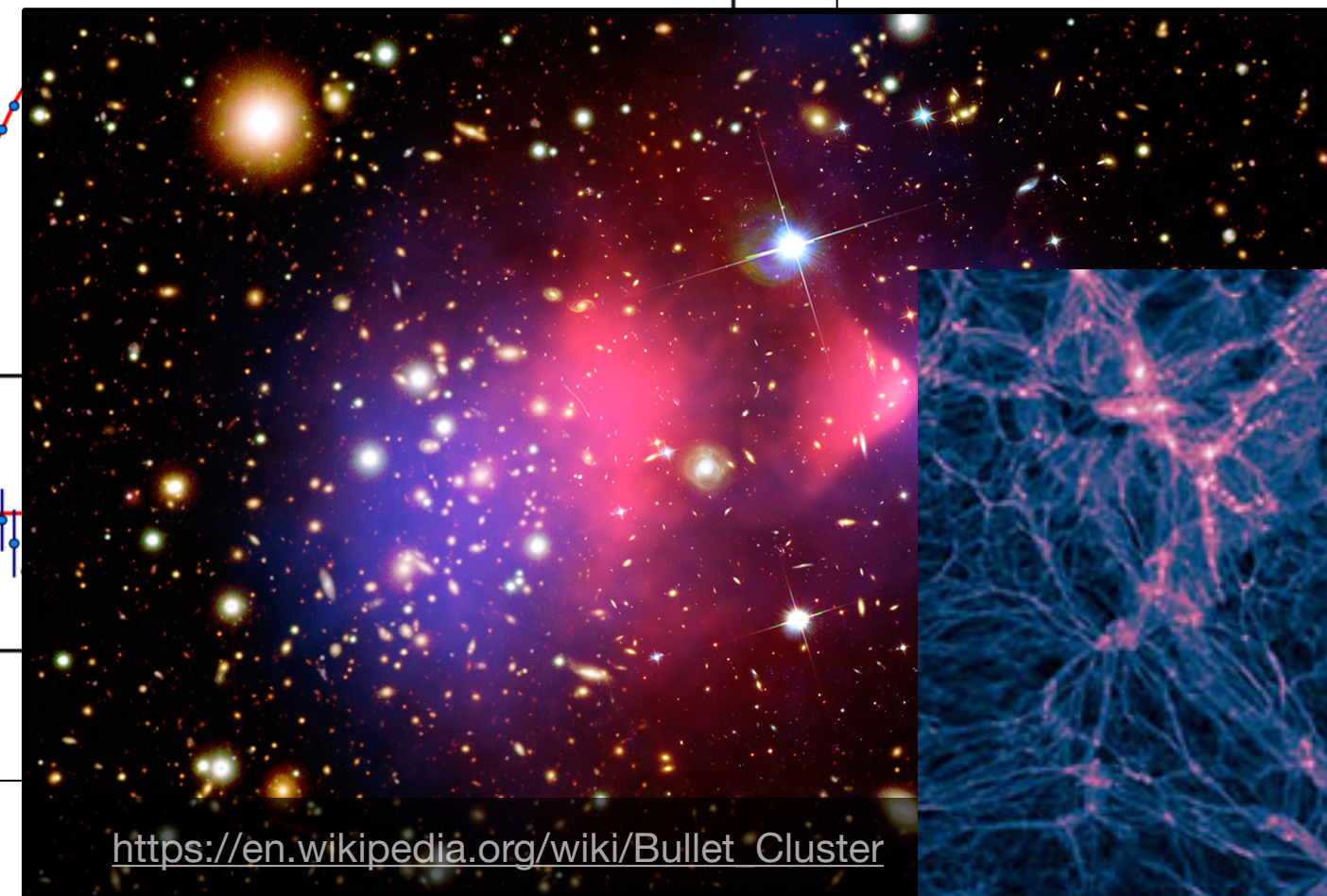
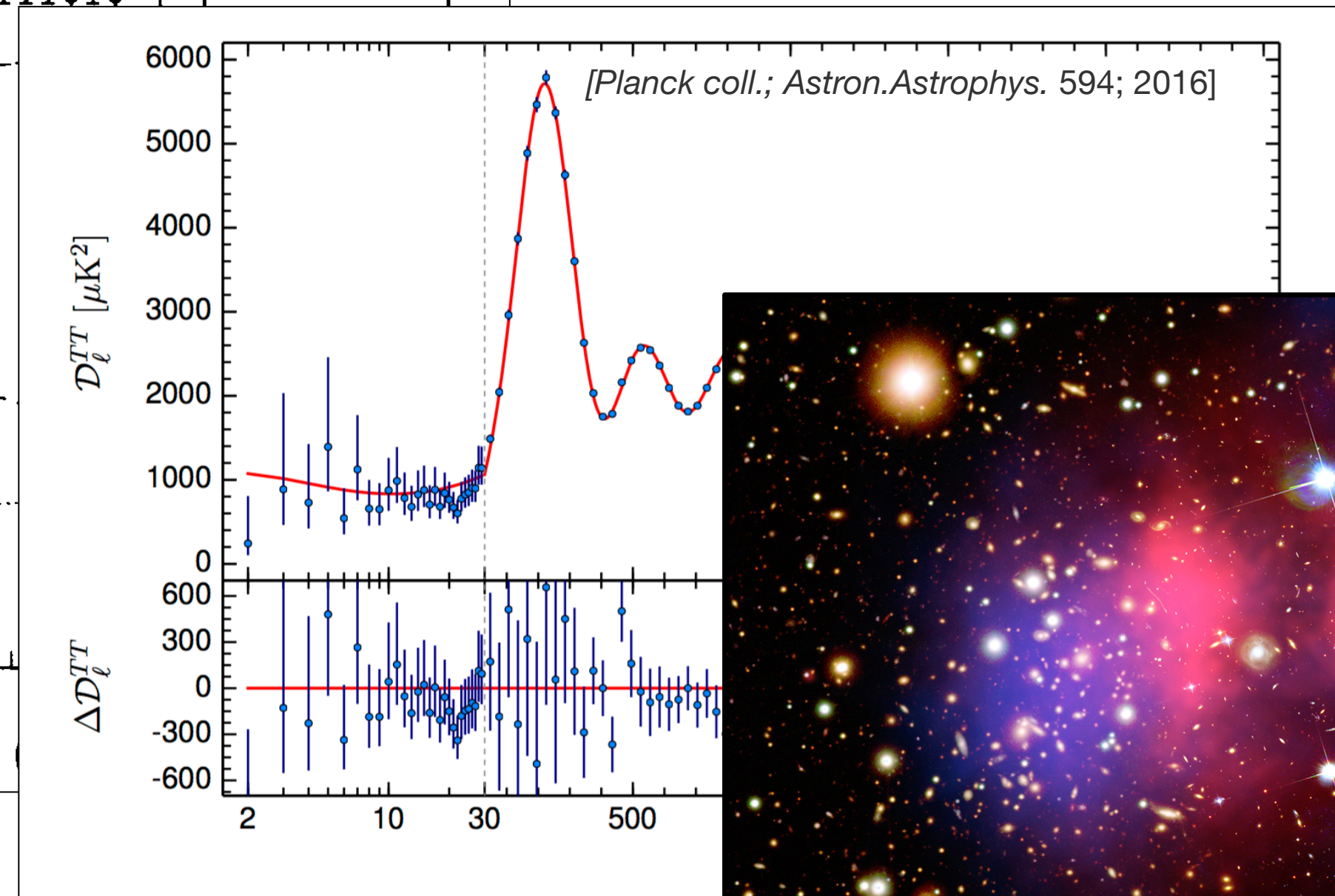
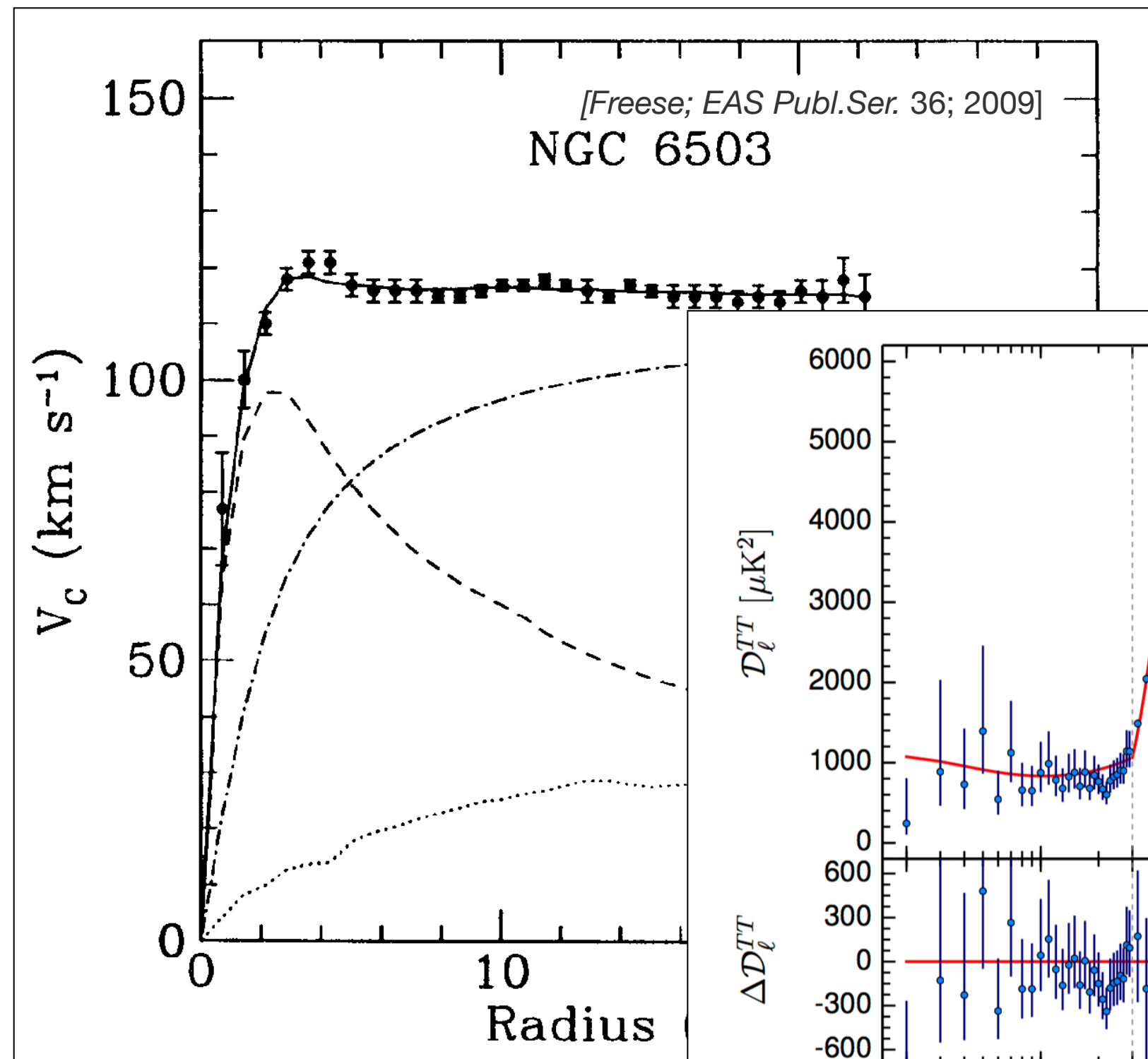
Dark Matter Evidence

Gravitational evidence at various scales is overwhelming.



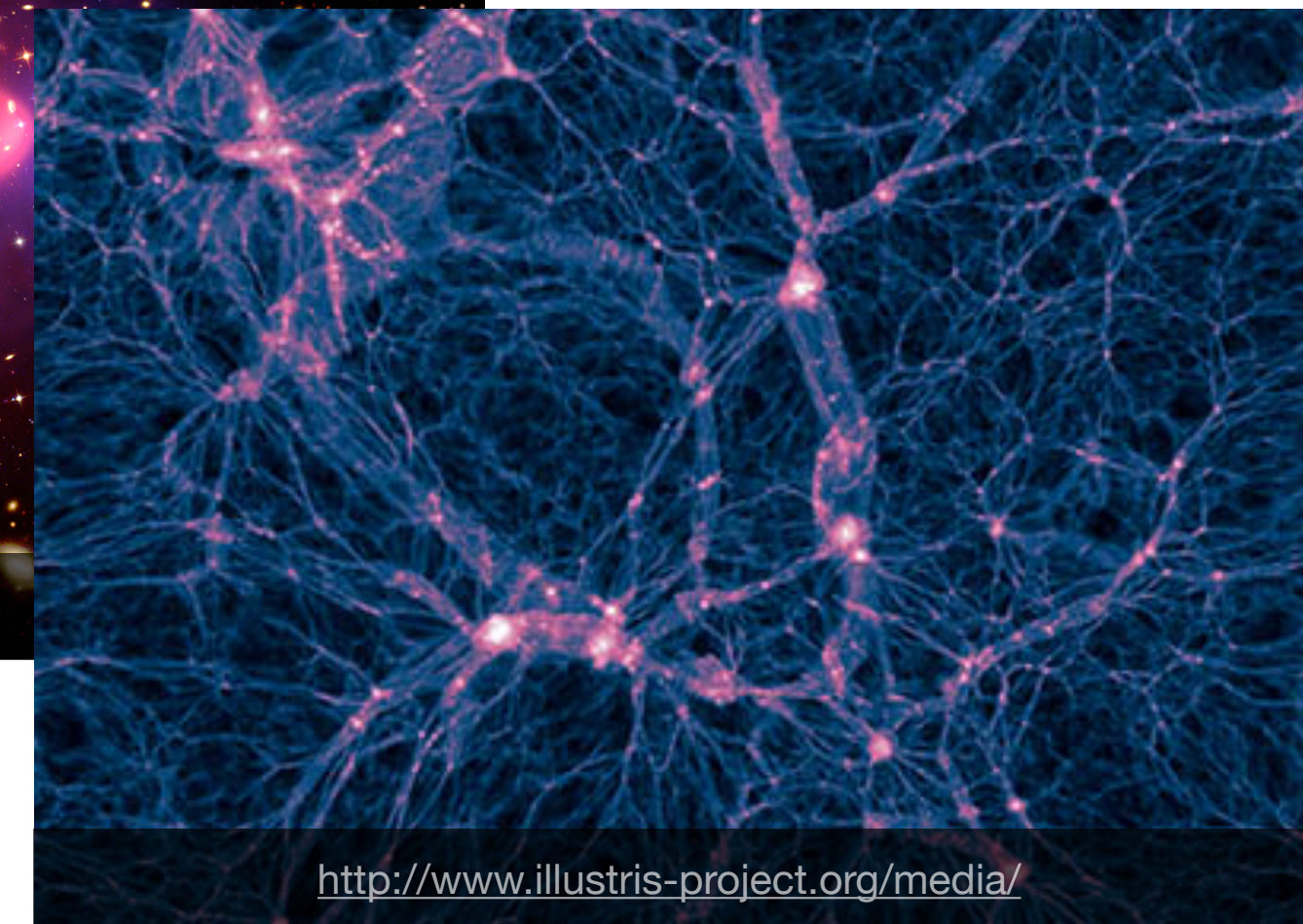
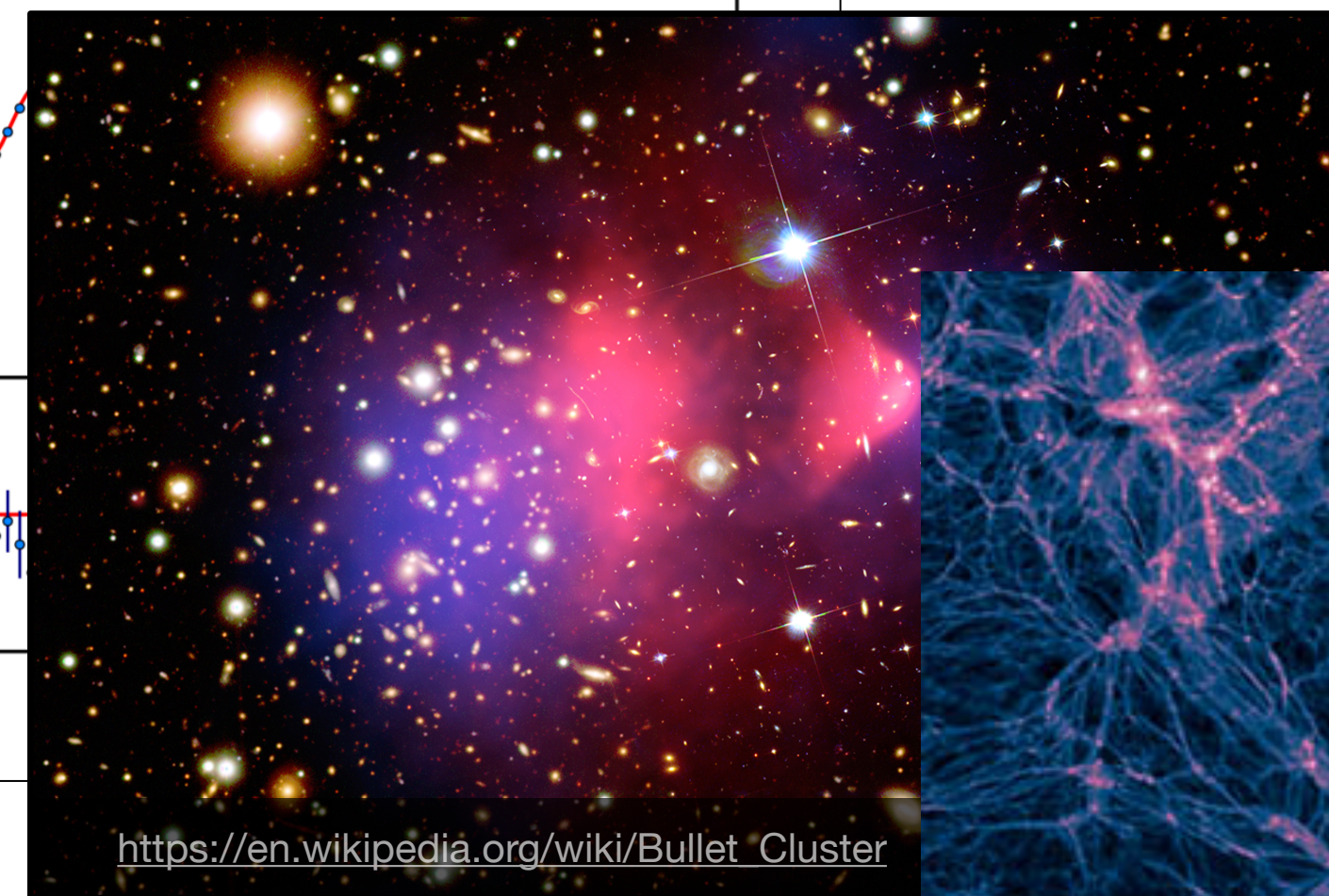
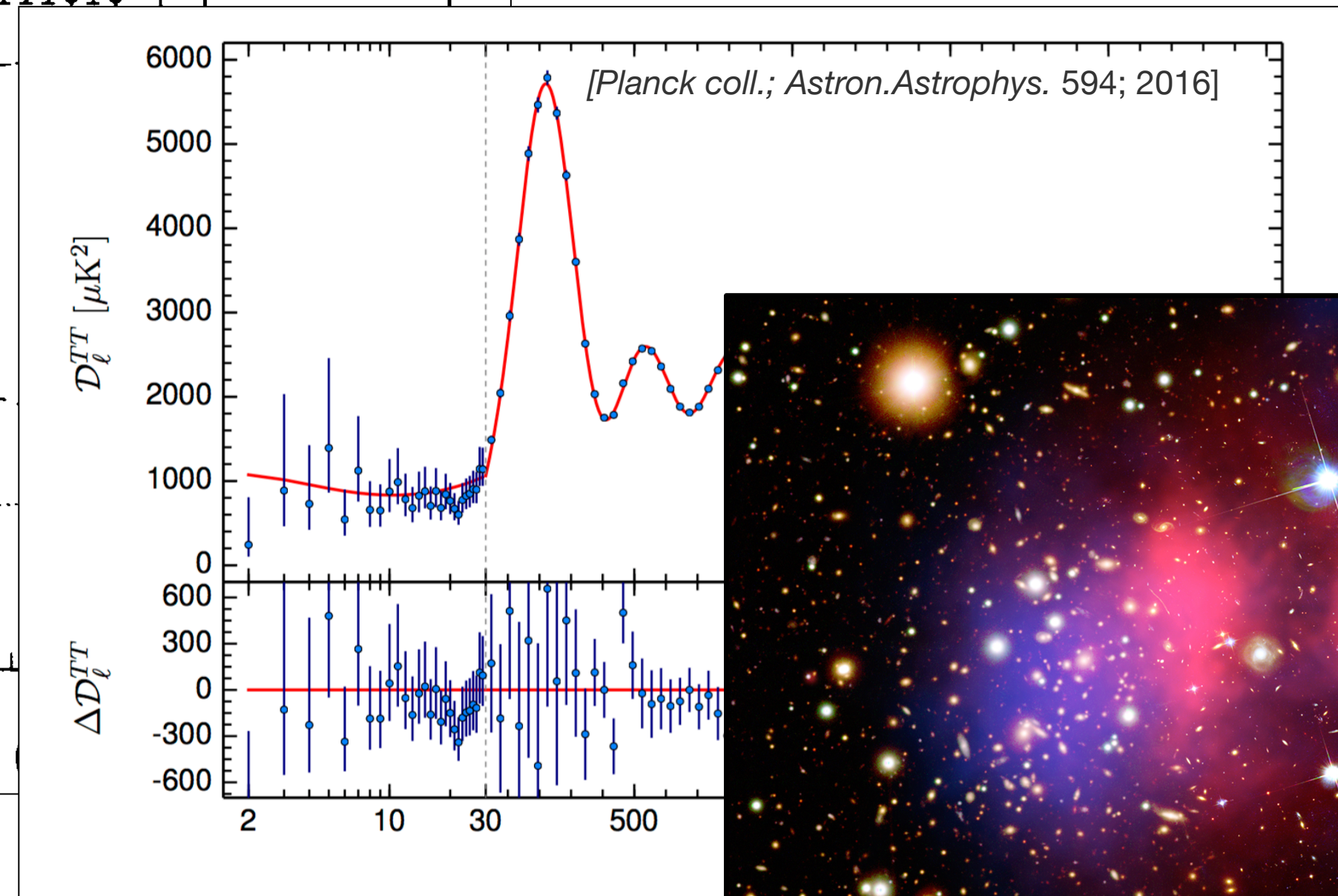
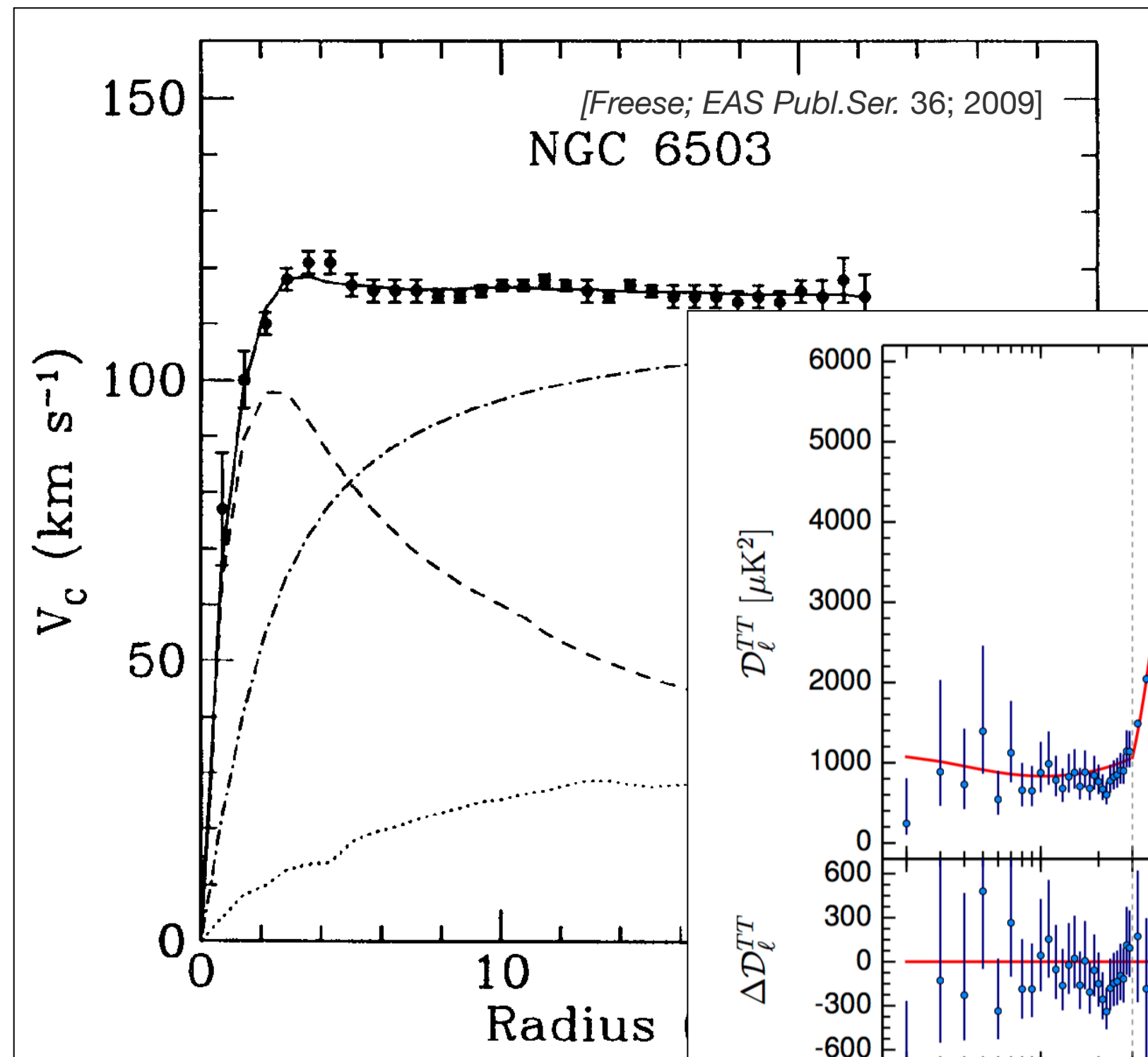
Dark Matter Evidence

Gravitational evidence at various scales is overwhelming.



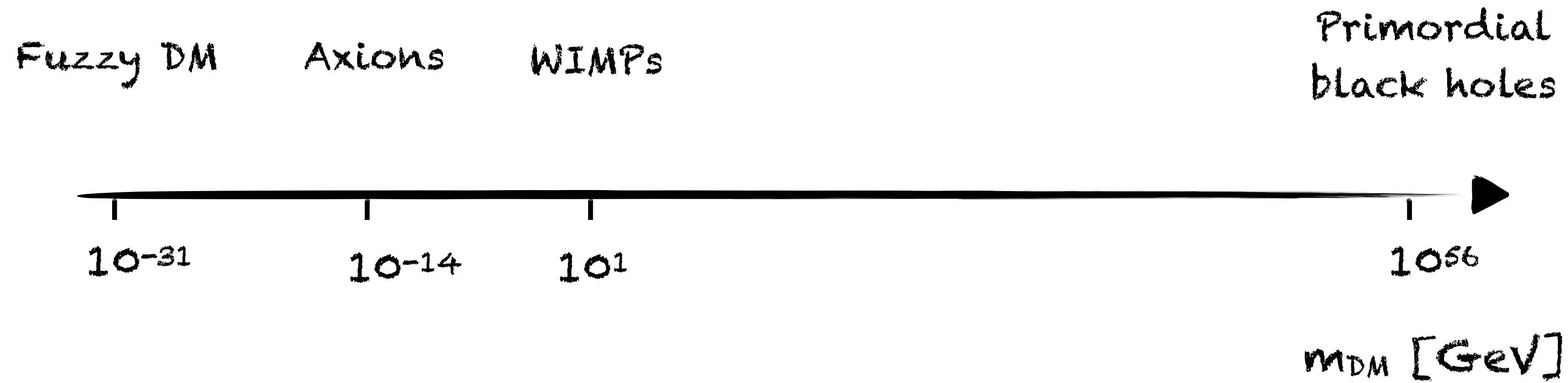
Dark Matter Evidence

Gravitational evidence at various scales is overwhelming.



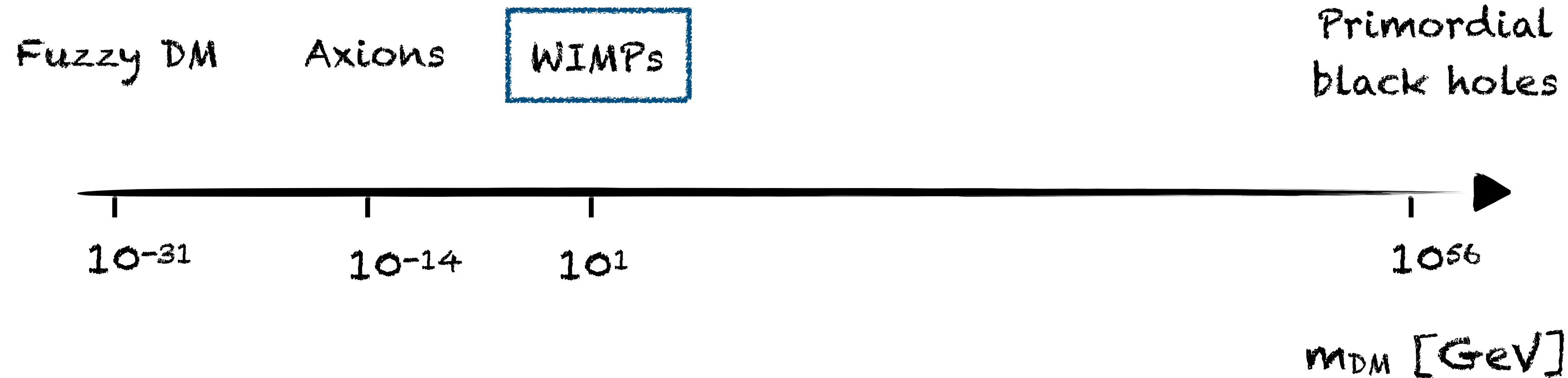
The nature of dark matter remains unknown!

Dark Matter Search



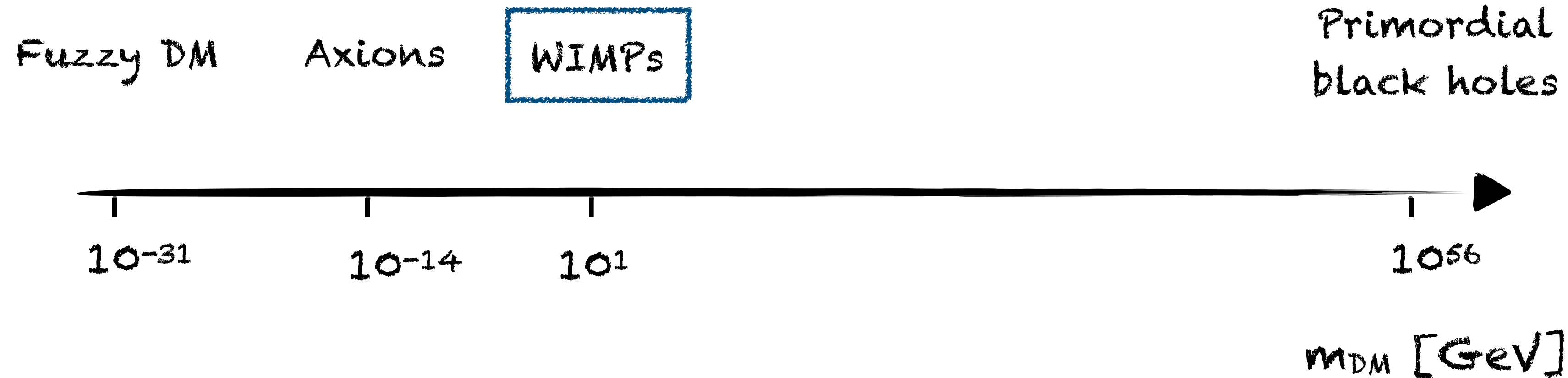
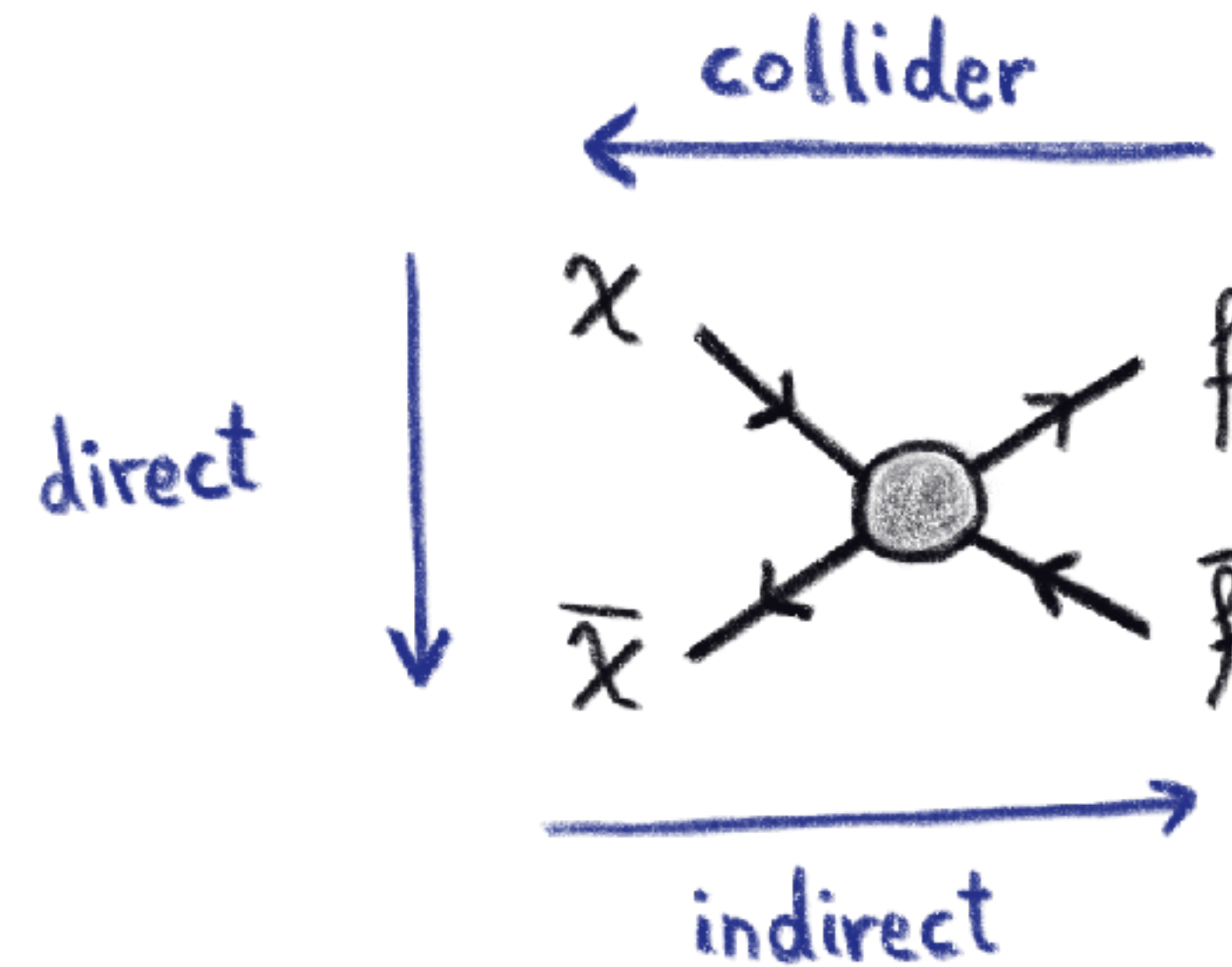
Dark Matter Search

- Mass range 1 GeV to 100 TeV
- Various search strategies
- We focus on indirect detection with **cosmic rays** and **γ -rays**

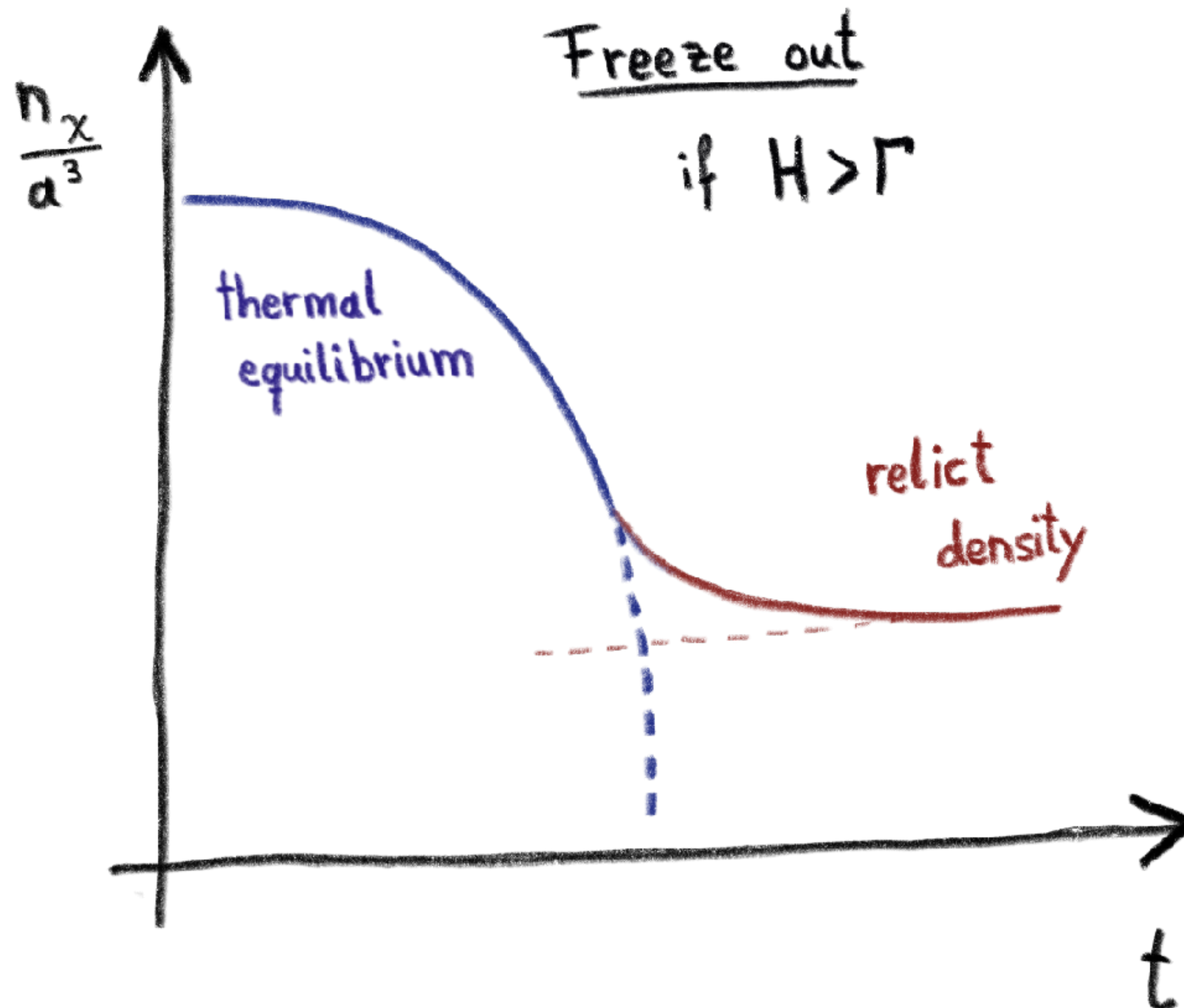


Dark Matter Search

- Mass range 1 GeV to 100 TeV
- Various search strategies
- We focus on indirect detection with **cosmic rays** and **γ -rays**

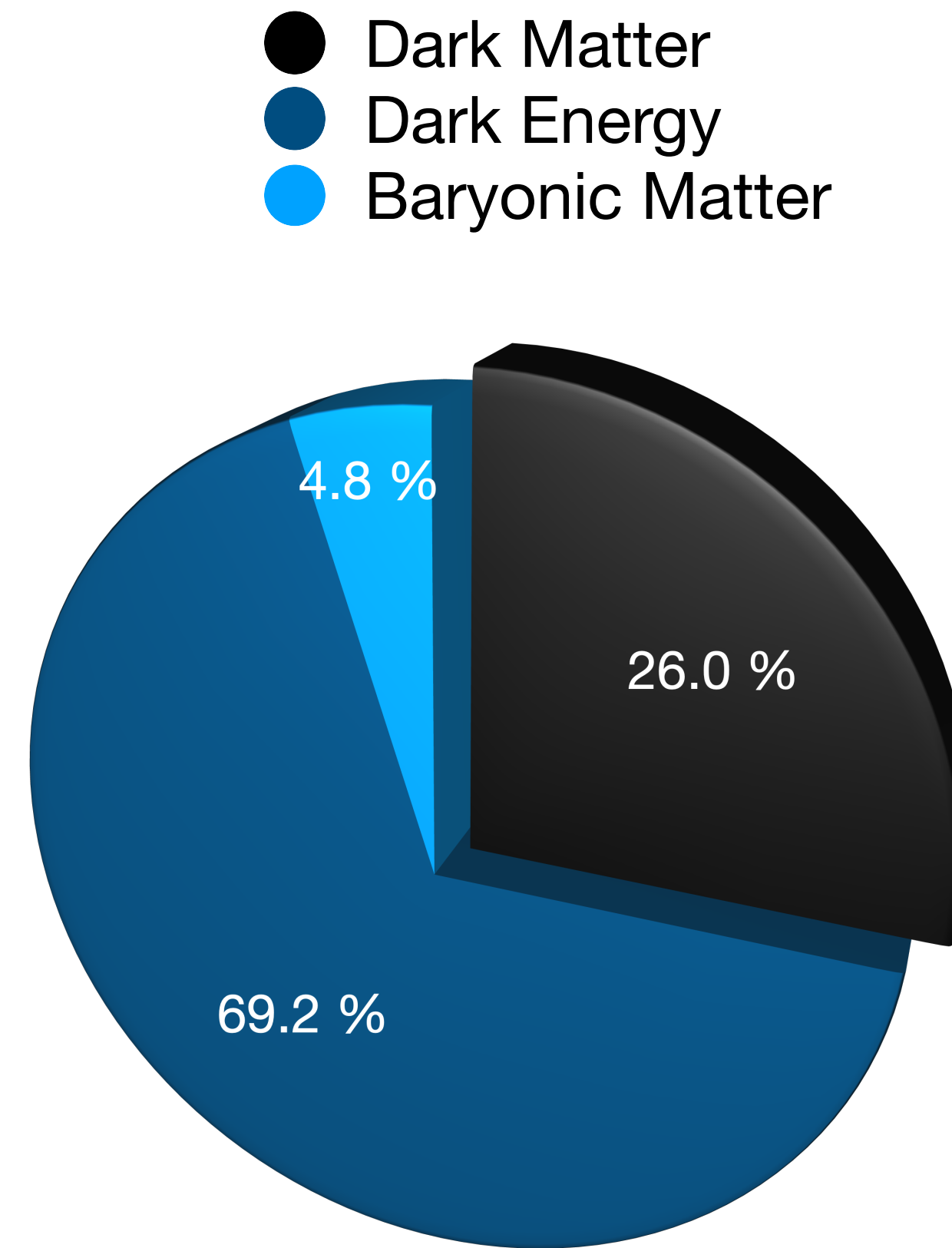


What's special about WIMPs?



Properties of Dark Matter

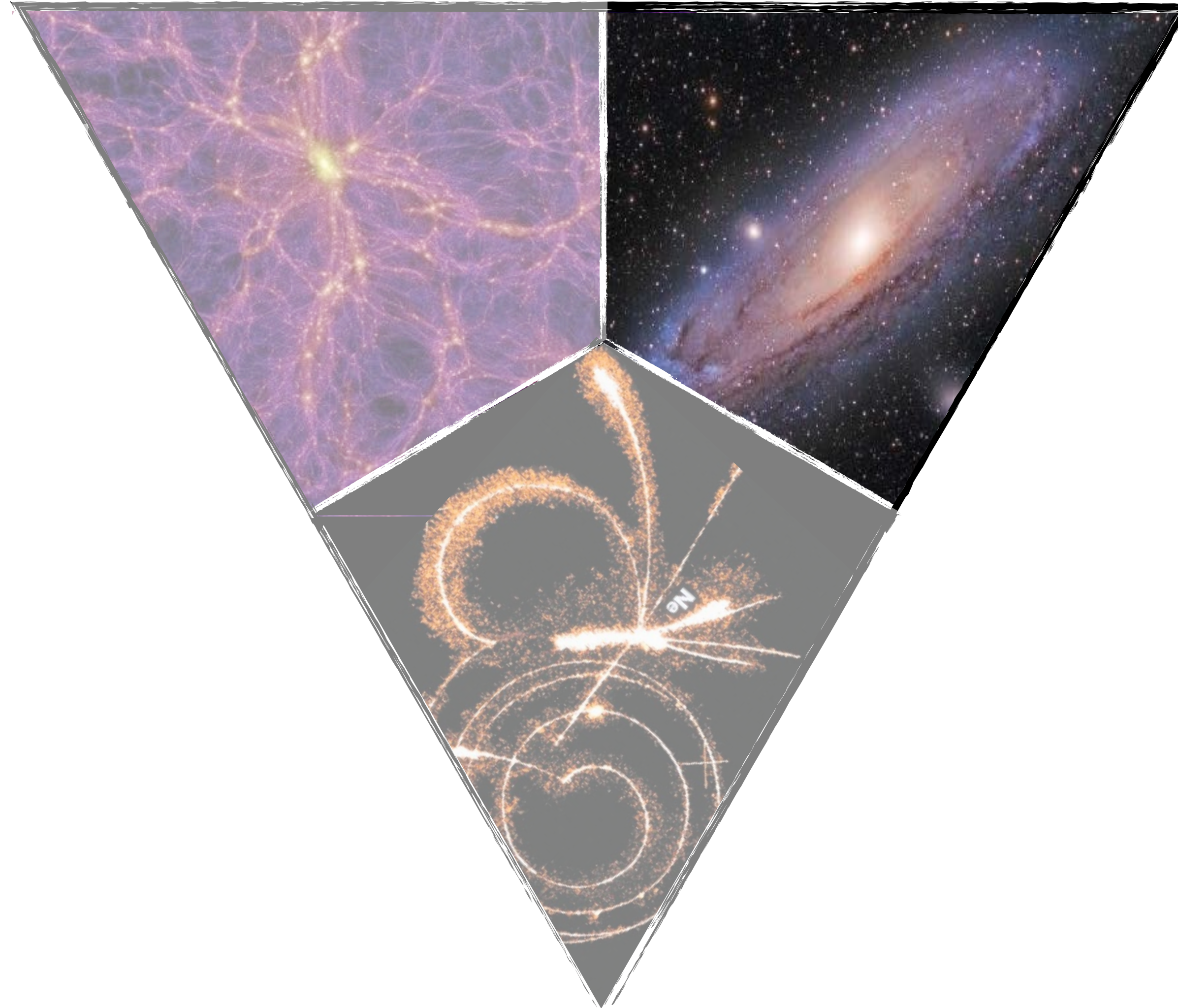
- Cold
- Neutral
- Stable
- Small self-interaction
- Match relic density
- Compatible with bounds from:
 - collider searches
 - direct detection
 - astrophysics/cosmology



**Energy content
of the Universe today**

Numbers from: [Planck coll.; Astron.Astrophys. 594; 2016]

Dark Matter



Cosmic Rays

Antimatter

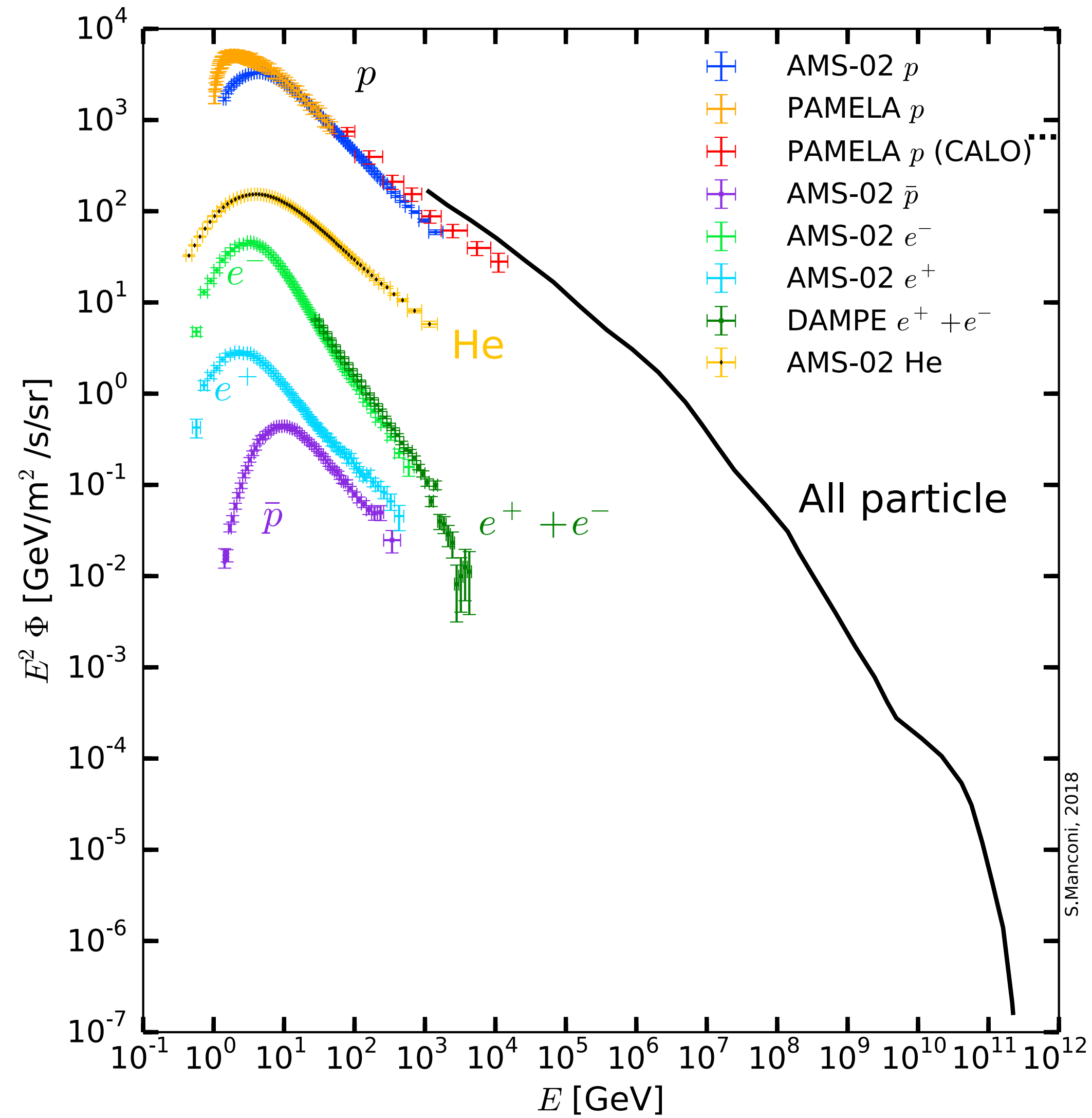
A brief History of Cosmic-Ray Physics

1909	Theodor Wulff	Radiation increase - Eiffel Tower
1911	Domenico Pacini	Radiation decreases under water
1912	Victor Hess	Ionization rate increases with altitude Balloon flights up to 5 km — Nobel Prize in 1936
1932	Arthur Compton	Latitude dependence of cosmic rays
1932	Carl Anderson	Discovery of the positron
1937	Anderson & Neddermeyer	Discovery of the muon
1947	Lattes, Occhialini, Moorhead & Powell	Discovery of the charge pions

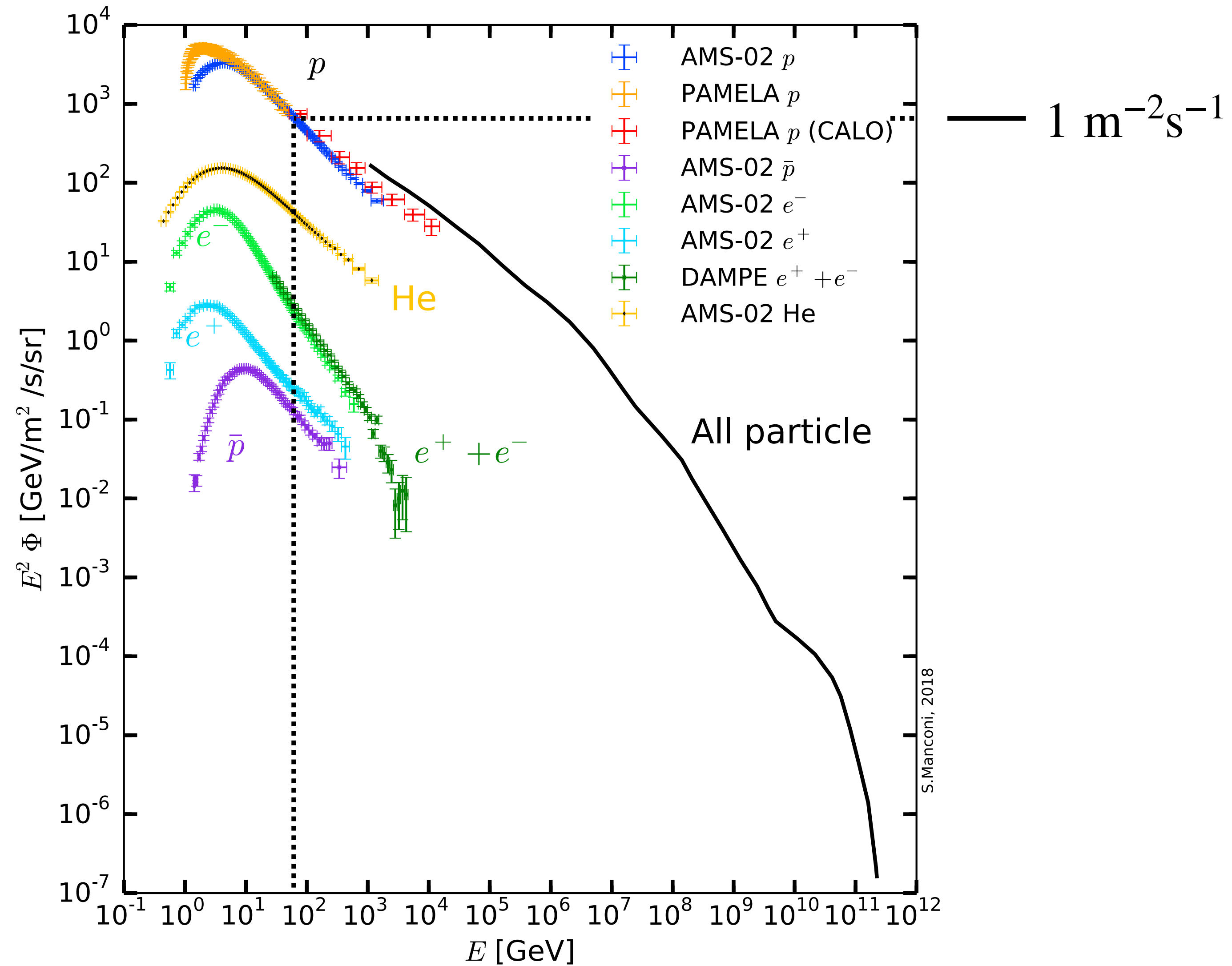


[Wikipedia]

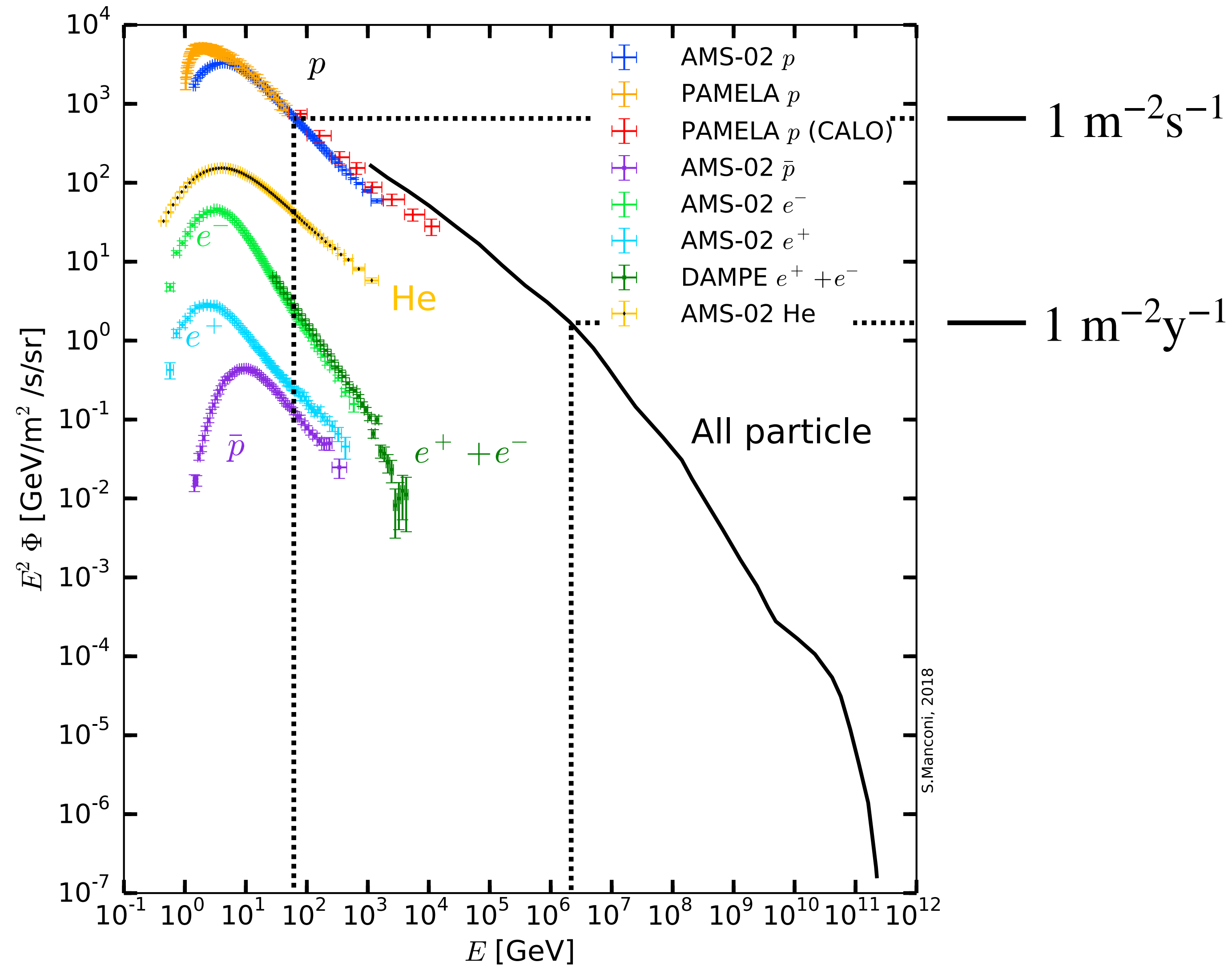
The Cosmic-Ray Spectrum



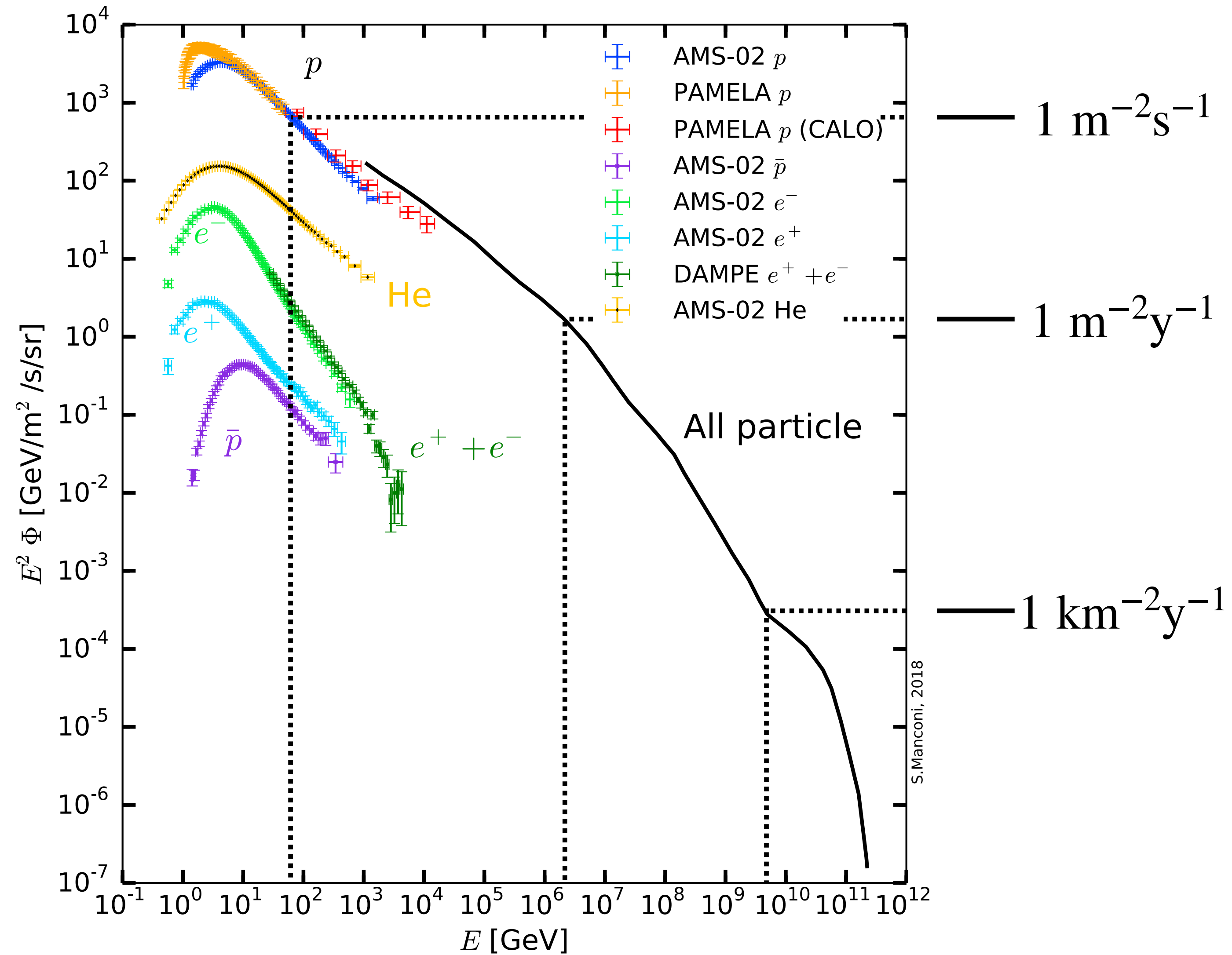
The Cosmic-Ray Spectrum



The Cosmic-Ray Spectrum



The Cosmic-Ray Spectrum







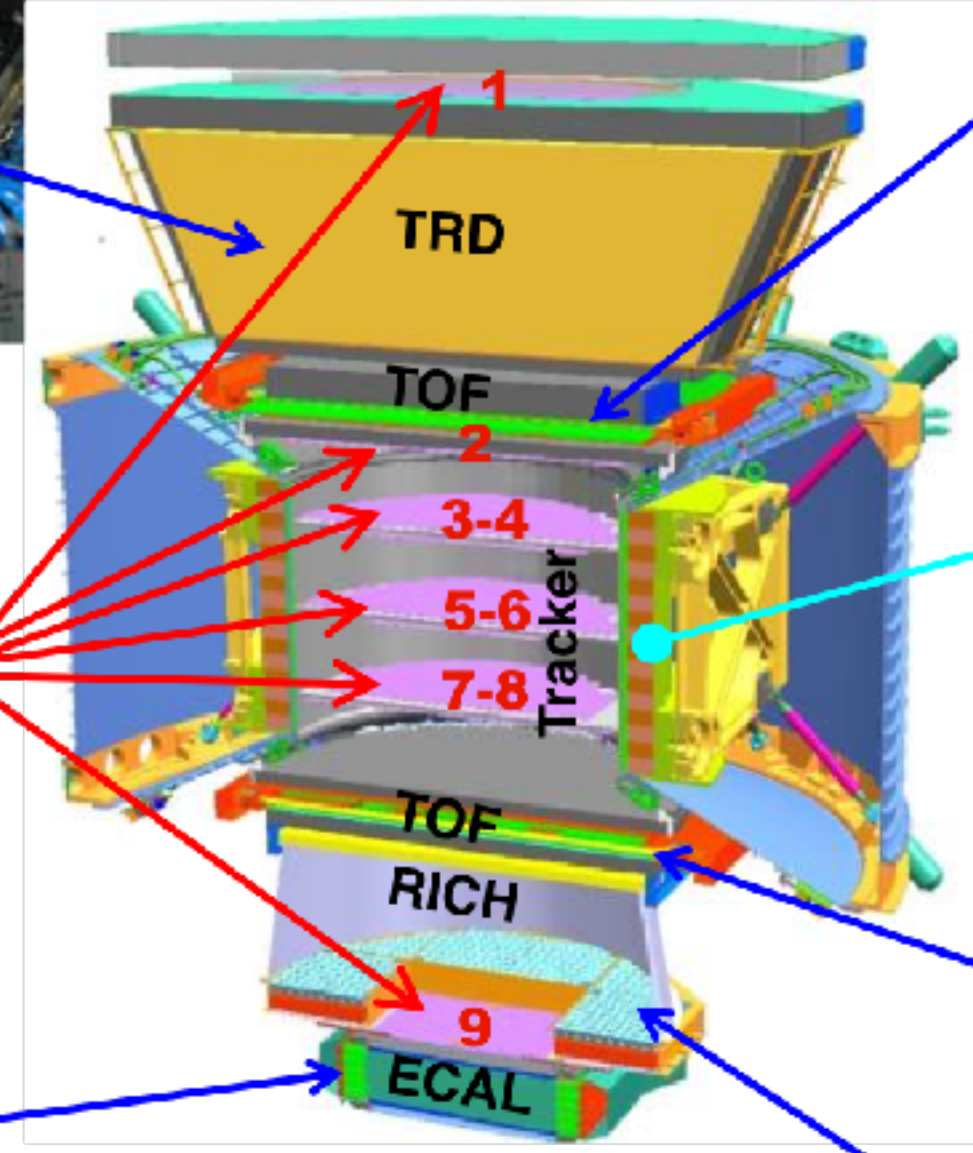
TRD
Identify e^+ , e^-



Silicon Tracker
 Z, P



ECAL
 E of e^+ , e^-



Time of Flight
 Z, E



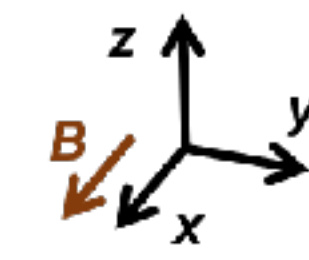
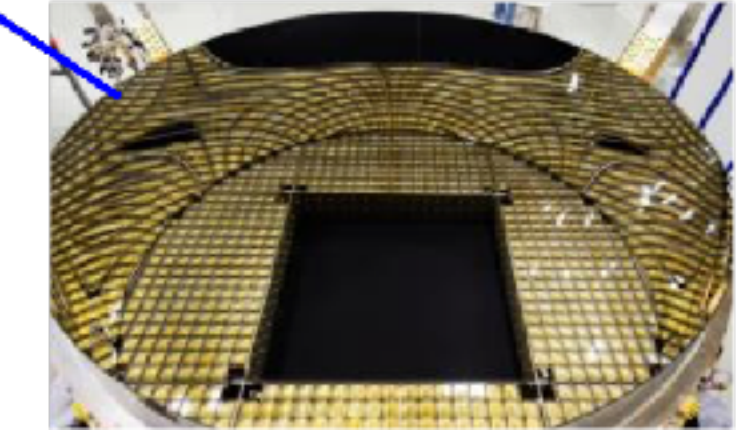
Magnet
 $\pm Z, P$



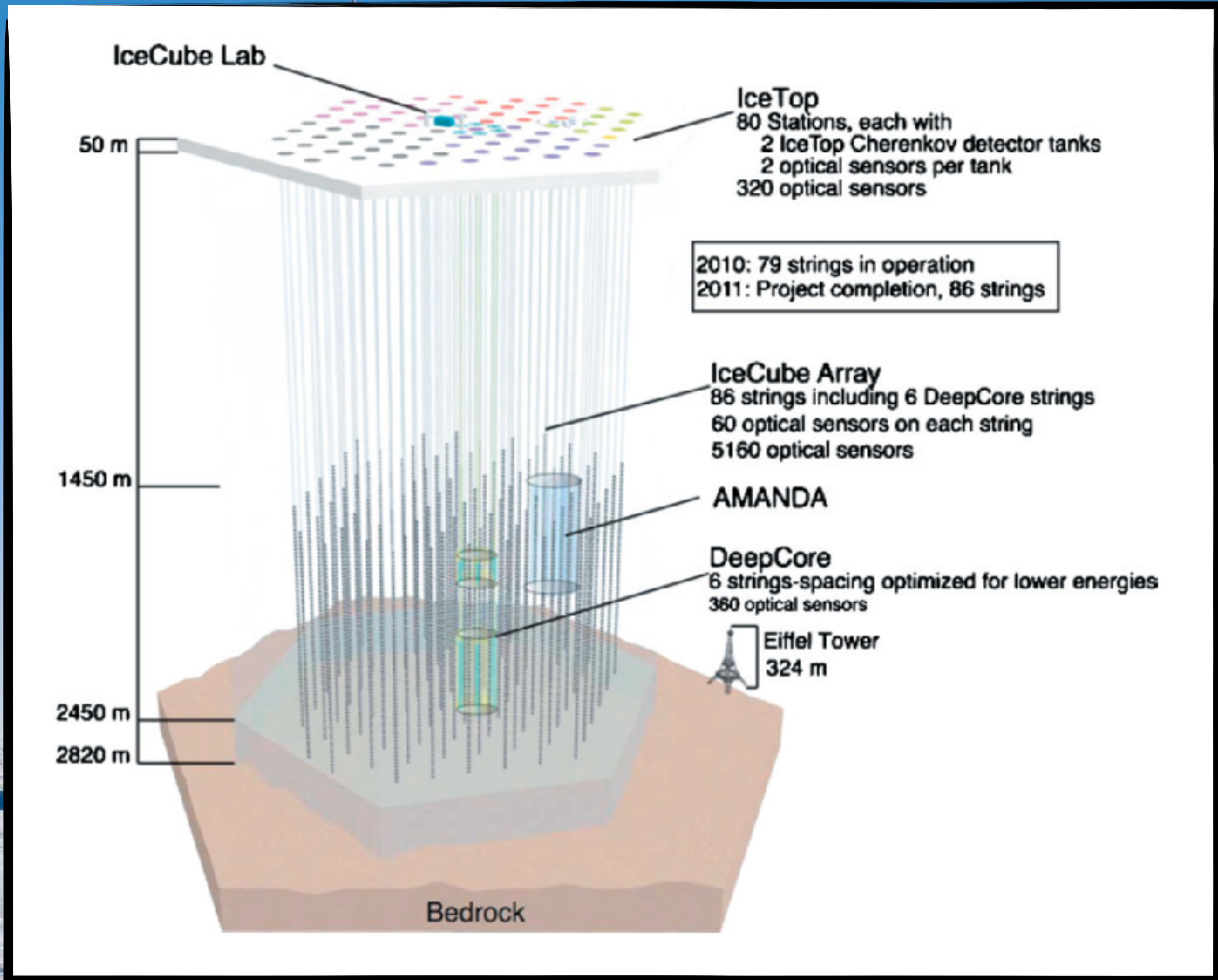
Time of Flight
 Z, E



Ring Imaging Cherenkov
 Z, E

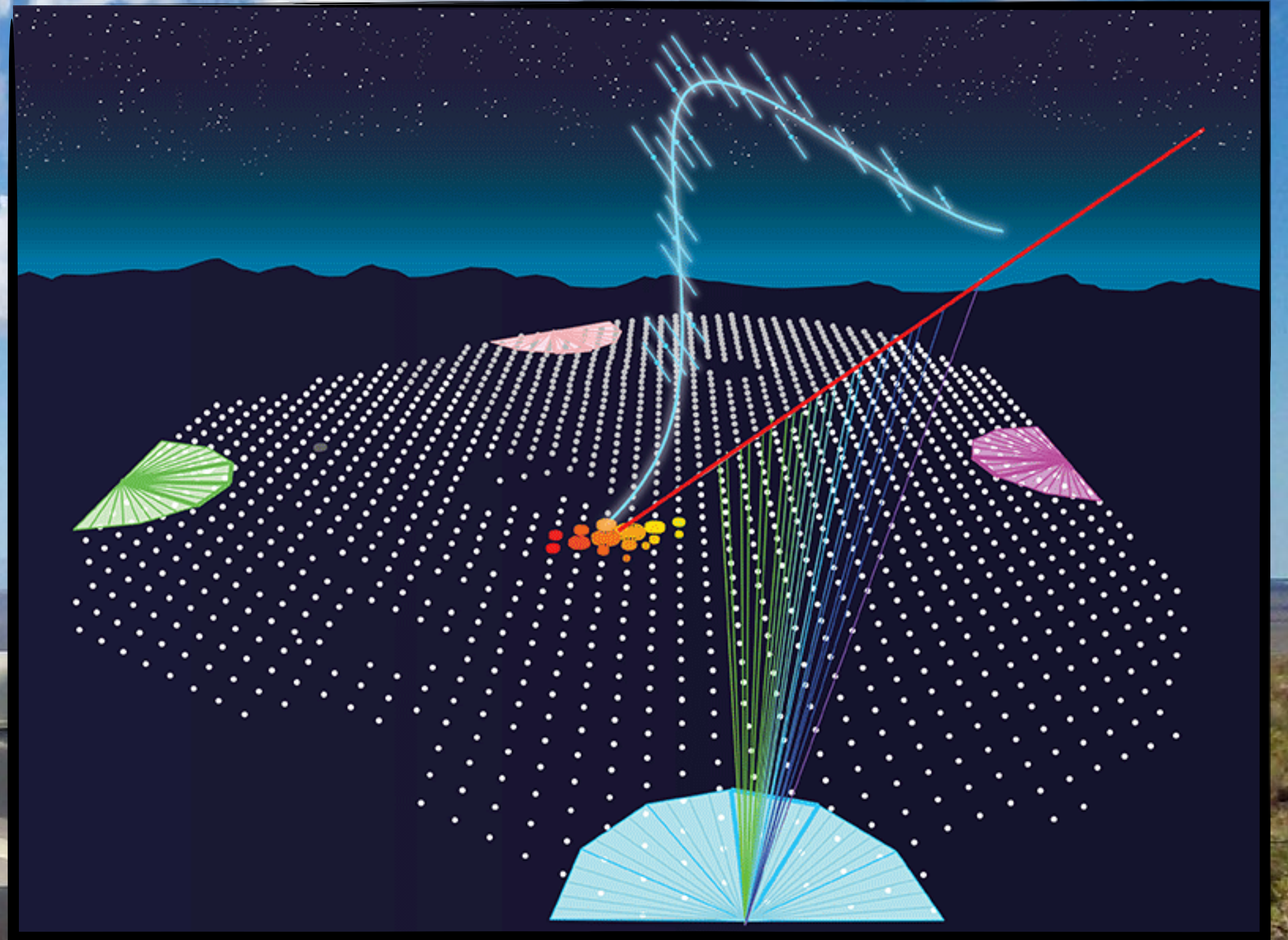
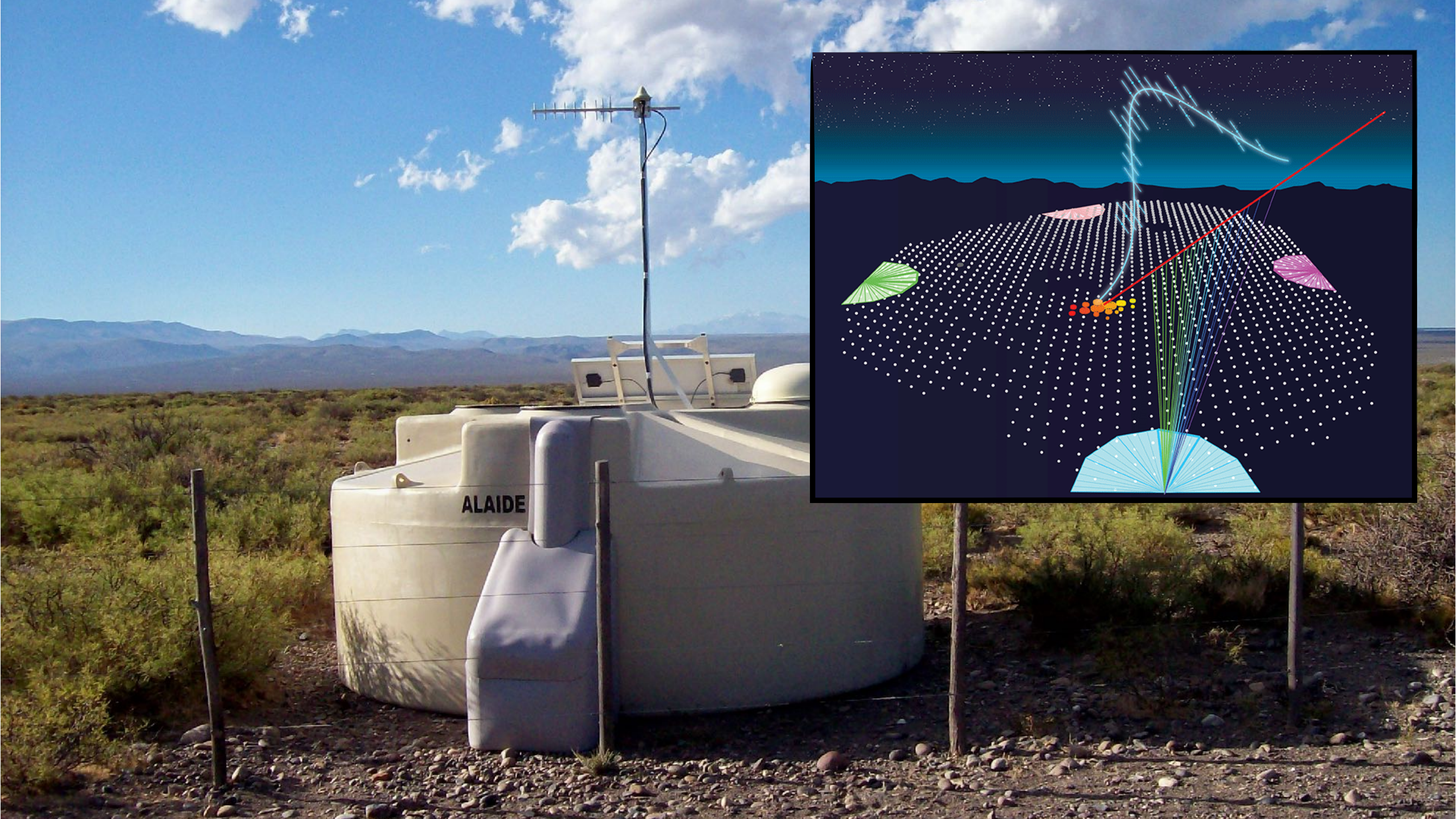




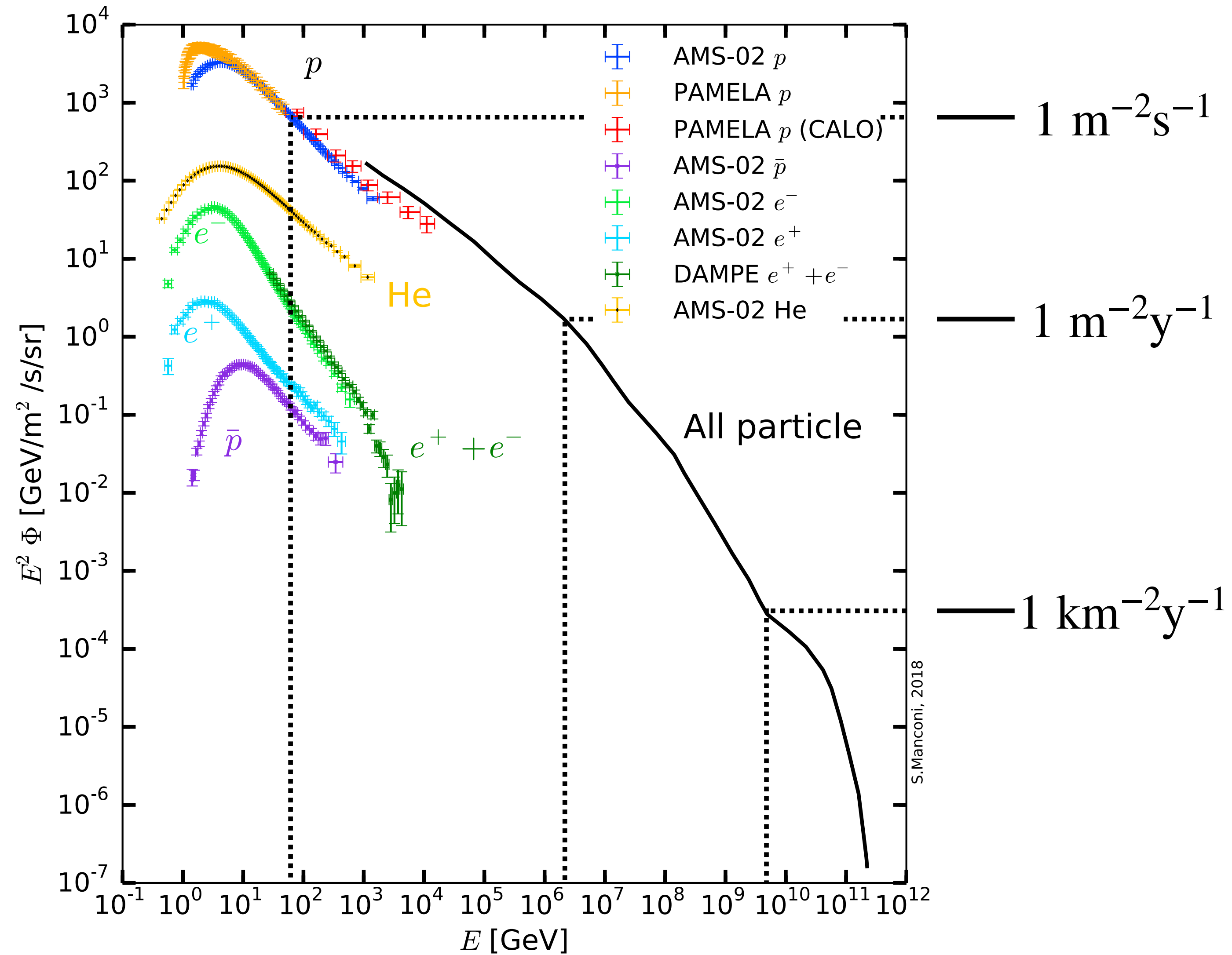




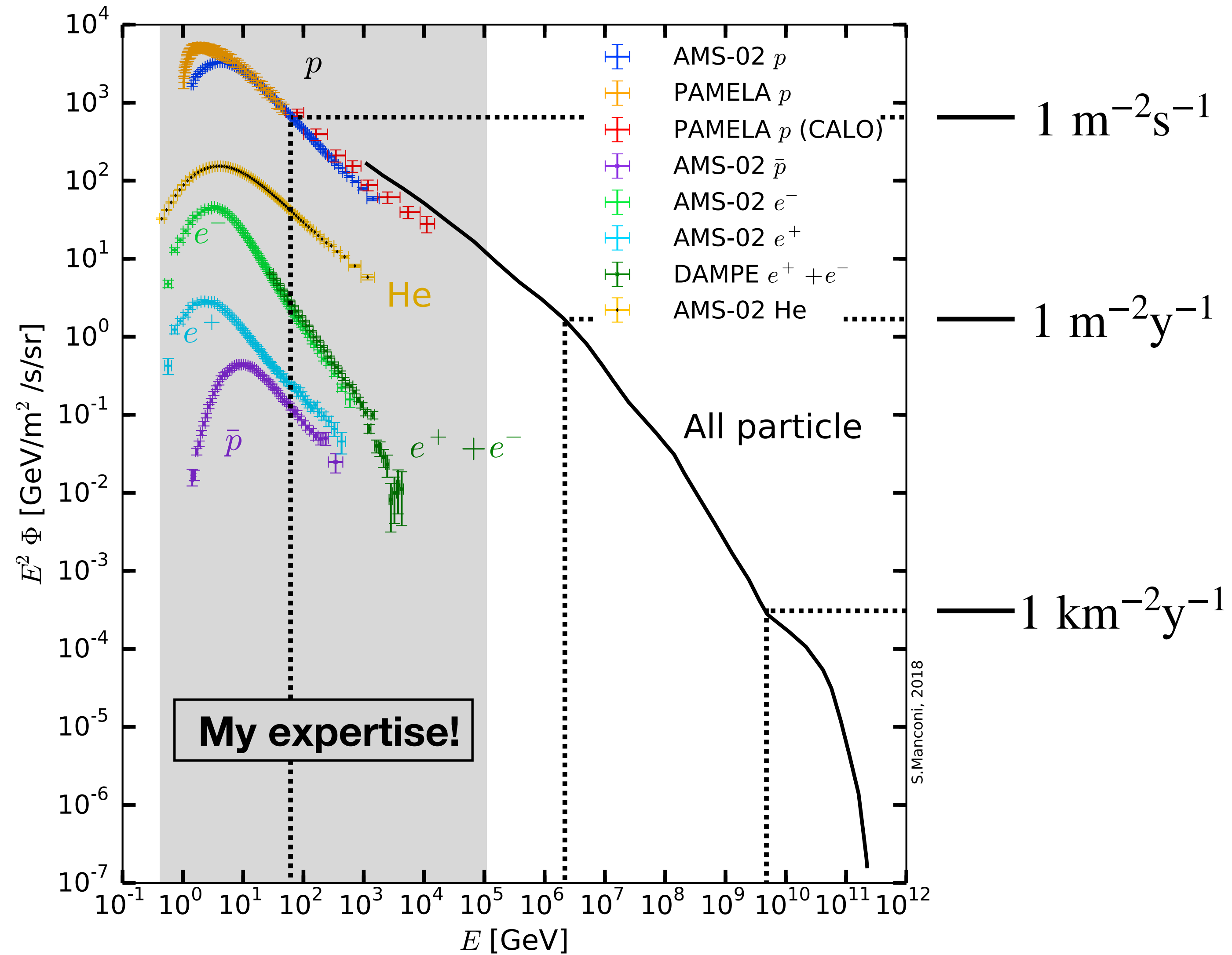
ALAIDE



The Cosmic-Ray Spectrum



The Cosmic-Ray Spectrum



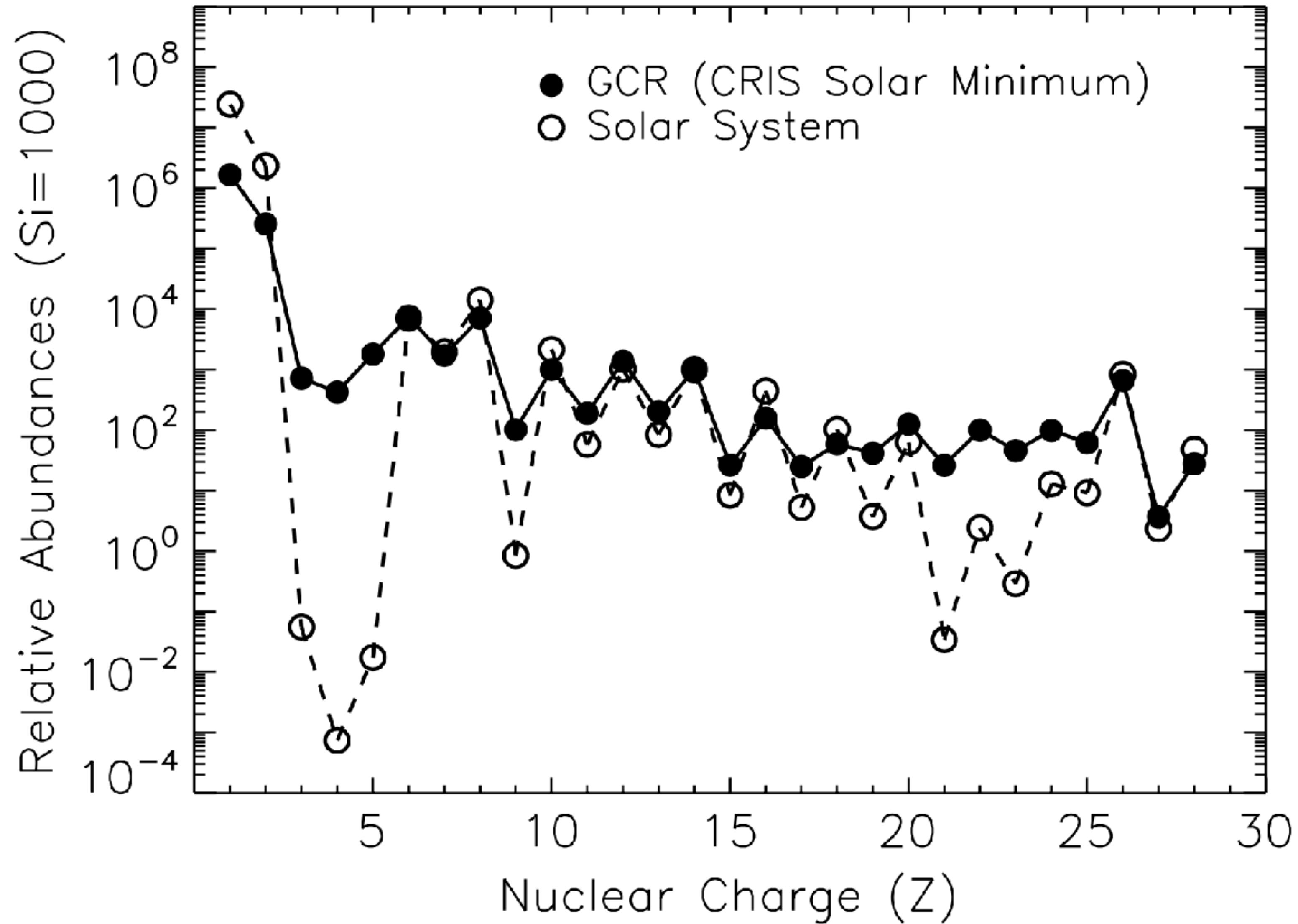
Acceleration Mechanism

Acceleration Mechanism

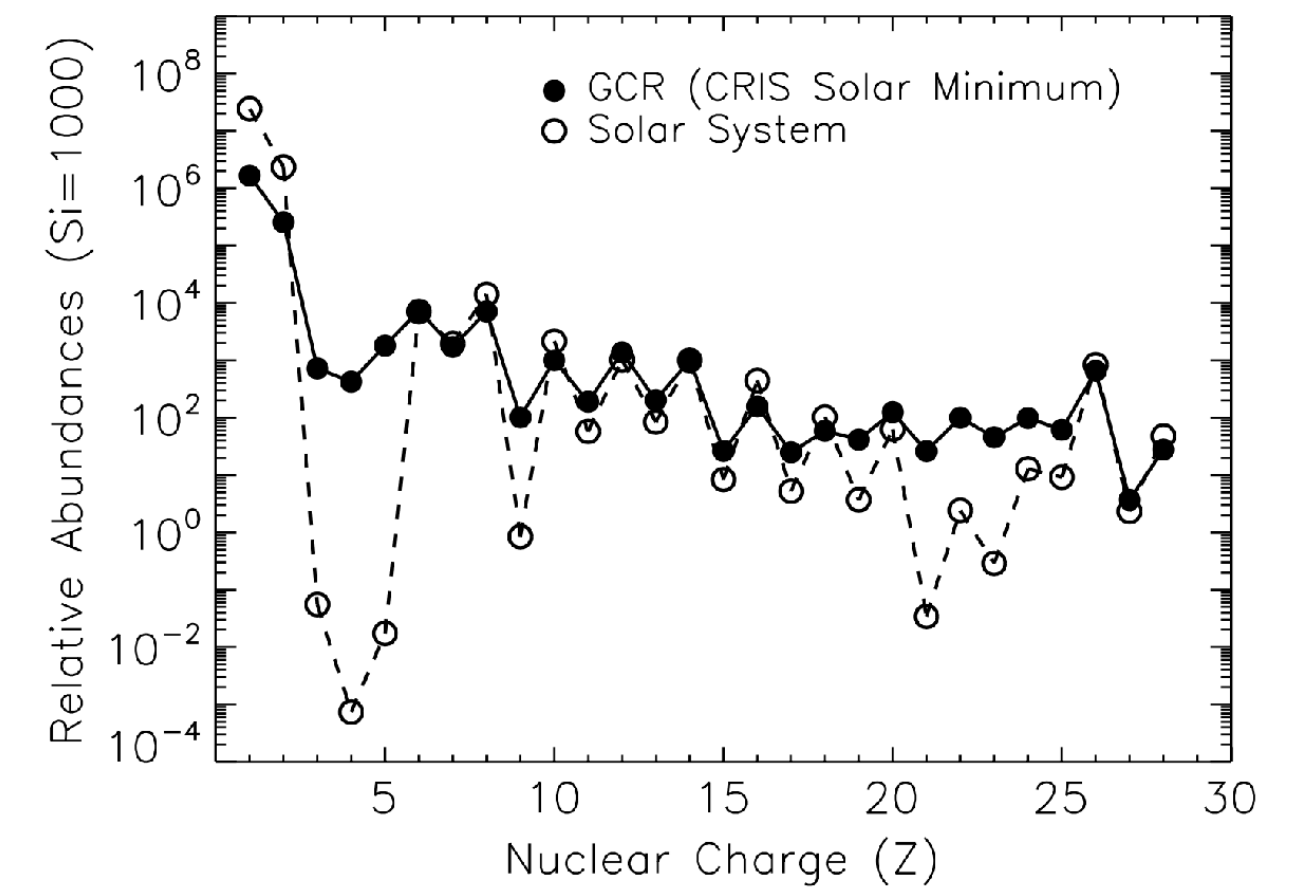


- Shock fronts are observed at SNRs
- CRs accelerated by SNRs are called **primaries**
- Dominant CRs: p, He, CNO

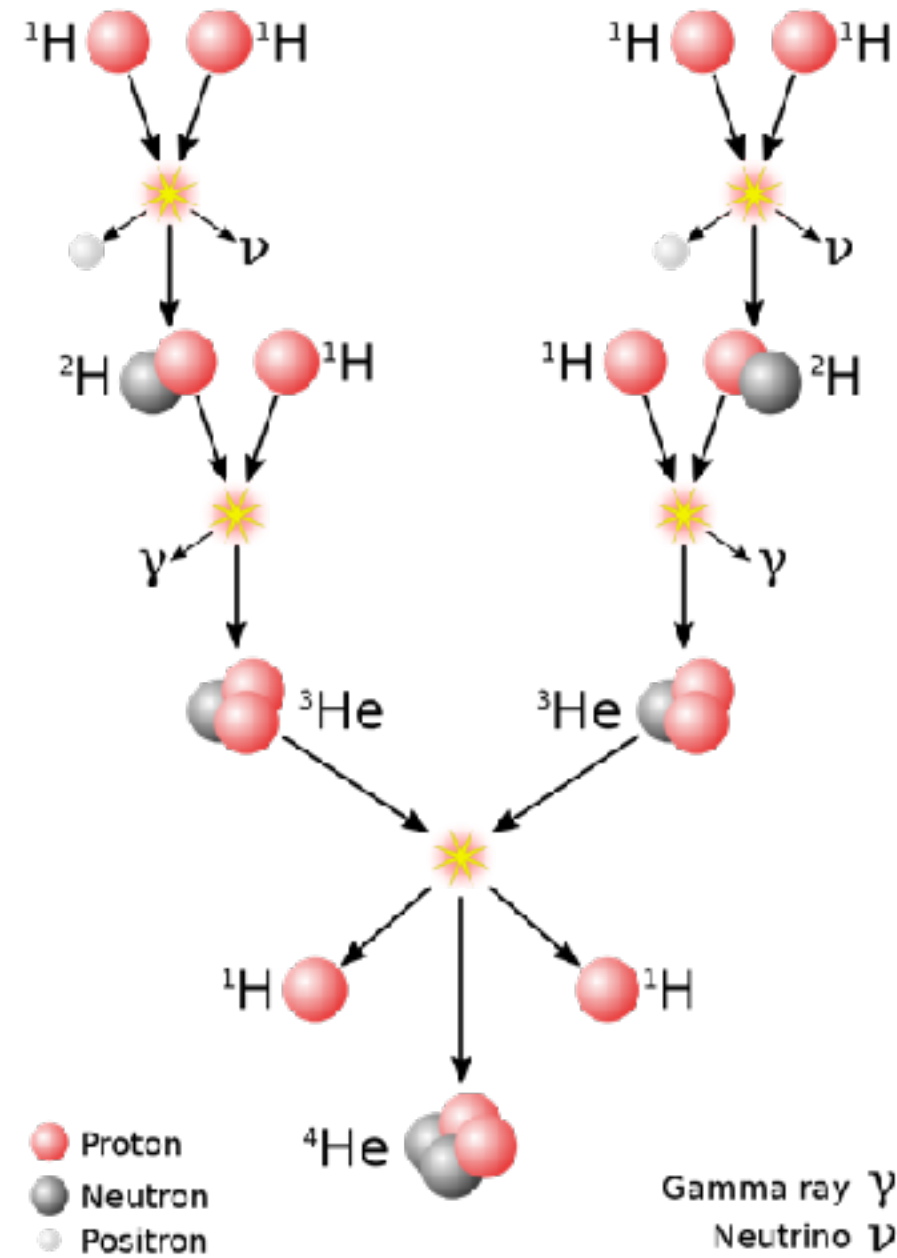
Primary and Secondary Cosmic Rays



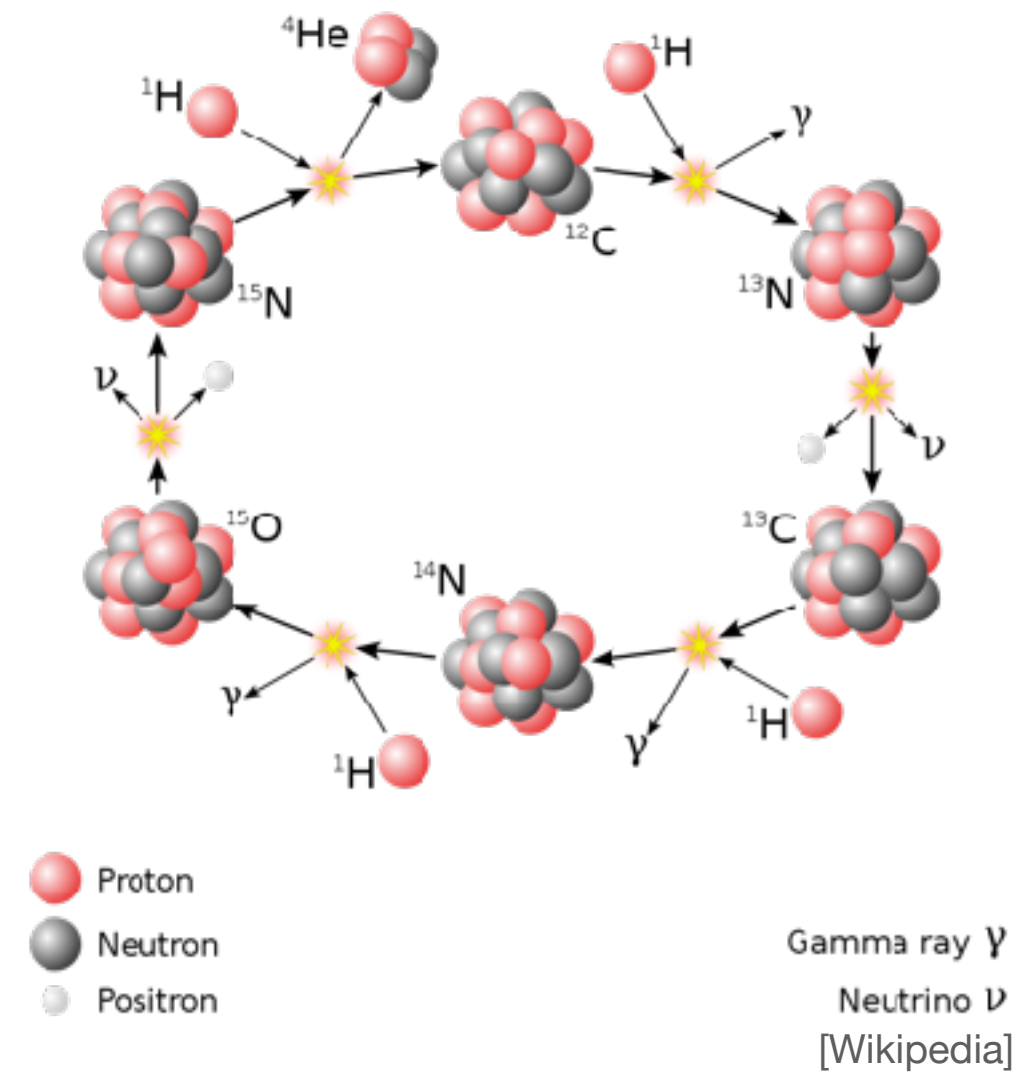
Primary and Secondary Cosmic Rays



Sun-like Stars

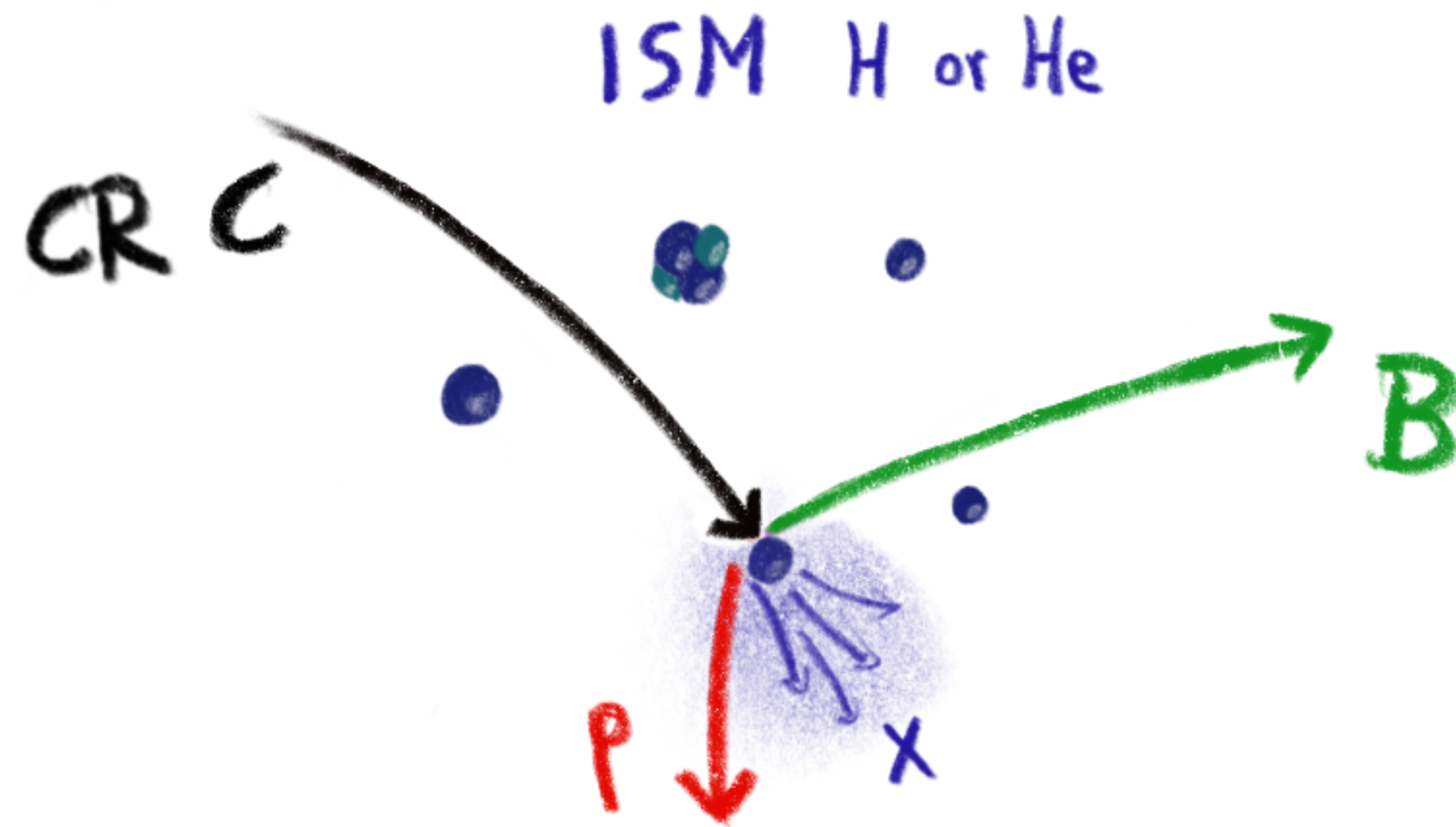
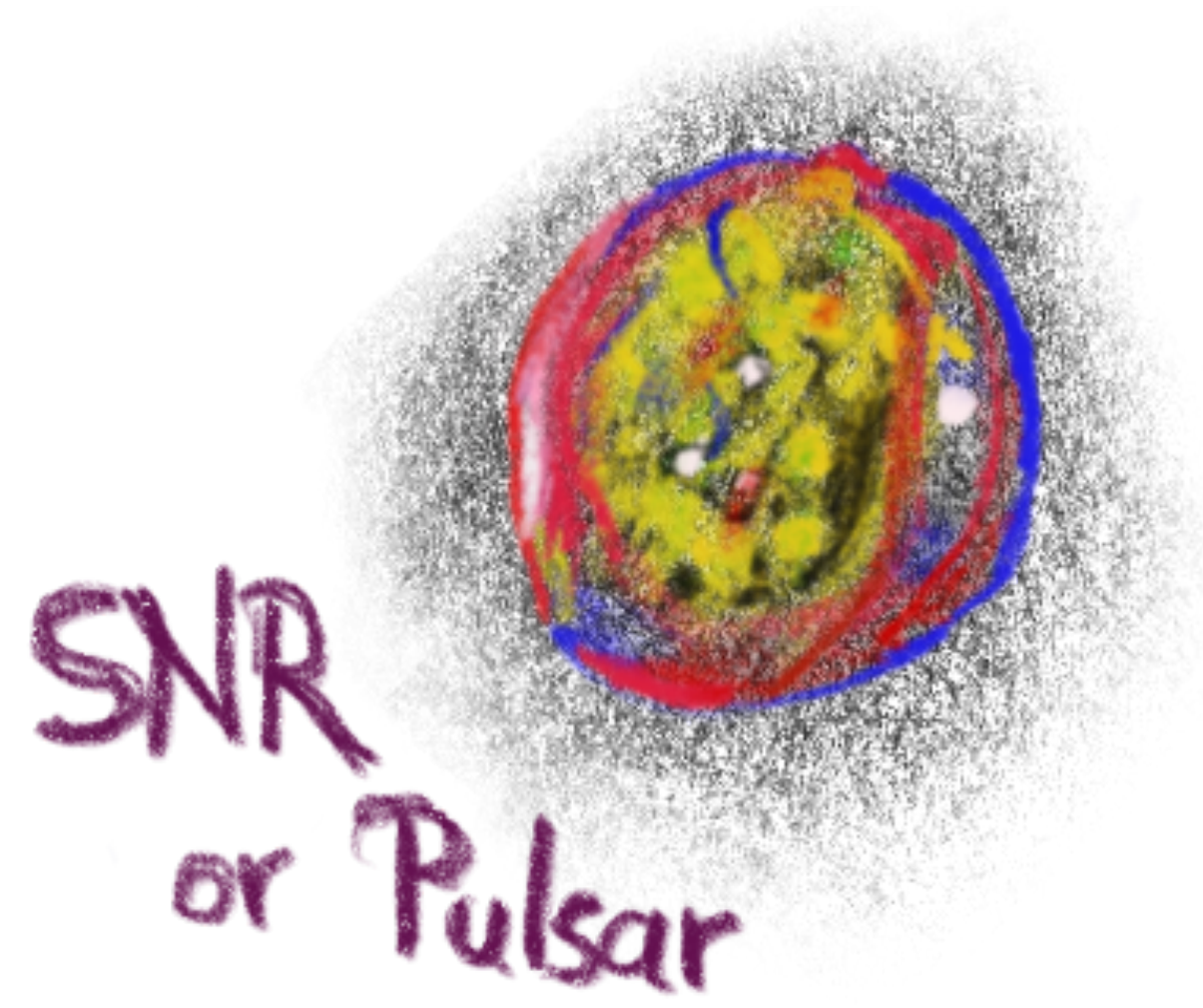


Heavier Stars

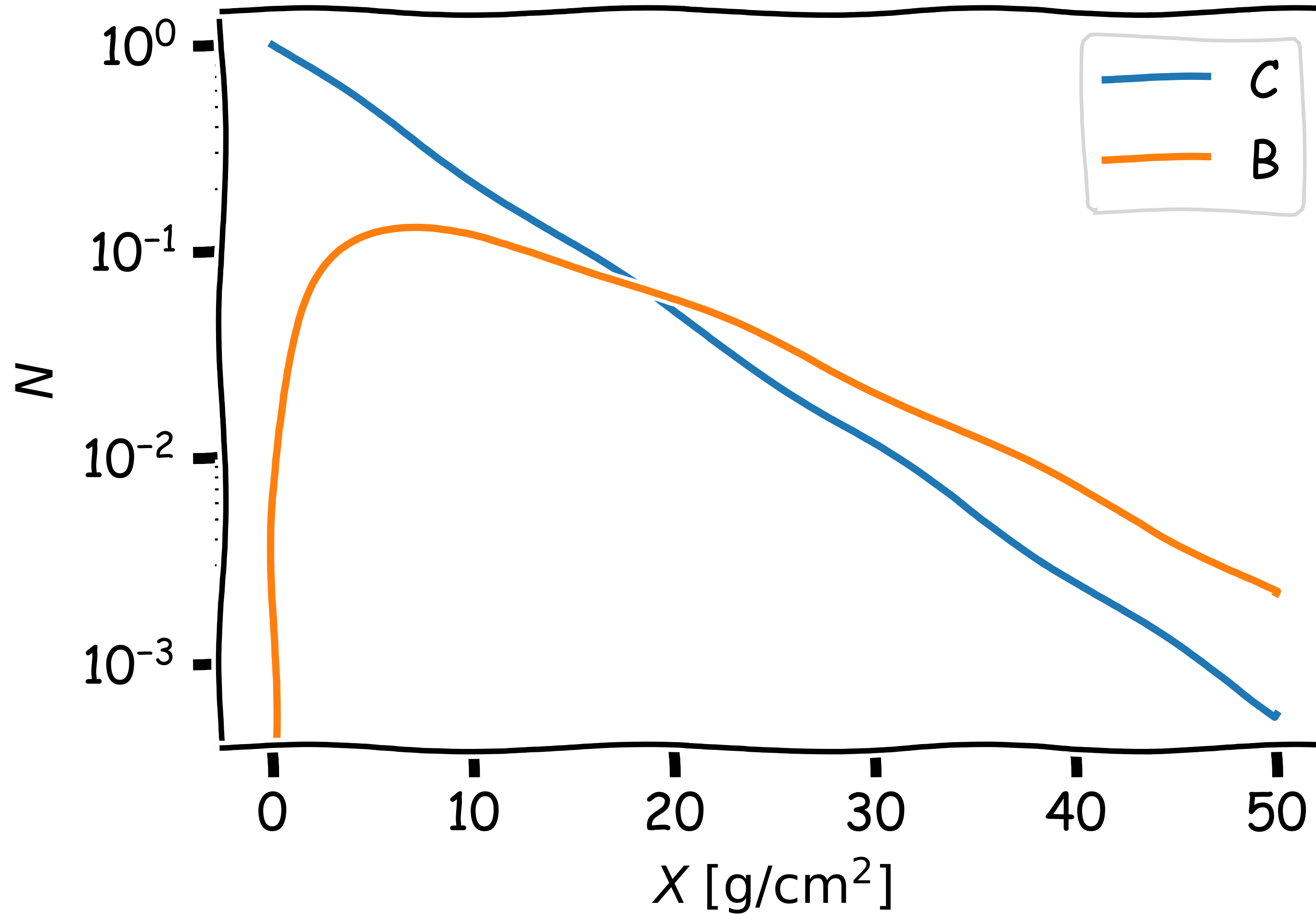
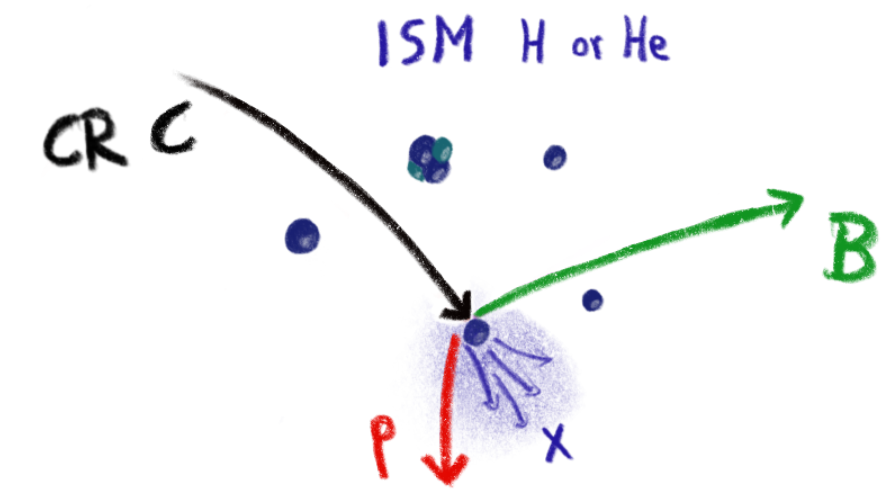
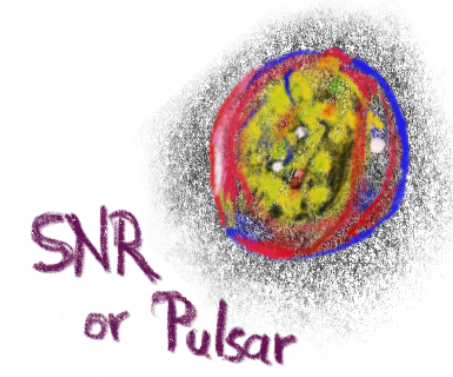


- The **secondaries** (like Li, Be, and B) are not produced by nuclear fusion in stars
- **Secondaries** are produced during CR propagation

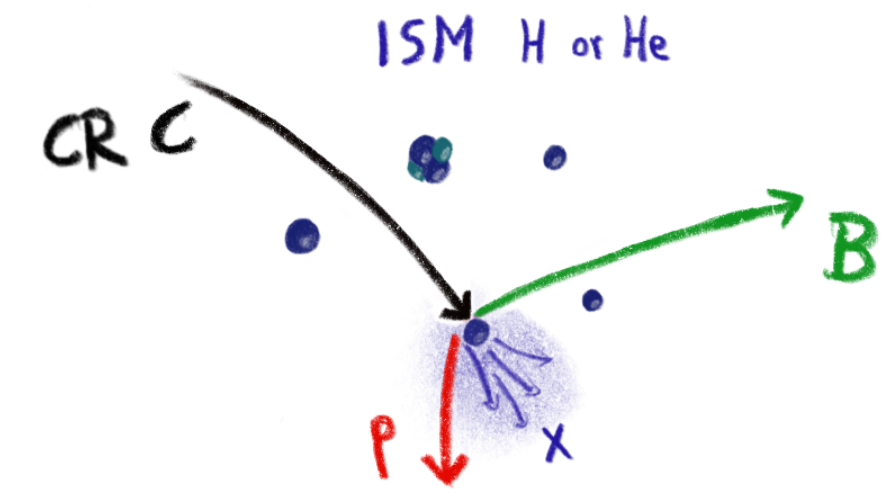
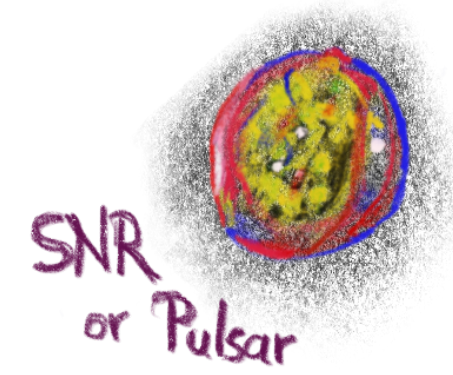
Gramage



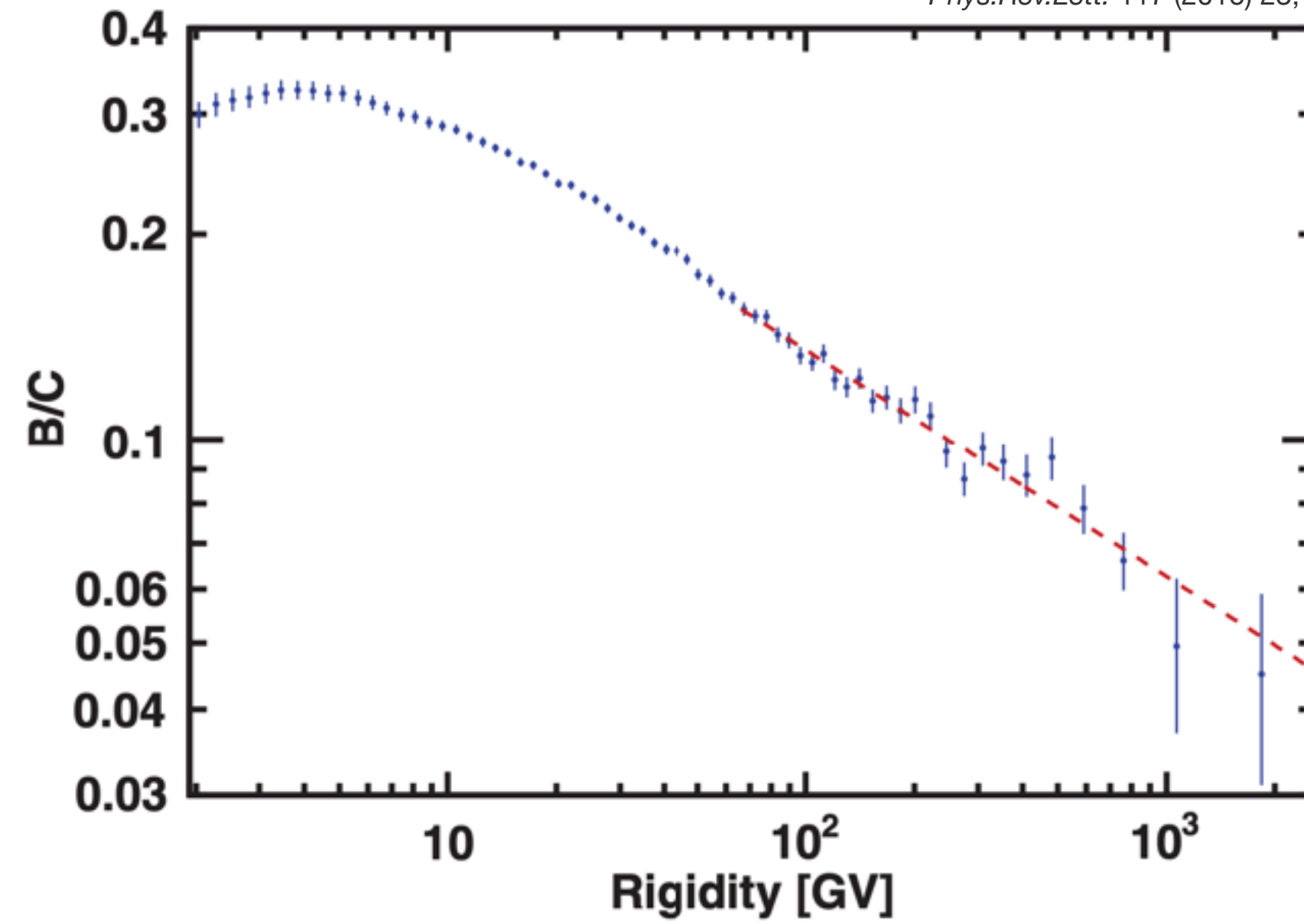
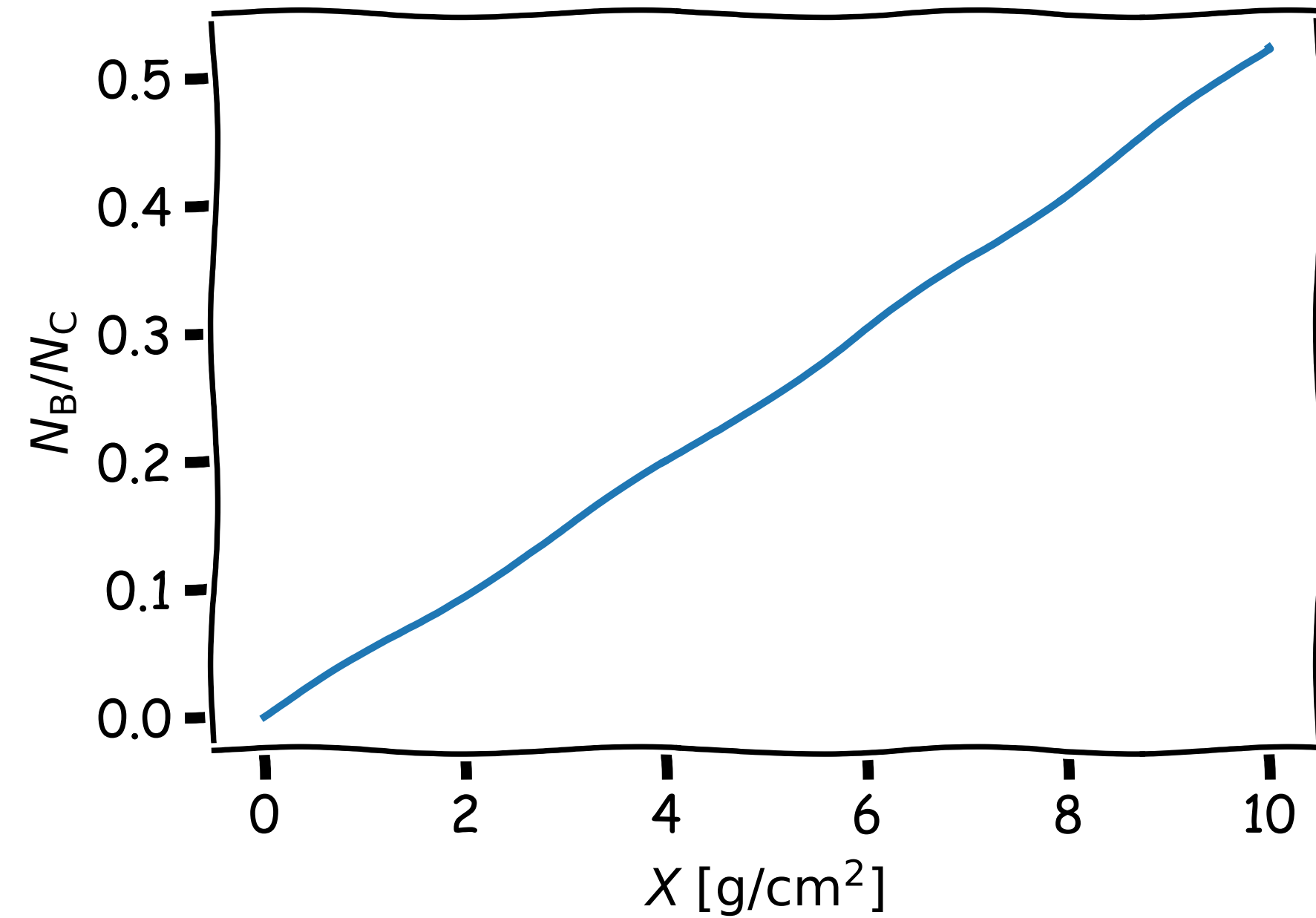
Gramage



Gramage



Phys.Rev.Lett. 117 (2016) 23,



$B/C \sim 0.3$ (at 10 GV)

$X_{10\text{GeV}} \sim 6 \text{ g/cm}^2$

$X_{\text{Galactic disc}} \sim 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^2$

CRs traverse the Galactic disc for a few thousand times → diffusion!

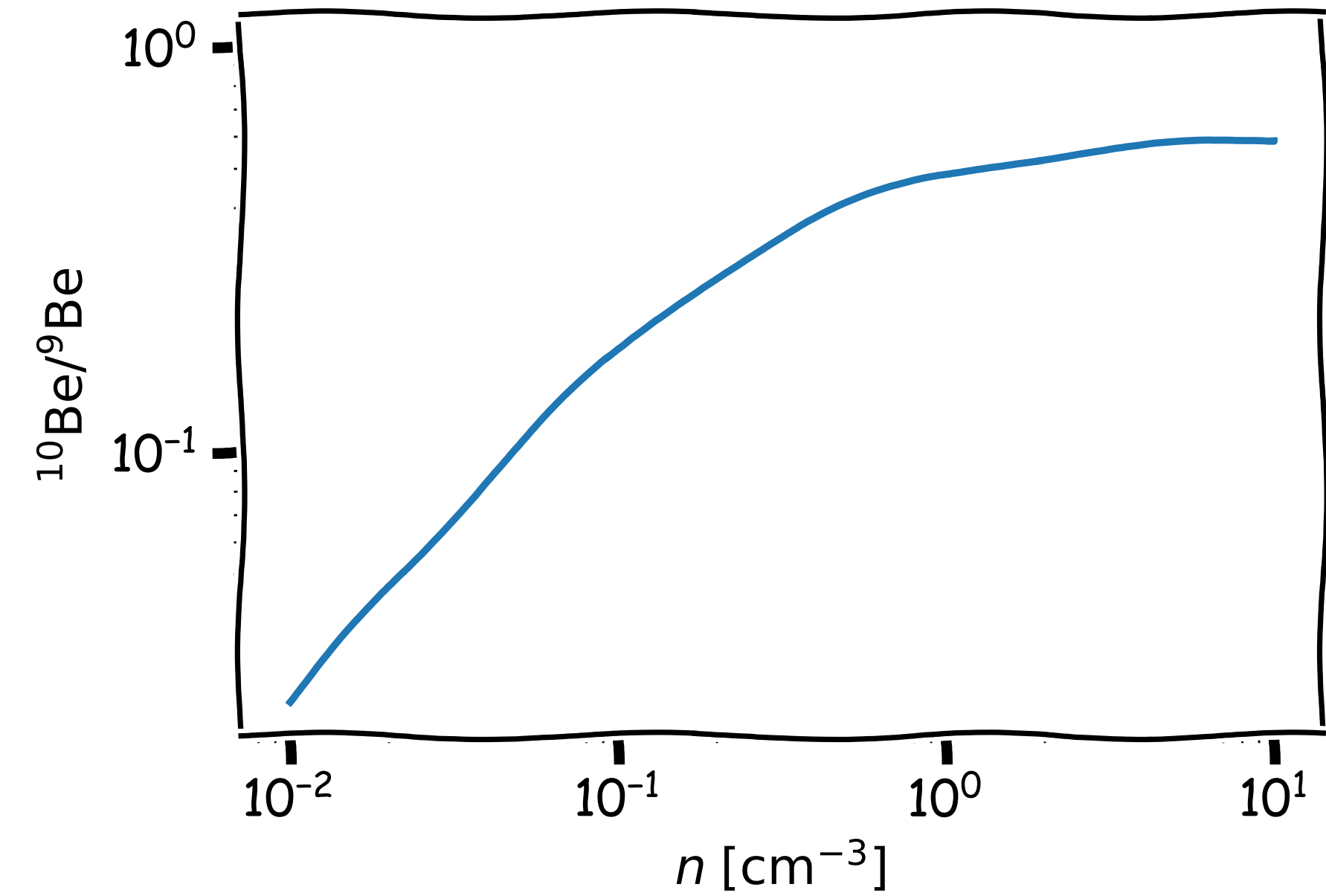
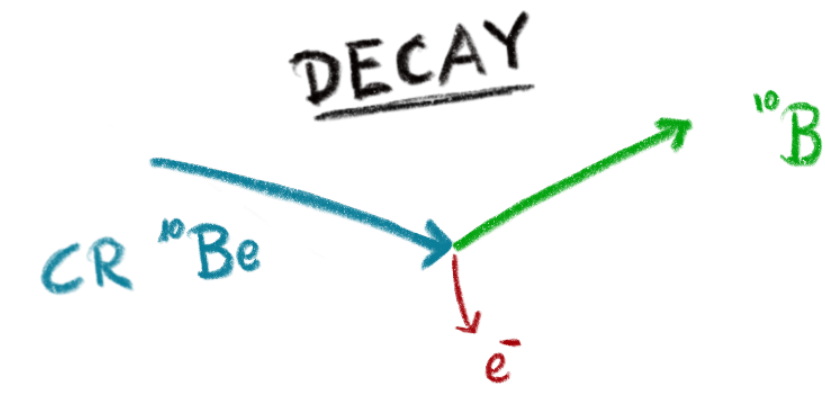
Cosmic-Ray Clocks



Cosmic-Ray Clocks

The Leaky Box Model

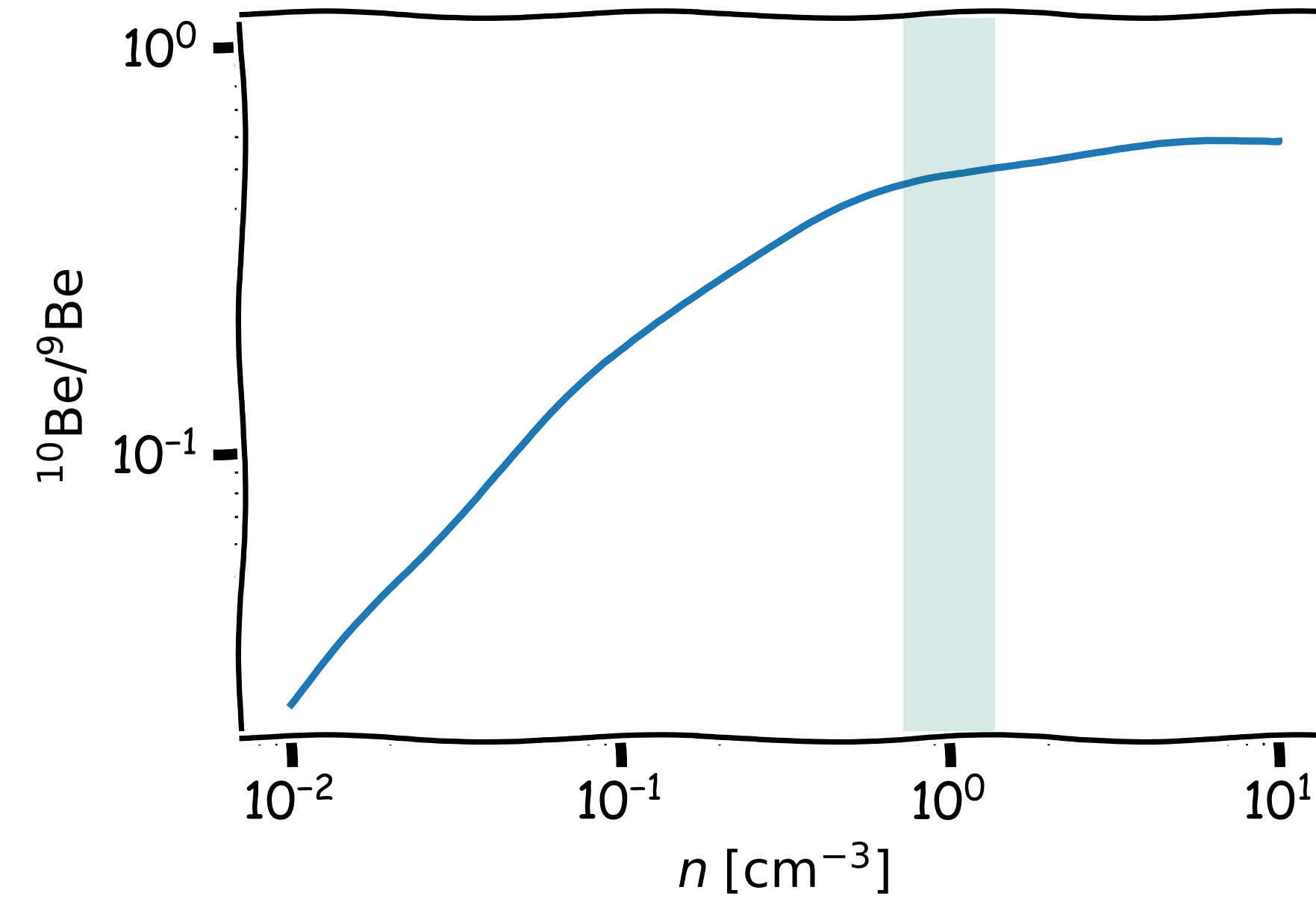
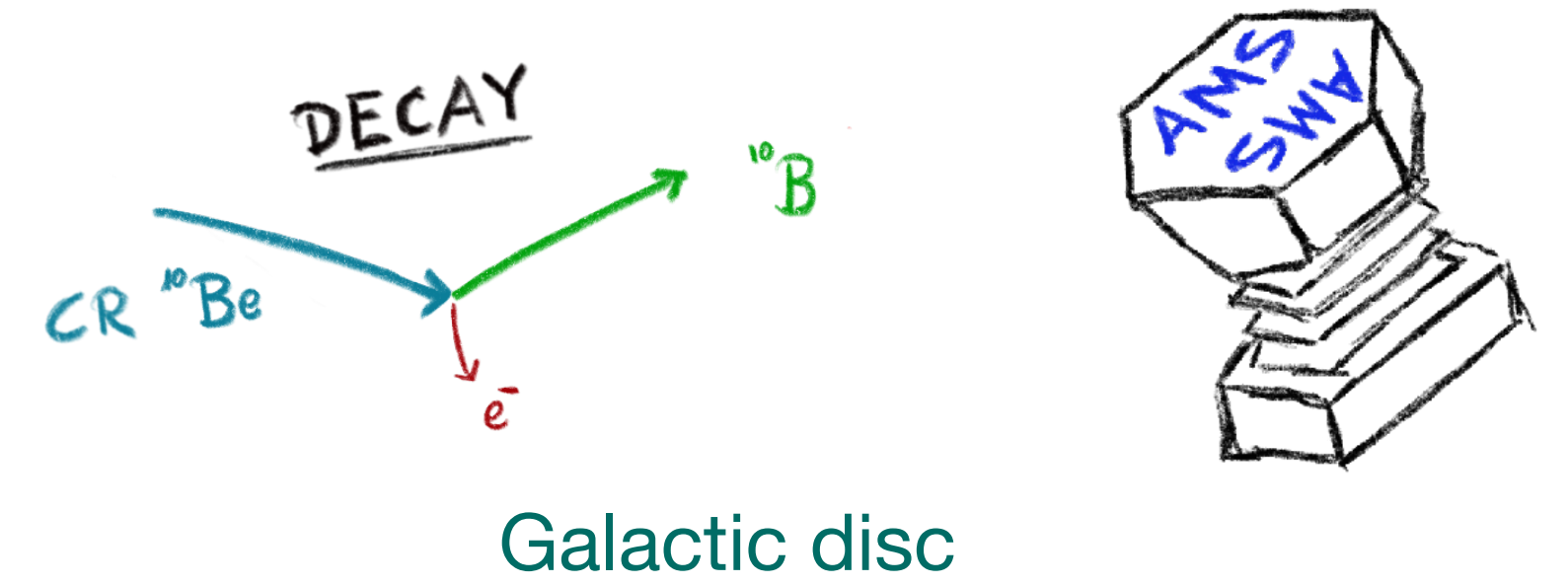
	Production	Loss by Escape	Loss by Interaction	Loss by Decay
${}^9\text{Be}$	✓	✓	✓	✗
${}^{10}\text{Be}$	✓	✓	✓	✓



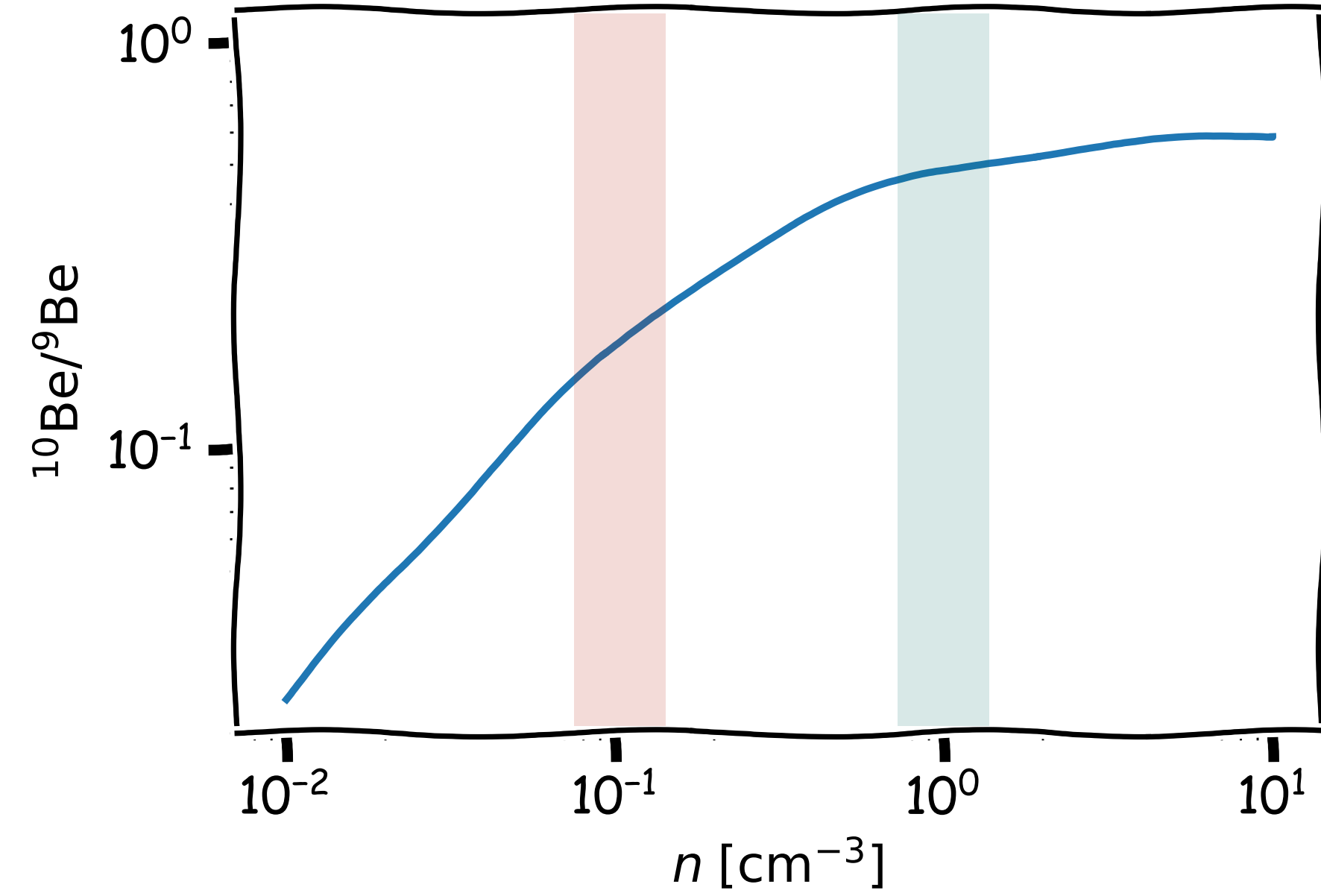
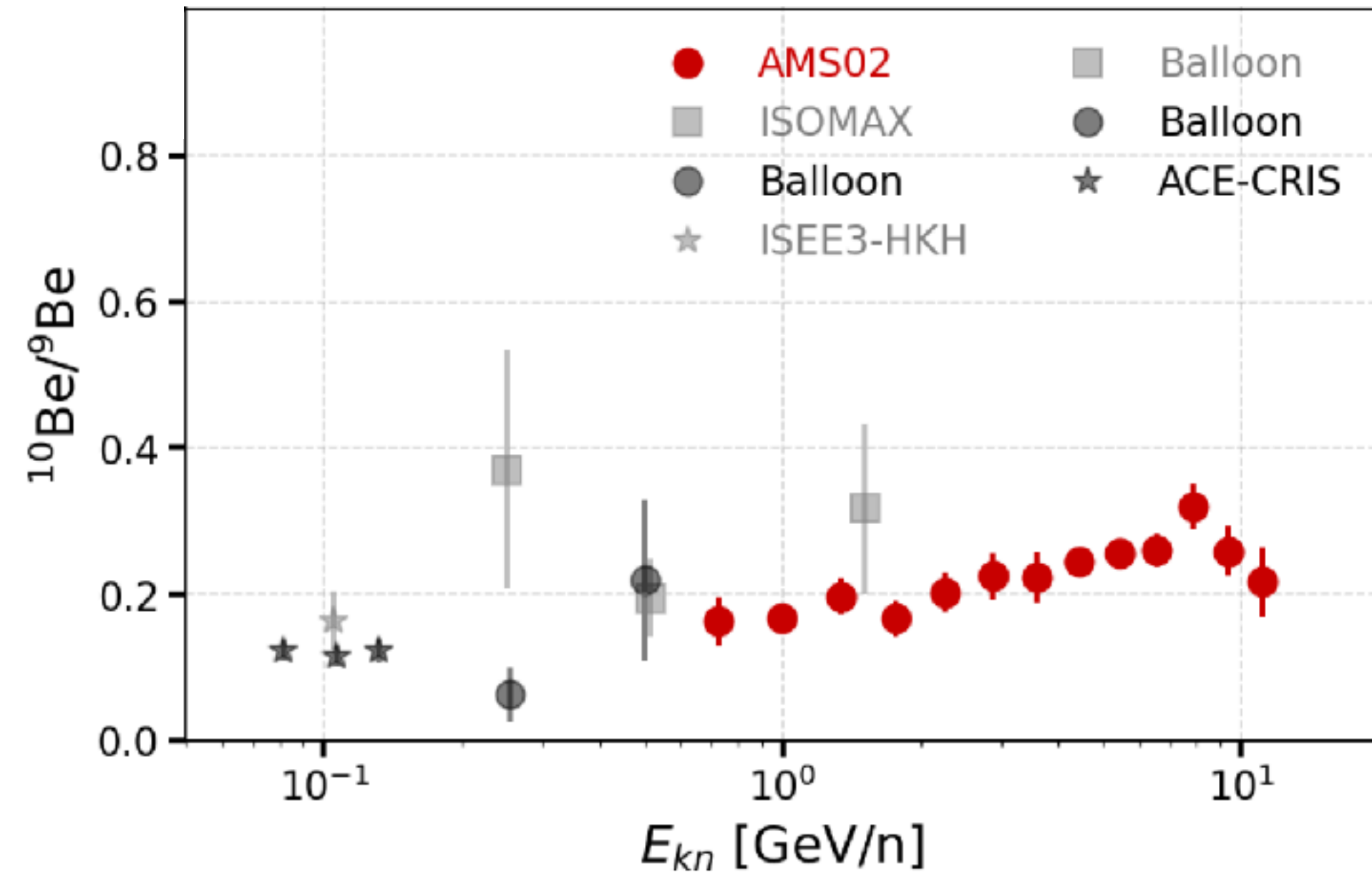
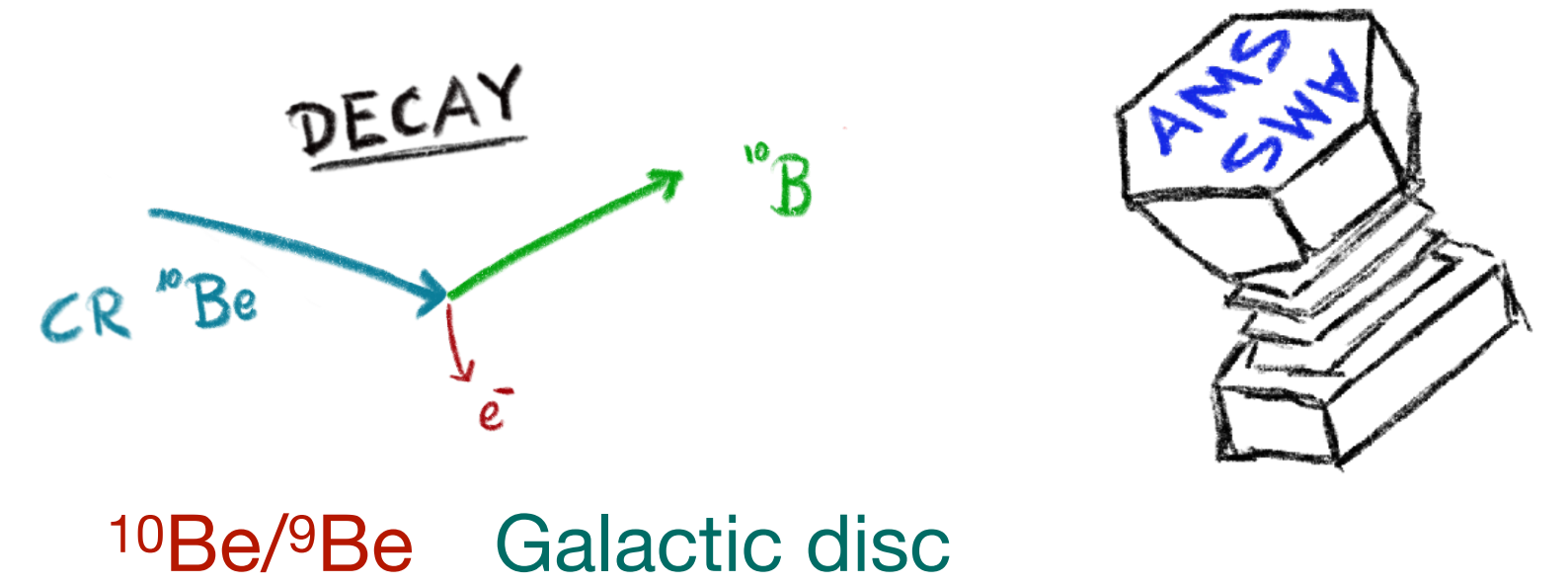
Cosmic-Ray Clocks

The Leaky Box Model

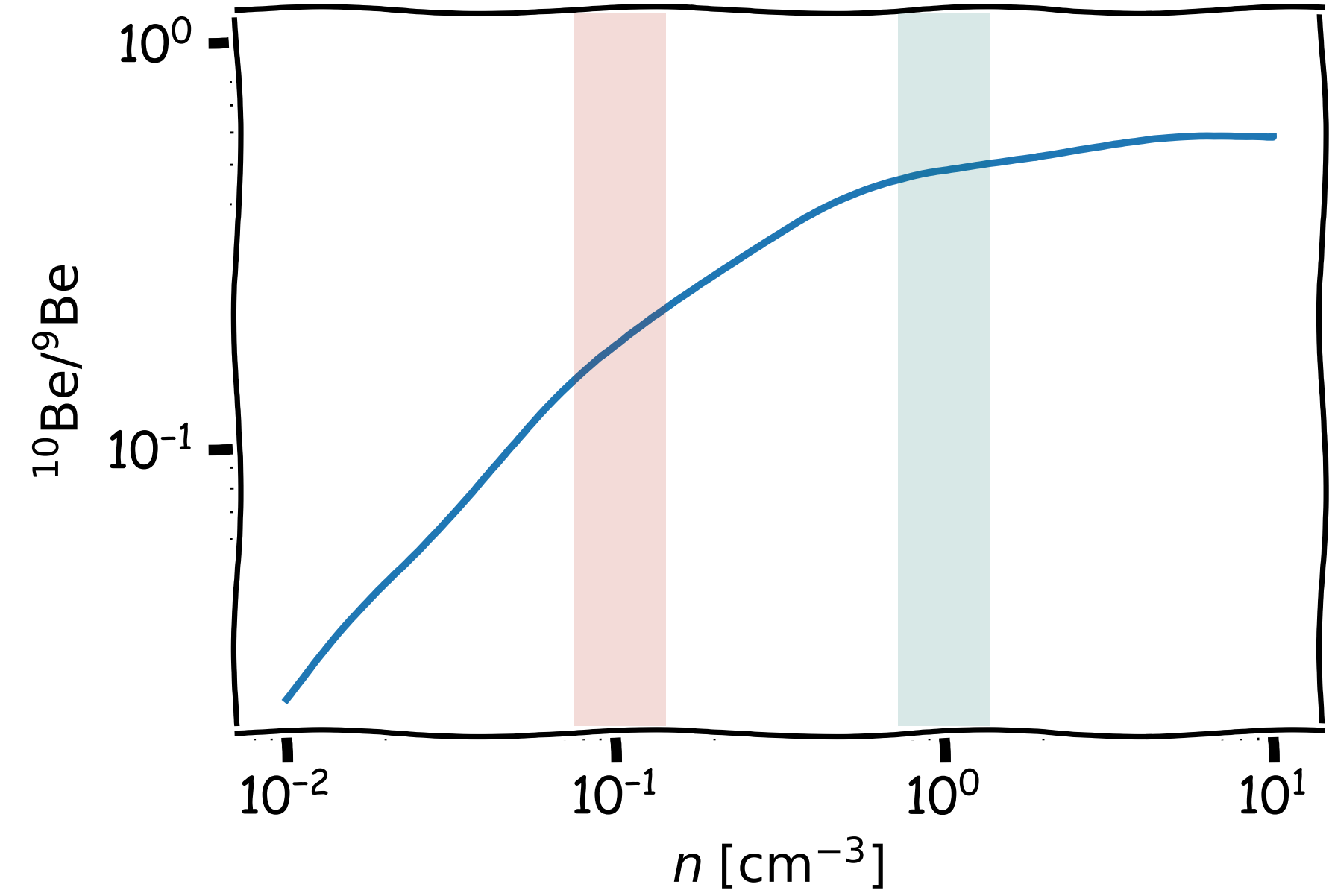
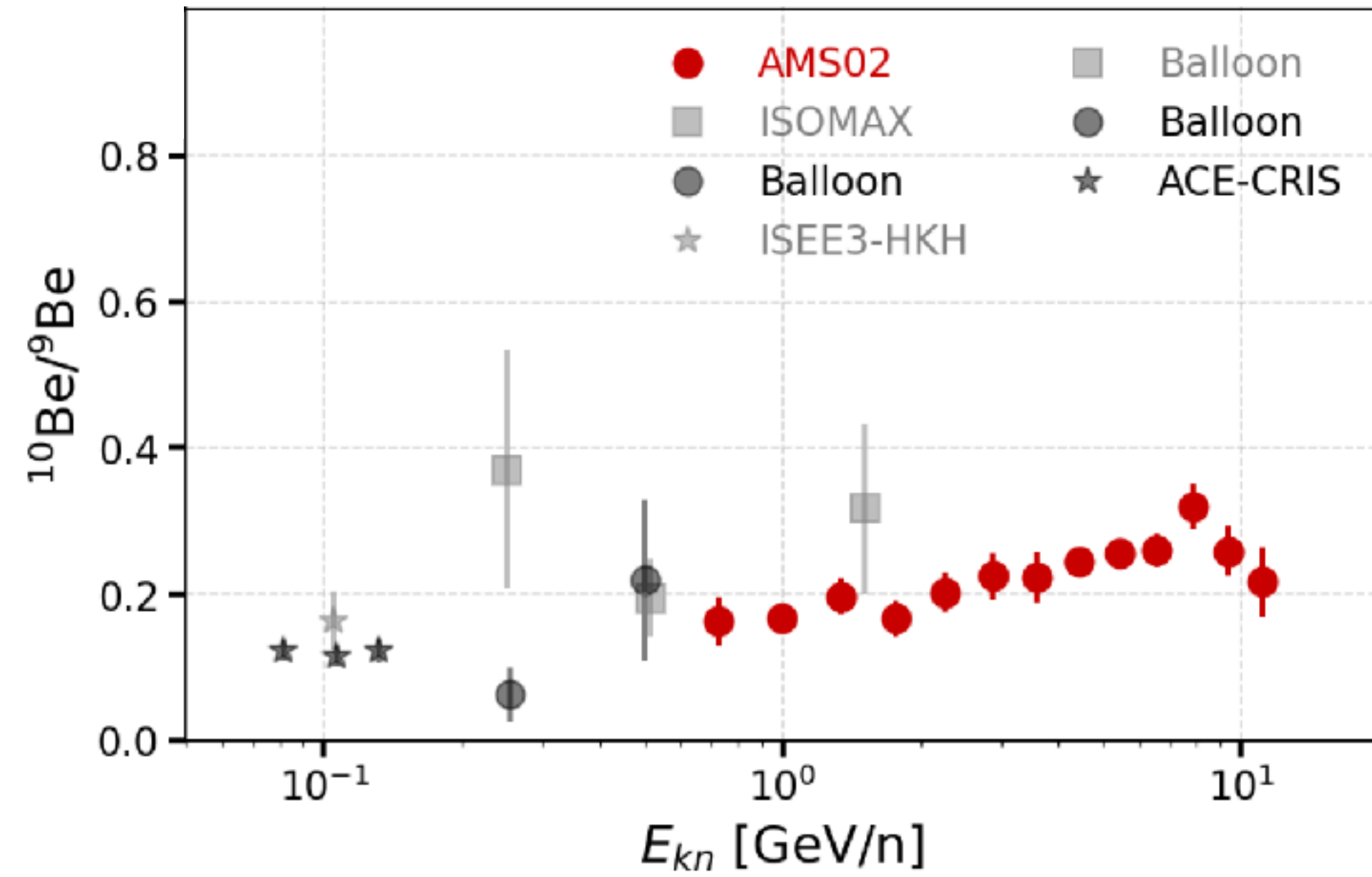
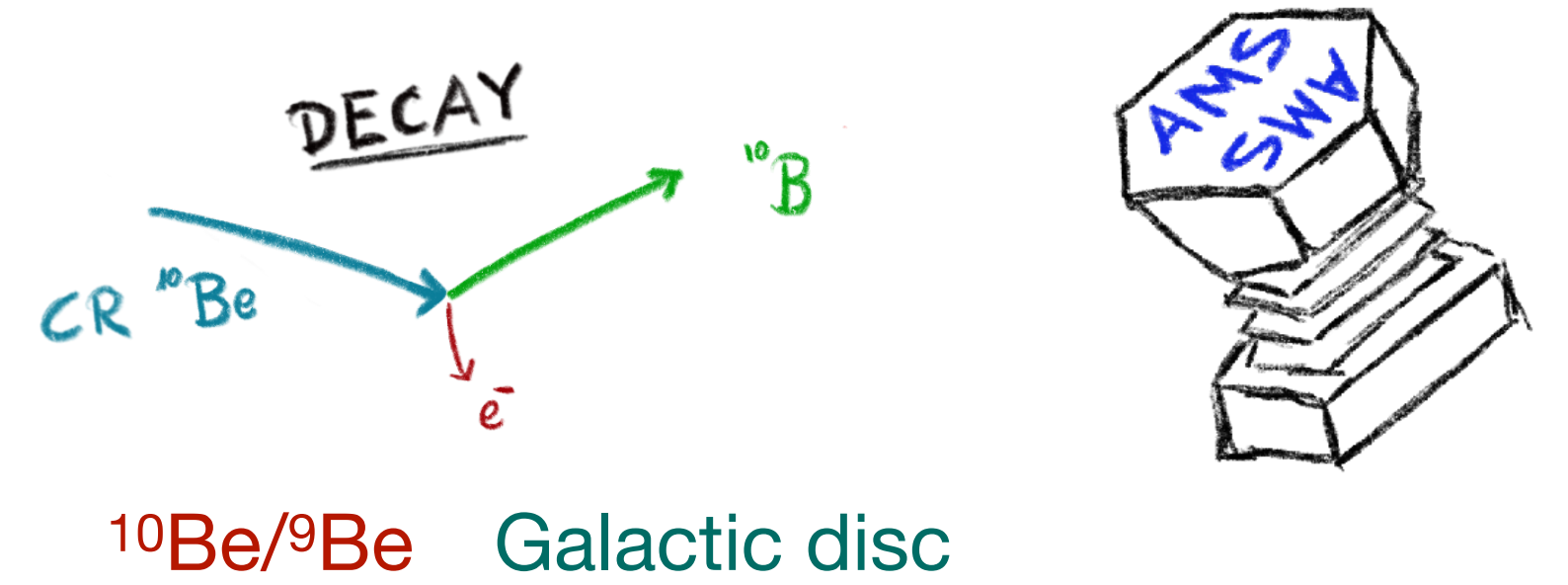
	Production	Loss by Escape	Loss by Interaction	Loss by Decay
${}^9\text{Be}$	✓	✓	✓	✗
${}^{10}\text{Be}$	✓	✓	✓	✓



Cosmic-Ray Clocks

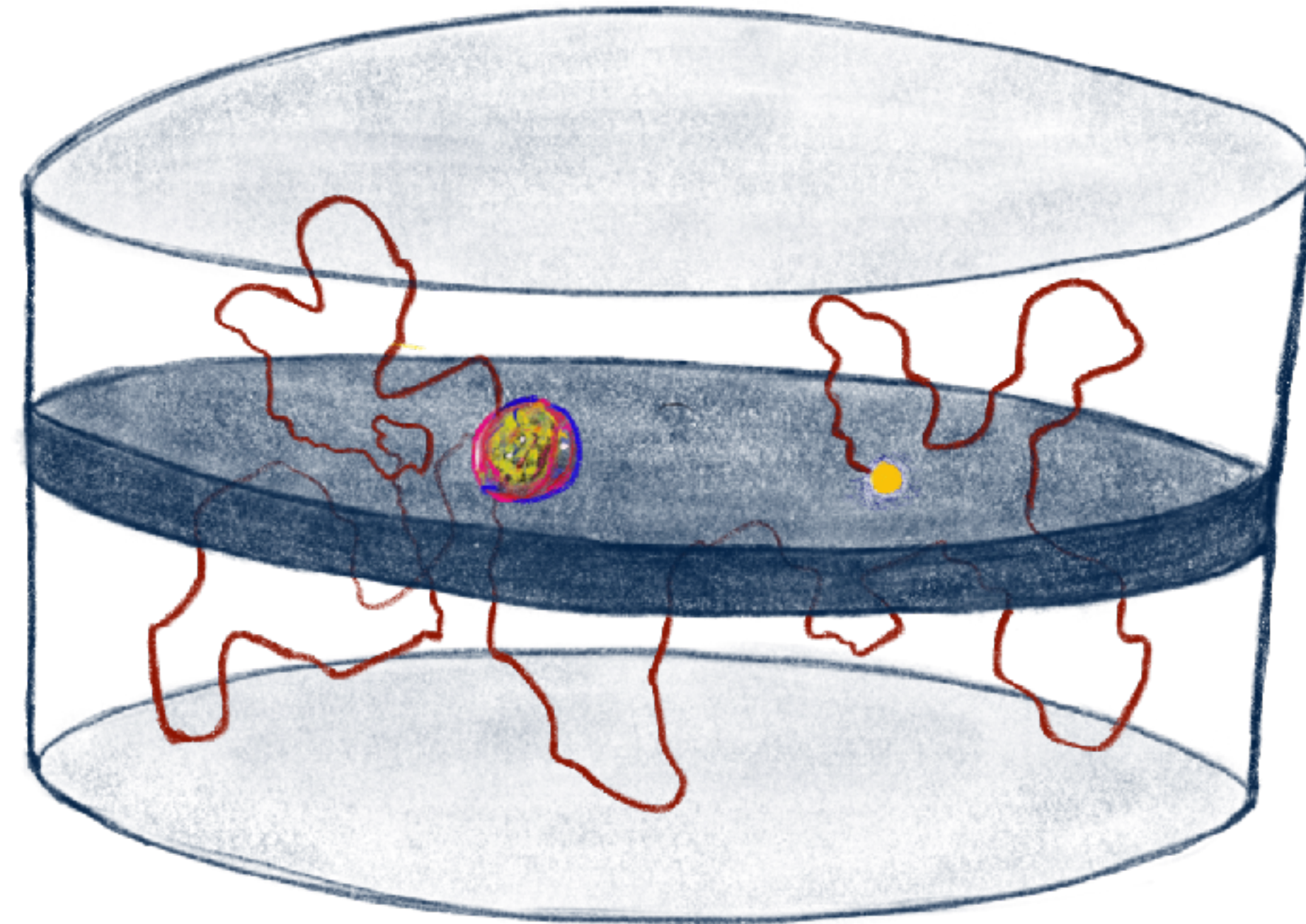
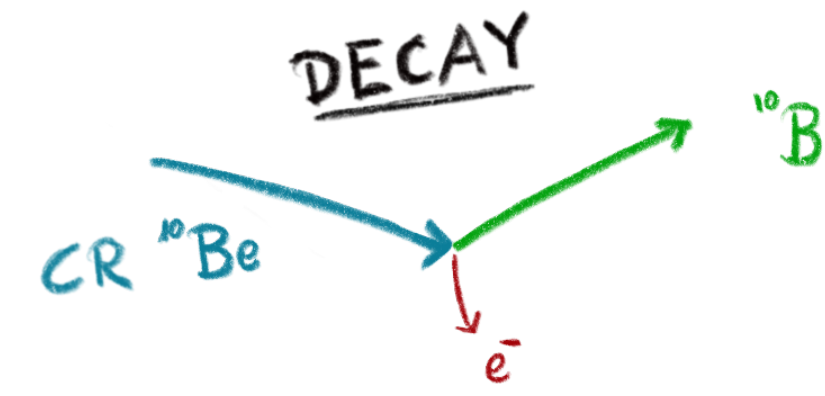


Cosmic-Ray Clocks



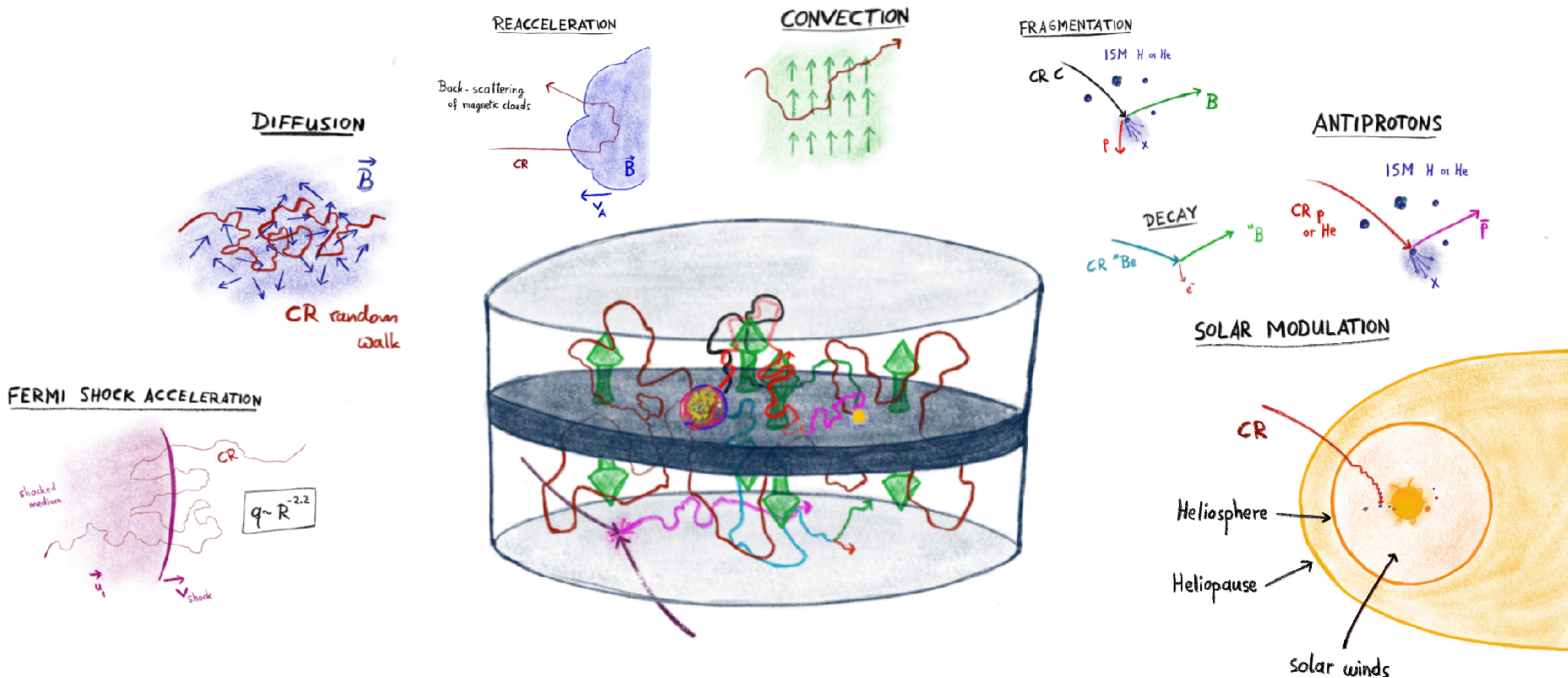
CRs spend a significant time outside the Galactic disc!

Cosmic-Ray Clocks



CRs spend a significant time outside the Galactic disc!

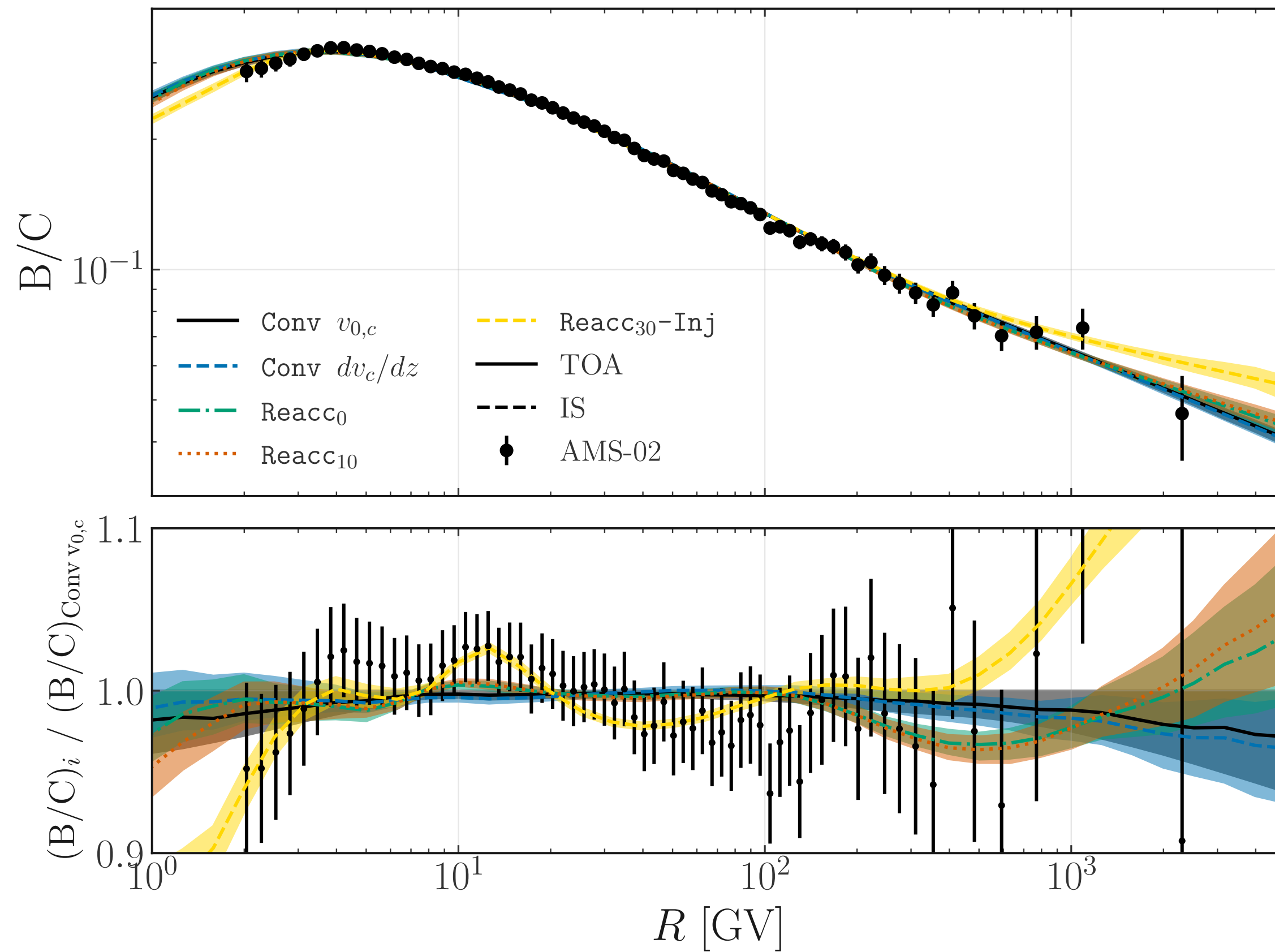
Modeling Cosmic-Ray Propagation



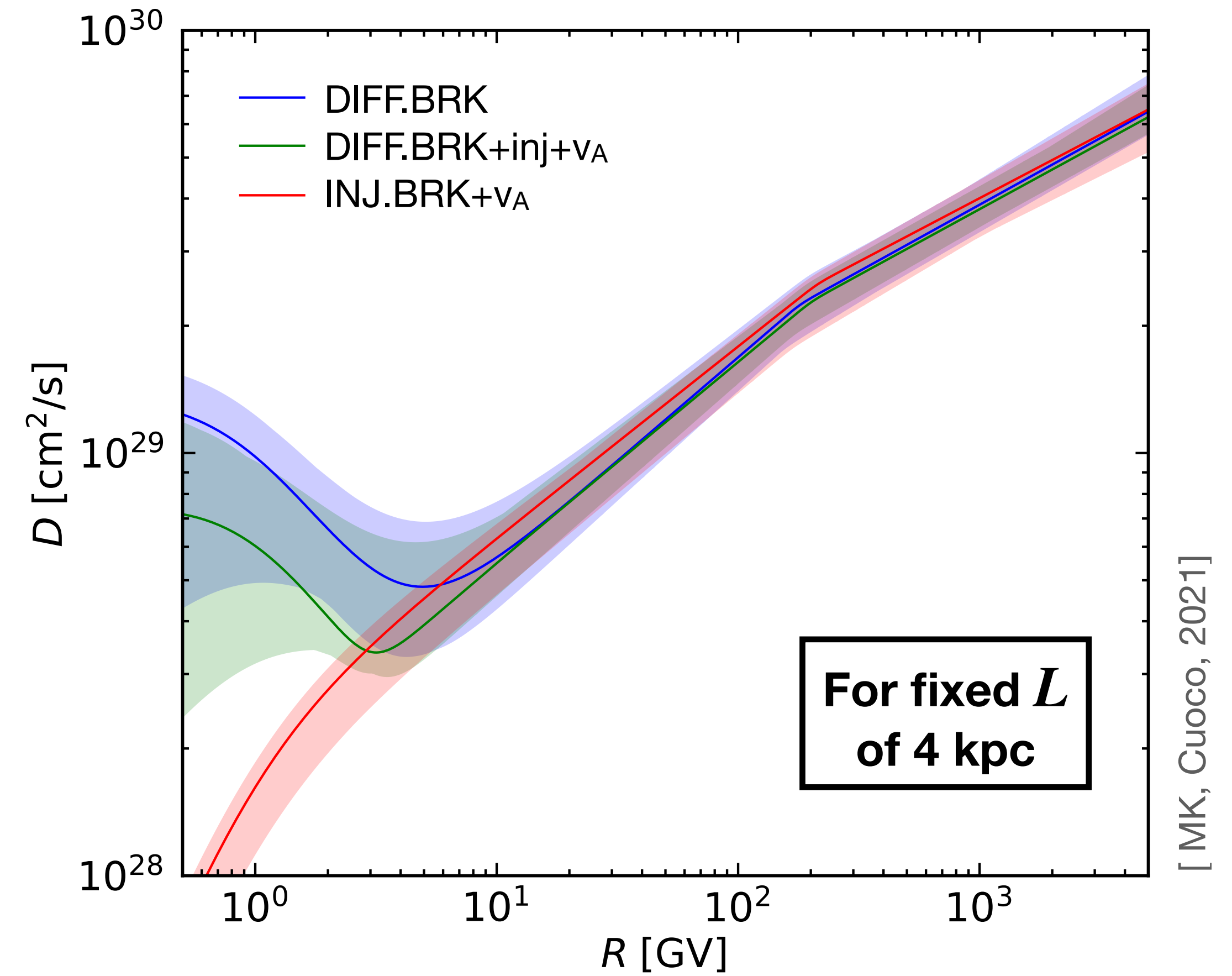
Diffusion Equation of Cosmic Rays

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{d\psi_i}{dt} &= q_i(\mathbf{x}, p) && \text{Source term} \\
 &+ \nabla D_{xx} \nabla \psi_i && \text{Diffusion} \\
 &- \nabla V \psi_i + \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \left(\frac{p}{3} \nabla \cdot V \psi_i \right) && \text{Convection} \\
 &- \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \left(\frac{dp}{dt} \psi_i \right) && \text{Energy losses} \\
 &- \frac{\psi_i}{\tau_f} - \frac{\psi_i}{\tau_r} && \text{Fragmentation and decay} \\
 &+ \frac{\partial}{\partial p} p^2 D_{pp} \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \frac{1}{p^2} \psi_i && \text{Reacceleration}
 \end{aligned}$$

Secondary-to-Primary ratios constrain propagation

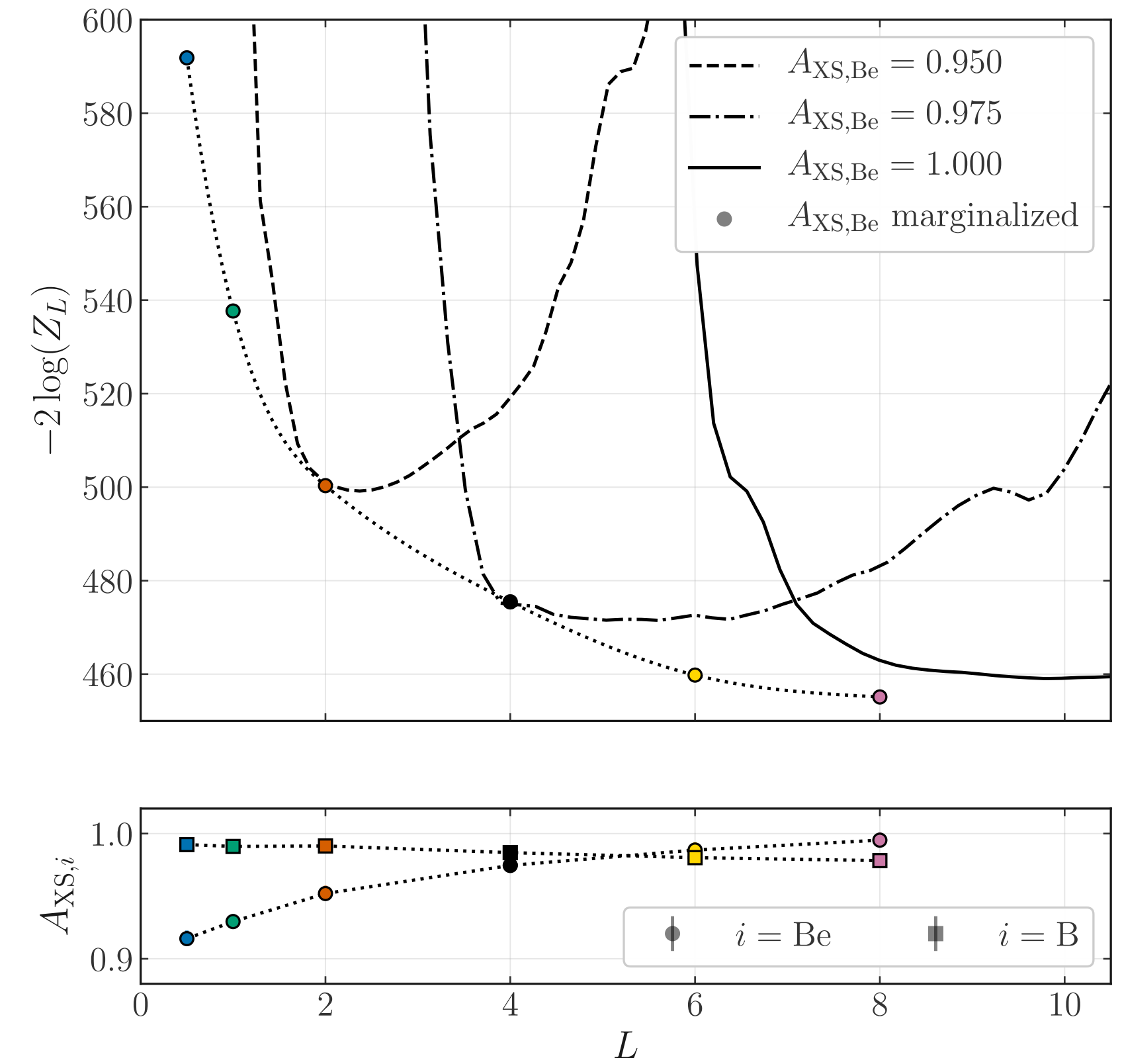
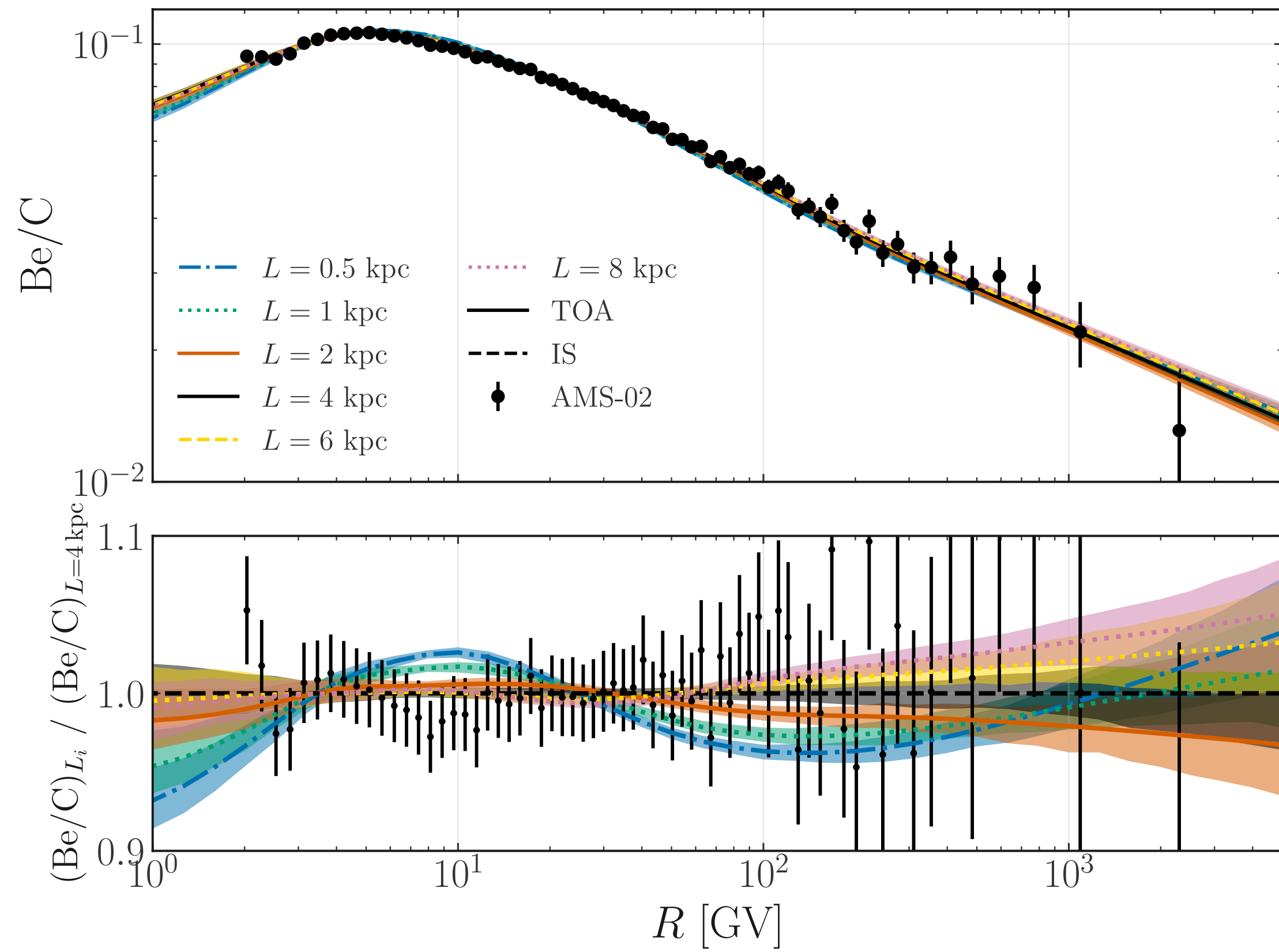


[Di Mauro, MK, et al. 2023]



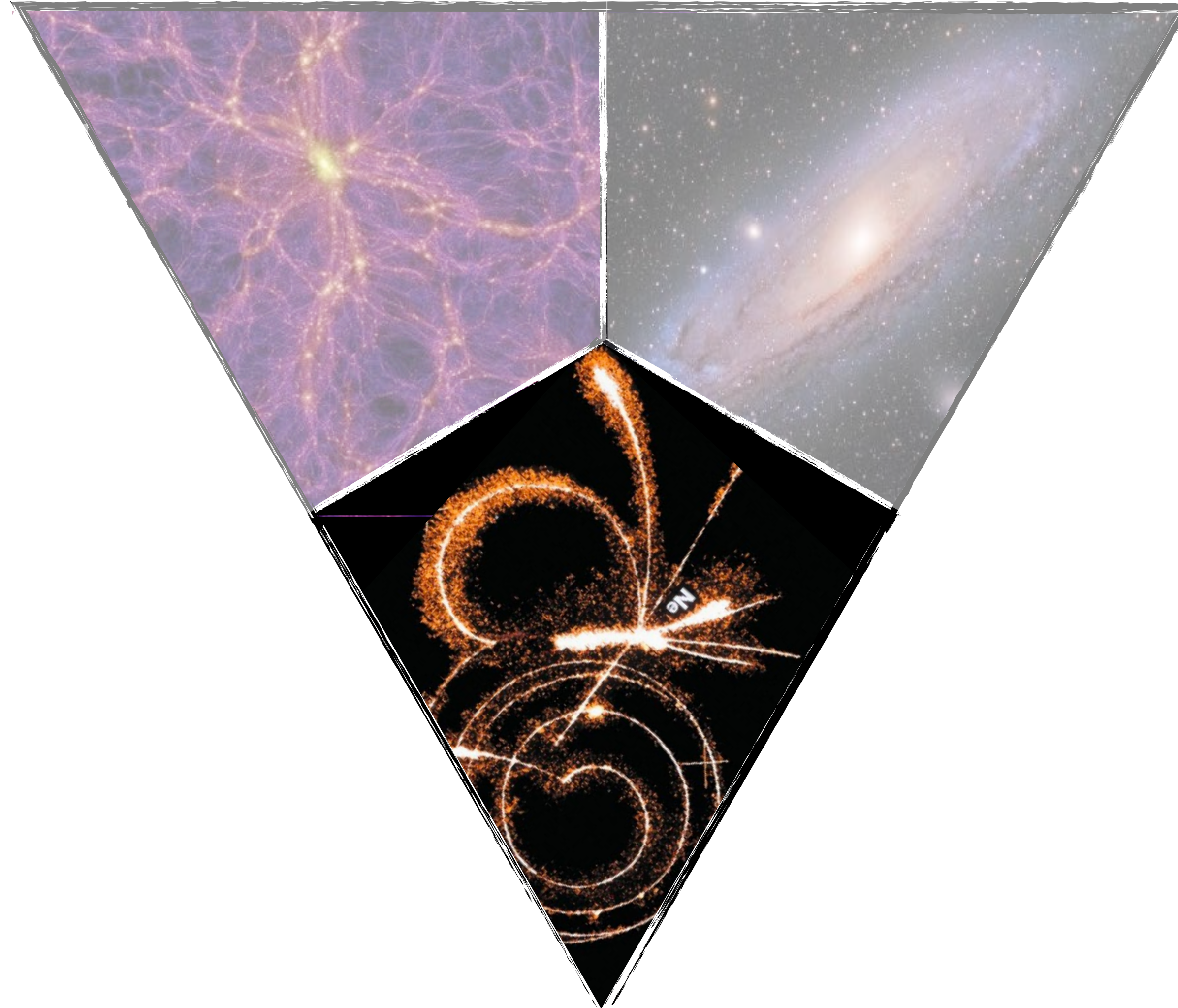
[MK, Cuoco, 2021]

Cosmic-Ray Clocks constrain the Halo Size



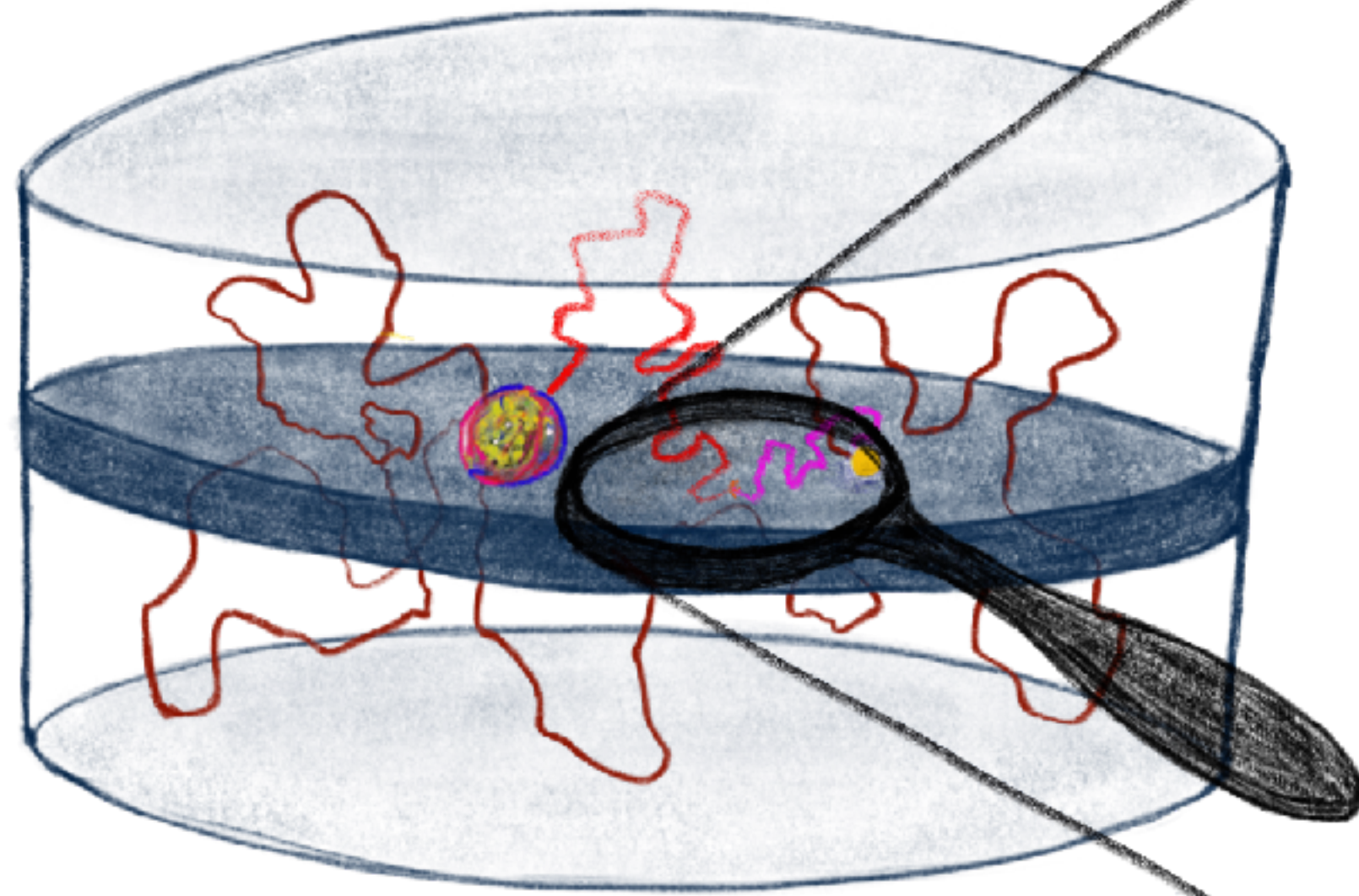
[Di Mauro, MK, et al. 2023]

Dark Matter

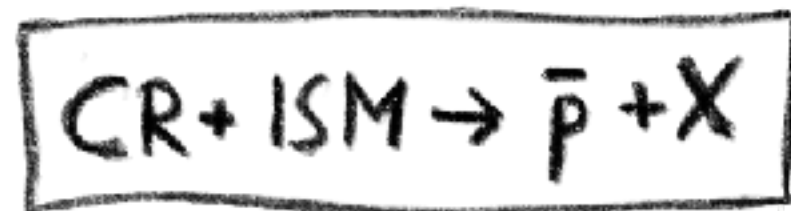
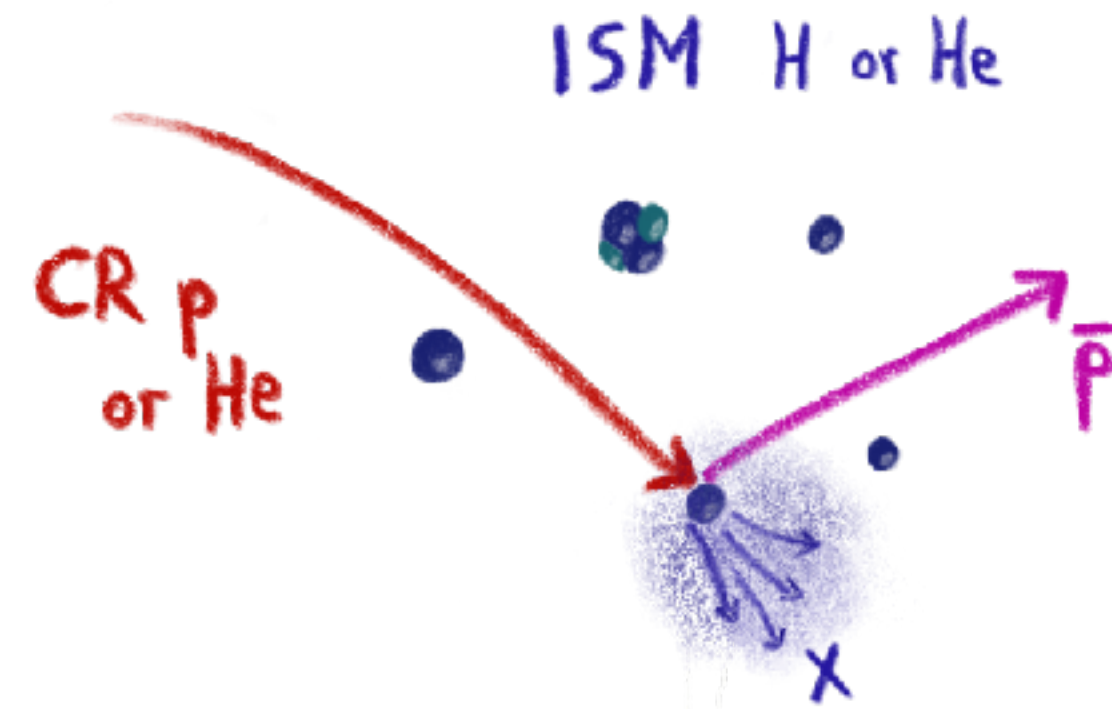


Cosmic Rays

Antimatter

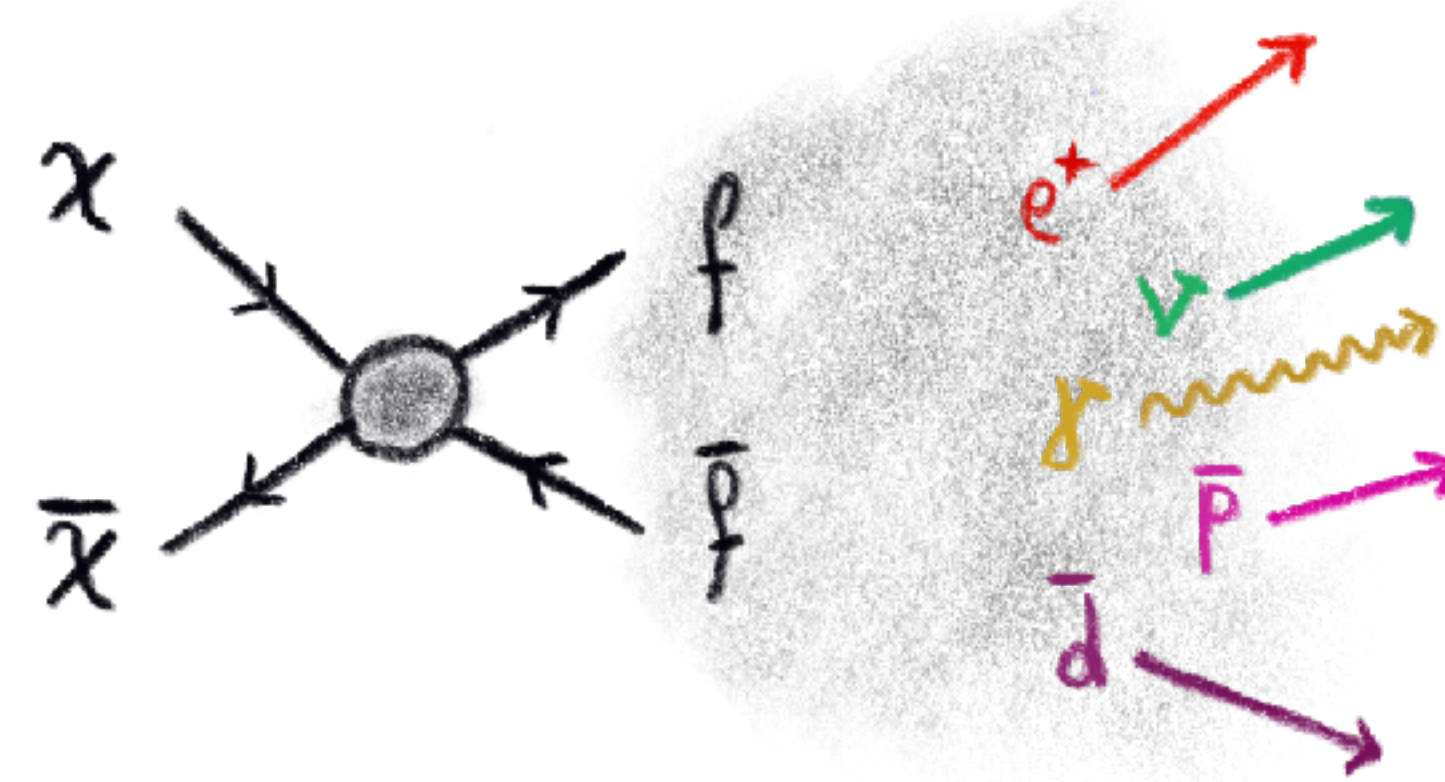
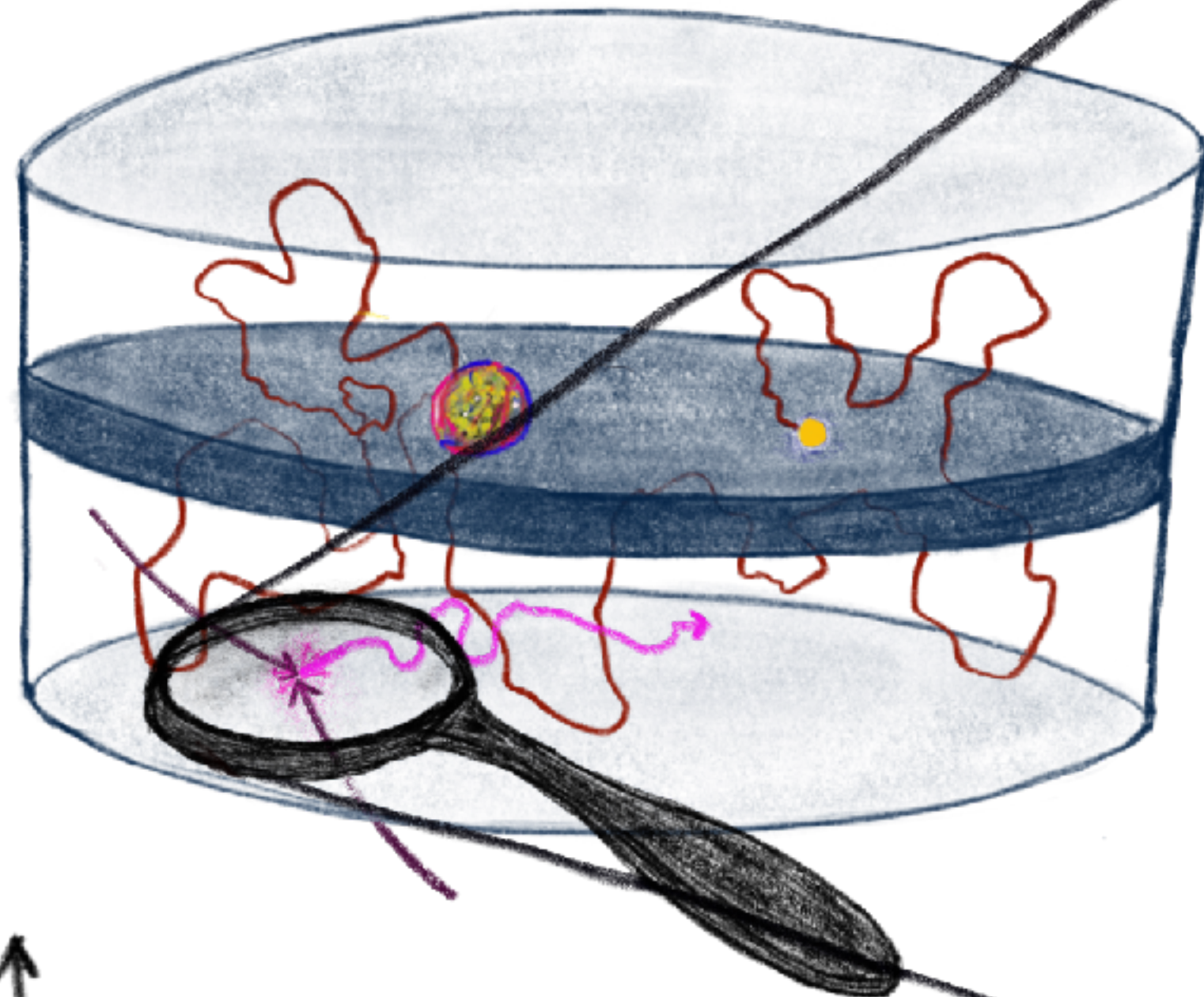


ANTIPROTONS

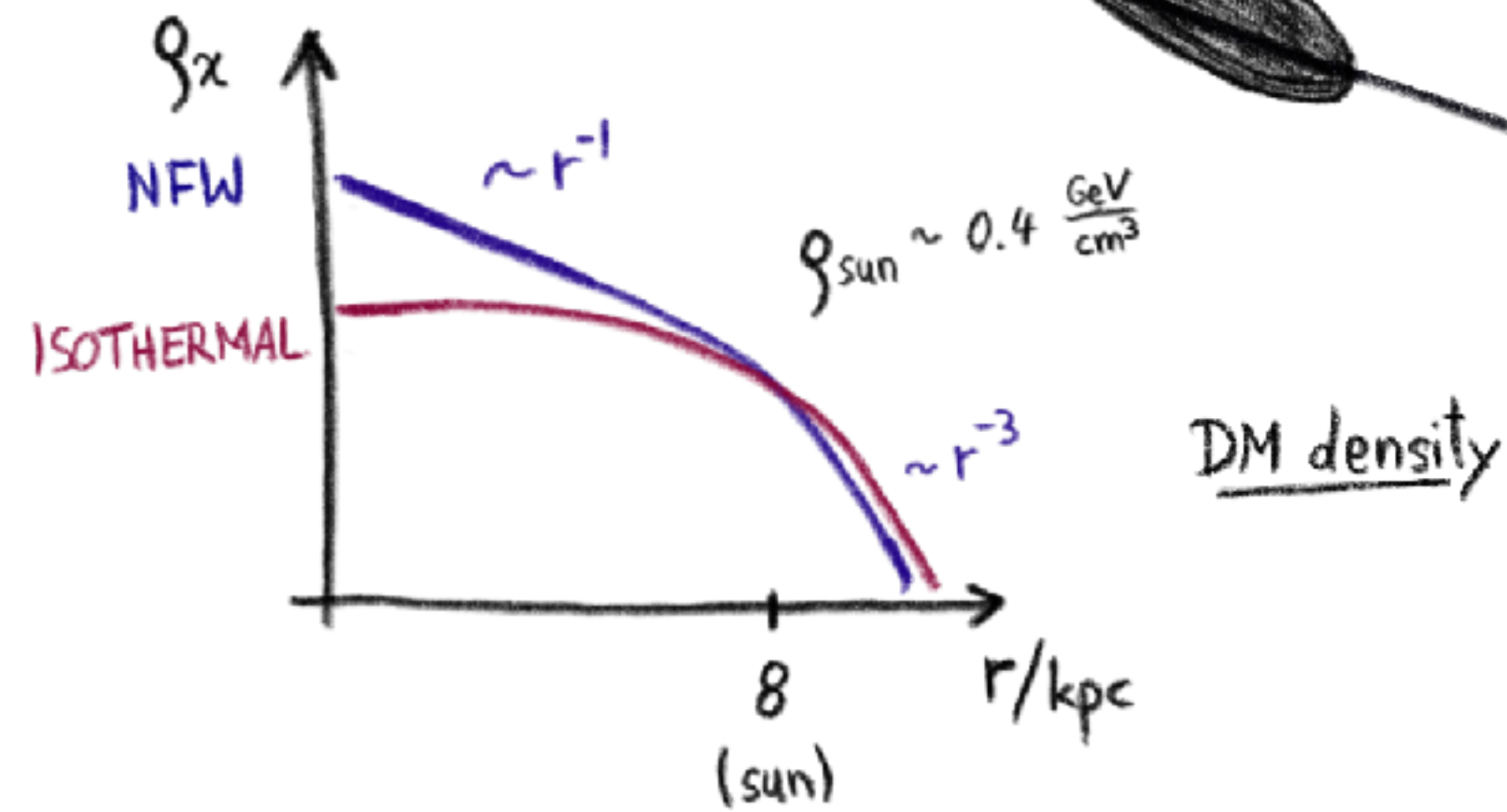


$$q_{\bar{p}}(T_{\bar{p}}) = \int dT \, 4\pi n_{\text{ISM}} \phi_{\text{CR}}(T) \frac{d\sigma(T, T_{\bar{p}})}{dT_{\bar{p}}}$$

DM ANNIHILATION

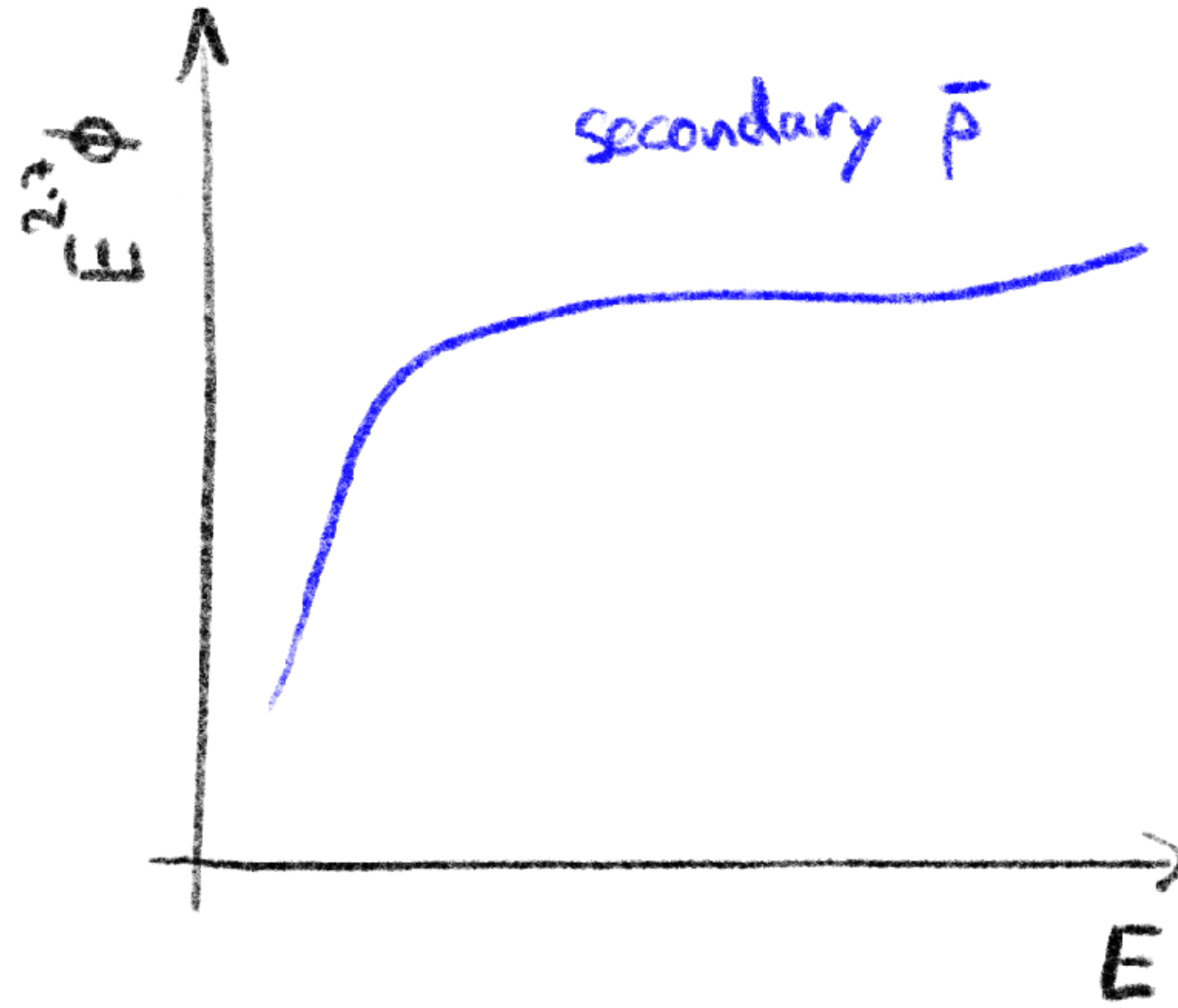


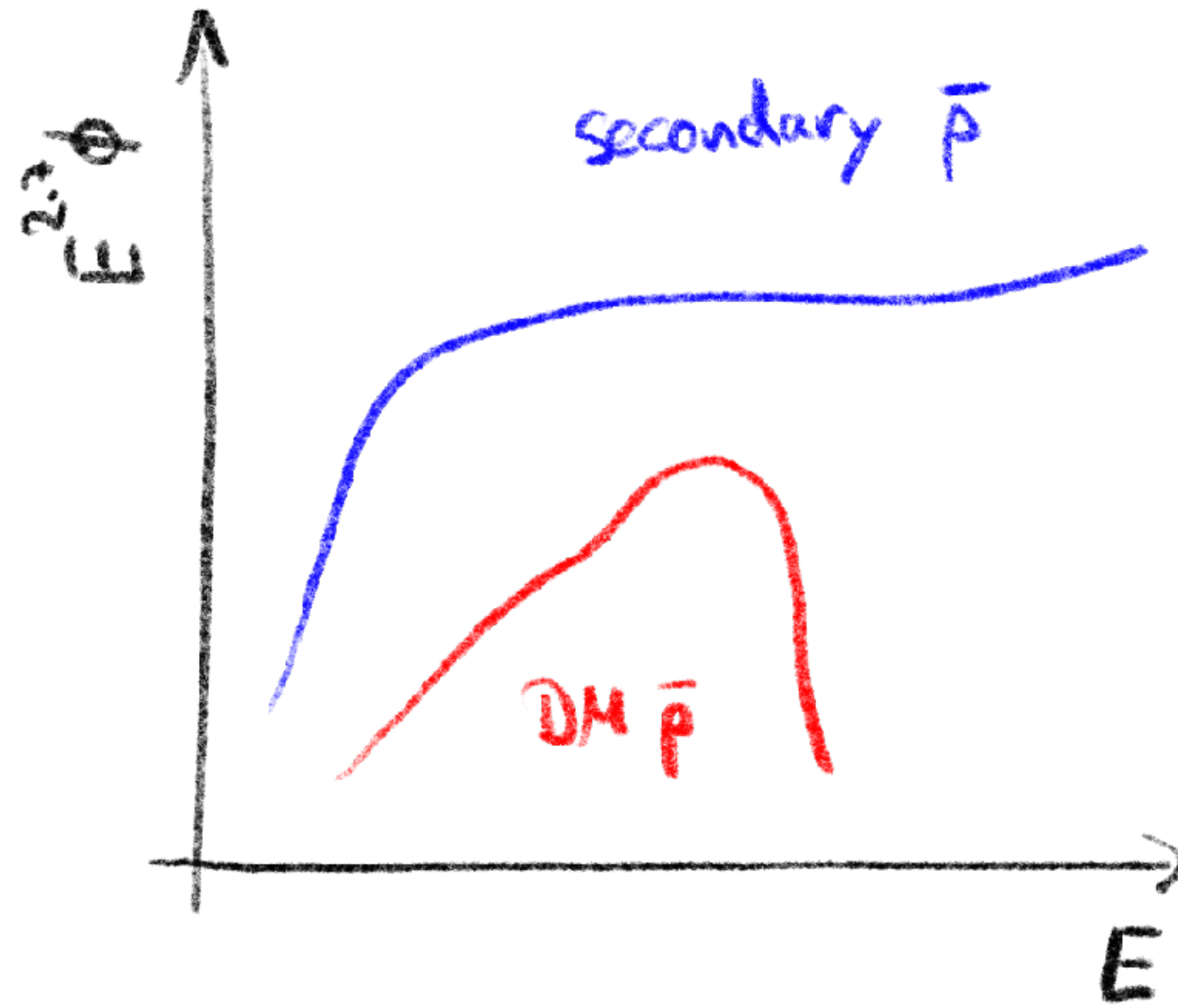
Final states depend on DM mass and velocity averaged annihilation cross section $\langle \sigma v \rangle$!

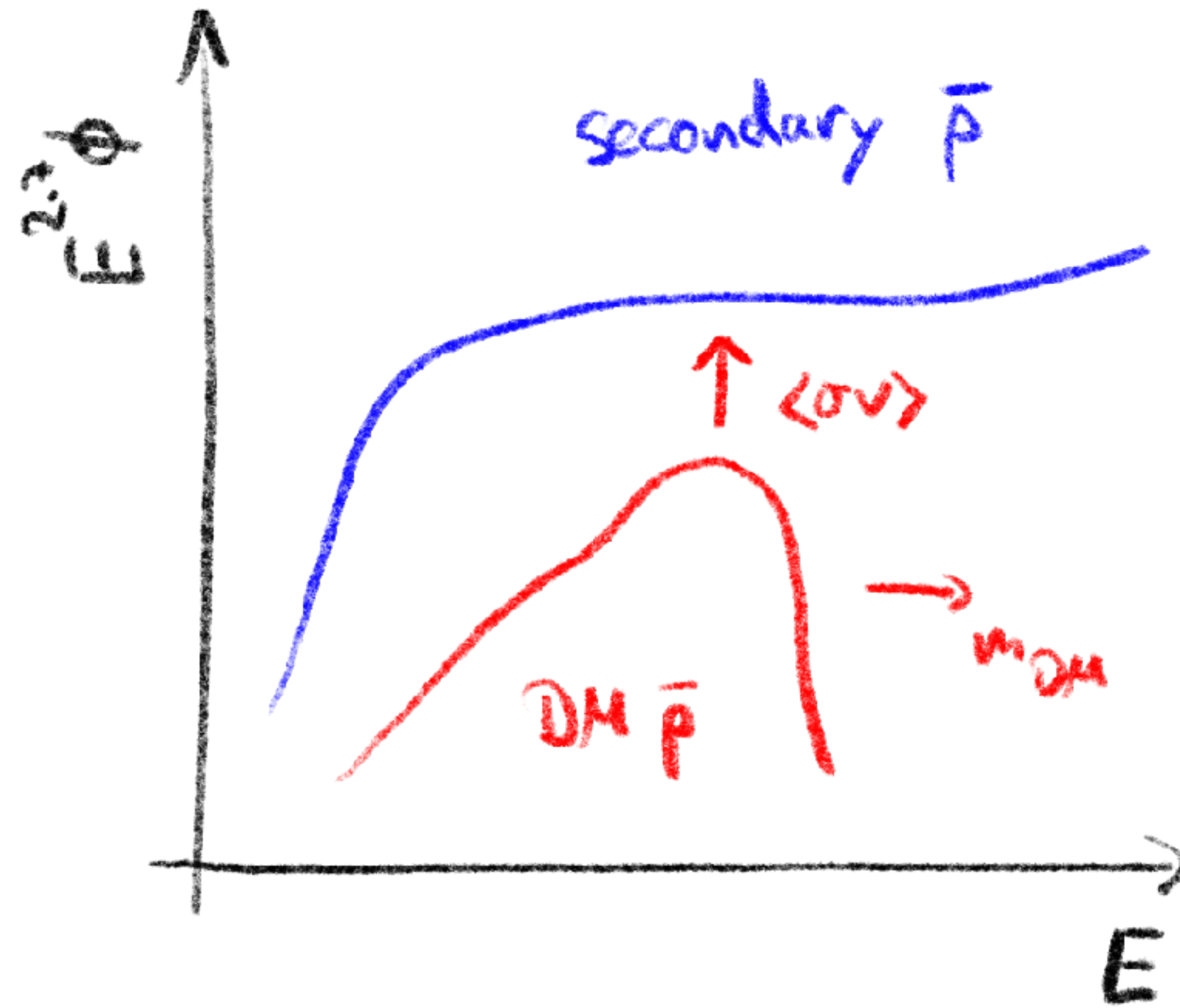


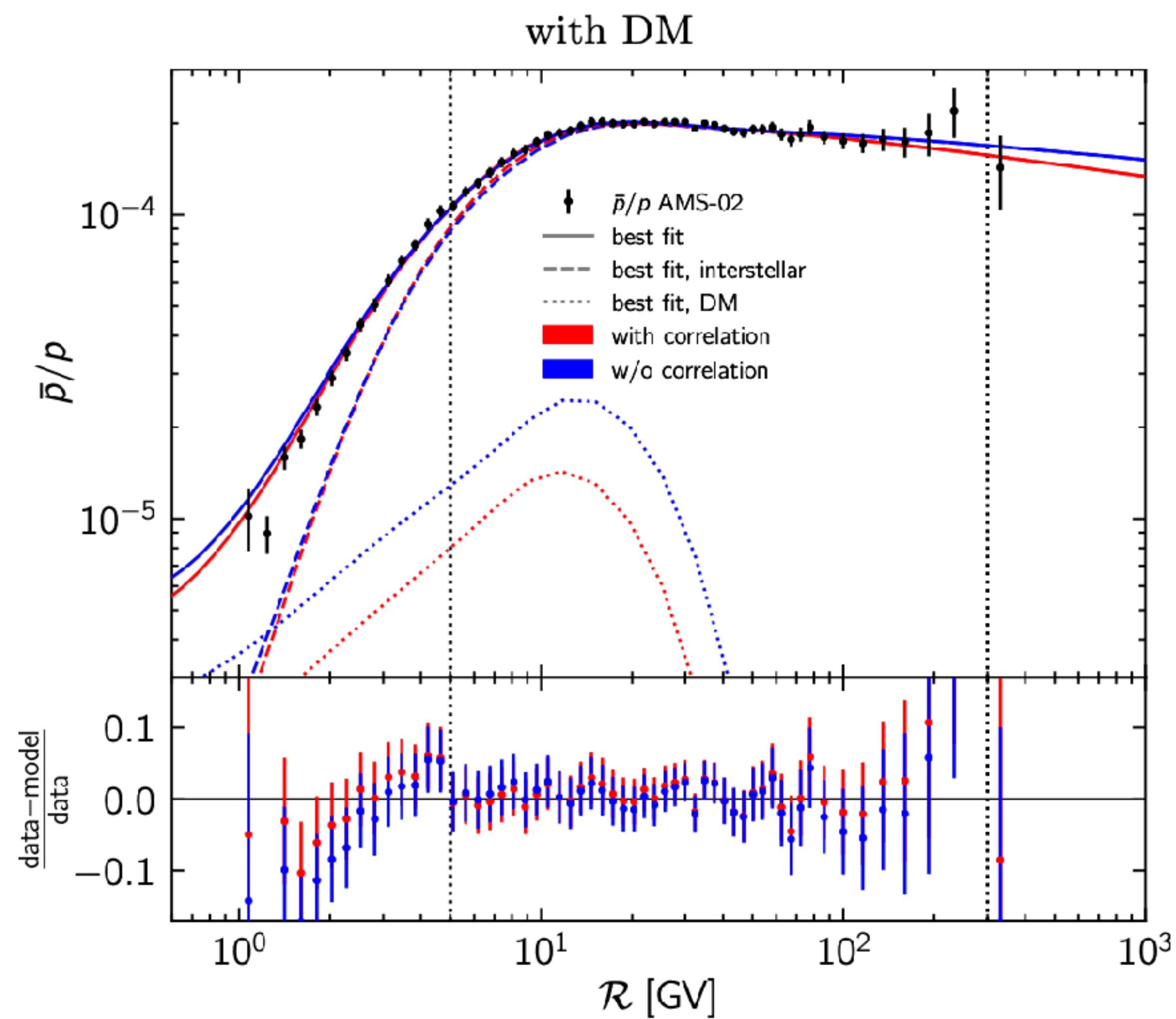
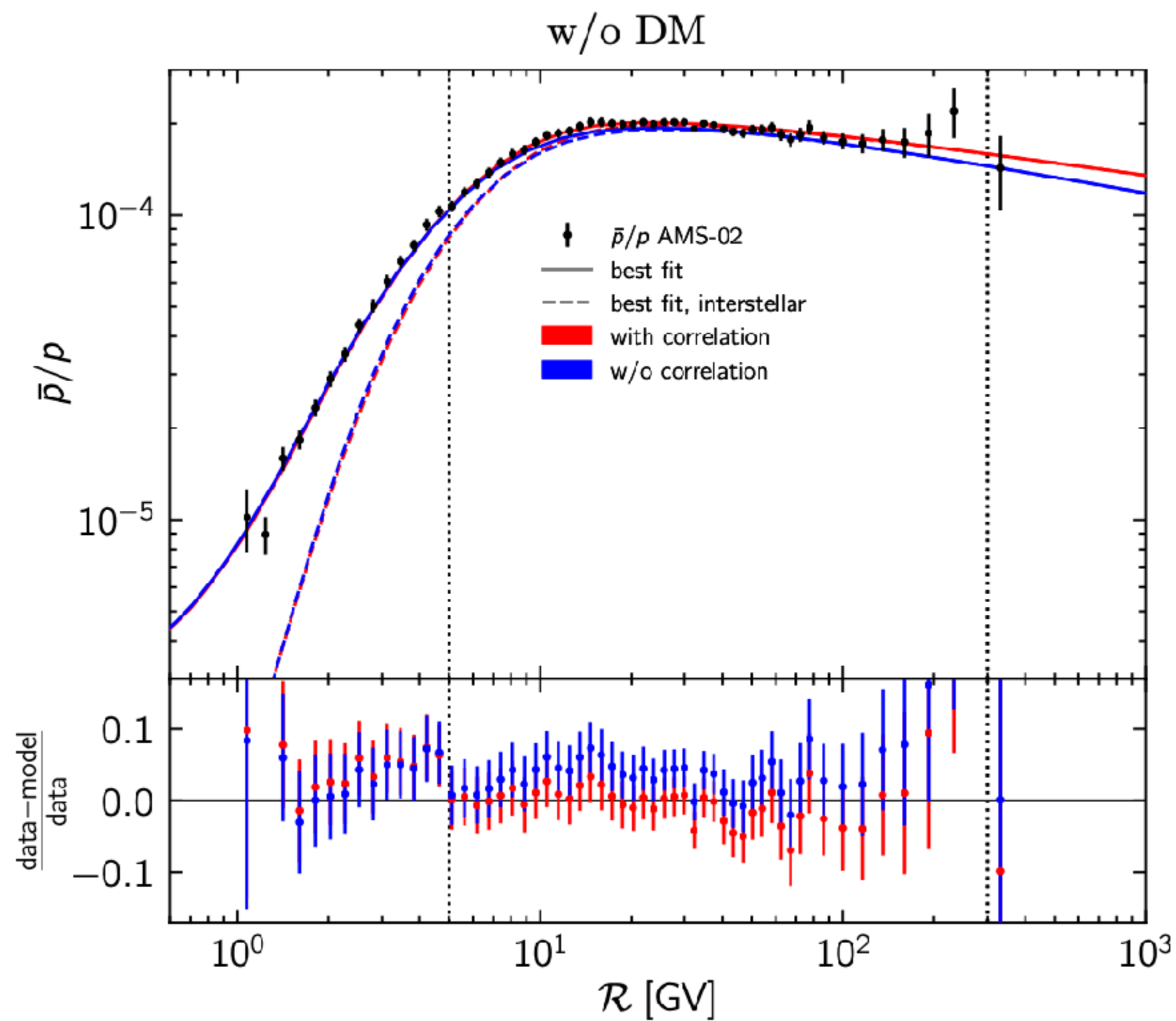
Source term

$$q^{DM} = \frac{1}{2} \langle \sigma v \rangle \left(\frac{\rho}{m_{DM}} \right)^2 \frac{dN}{dE}$$



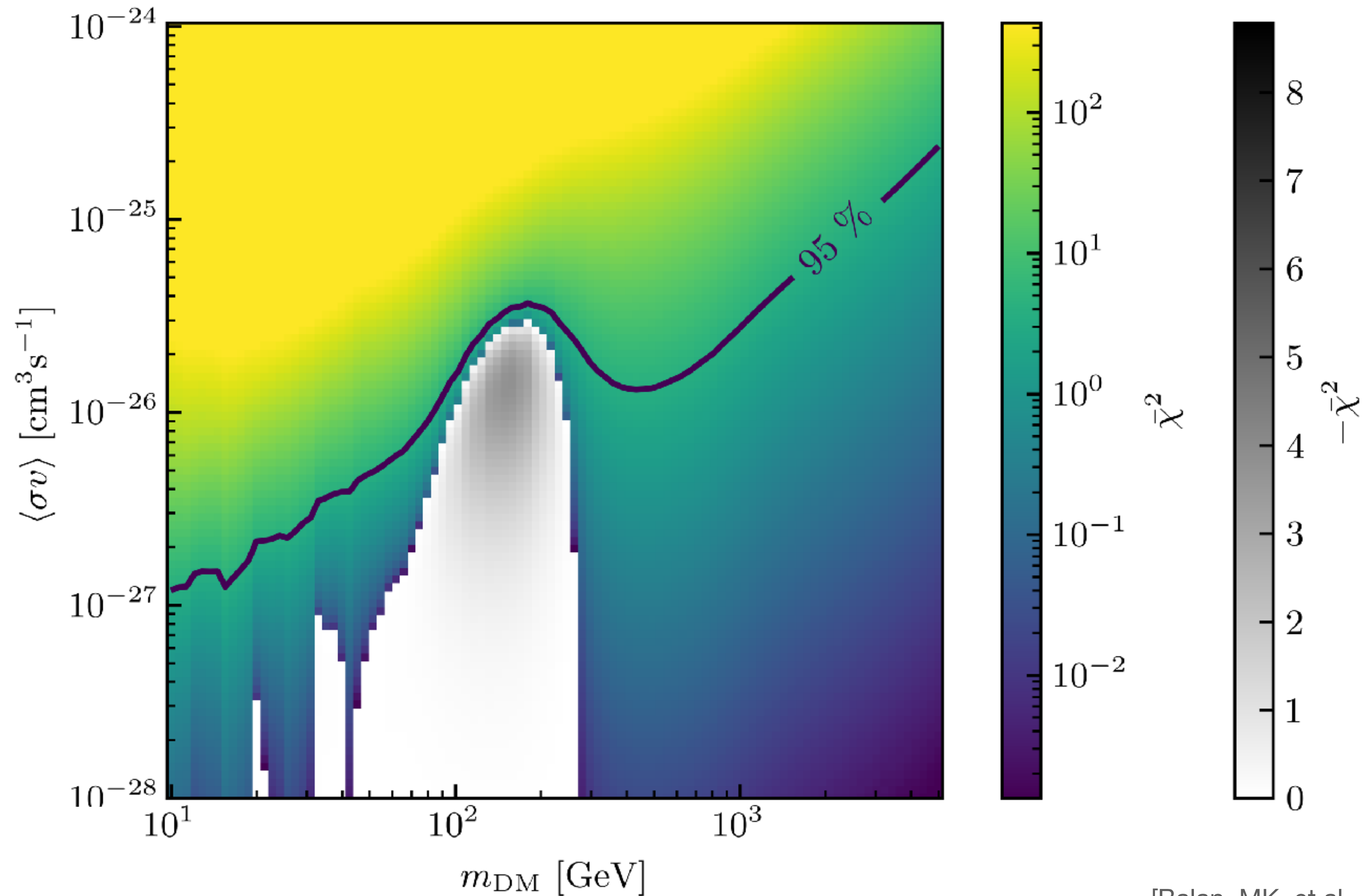




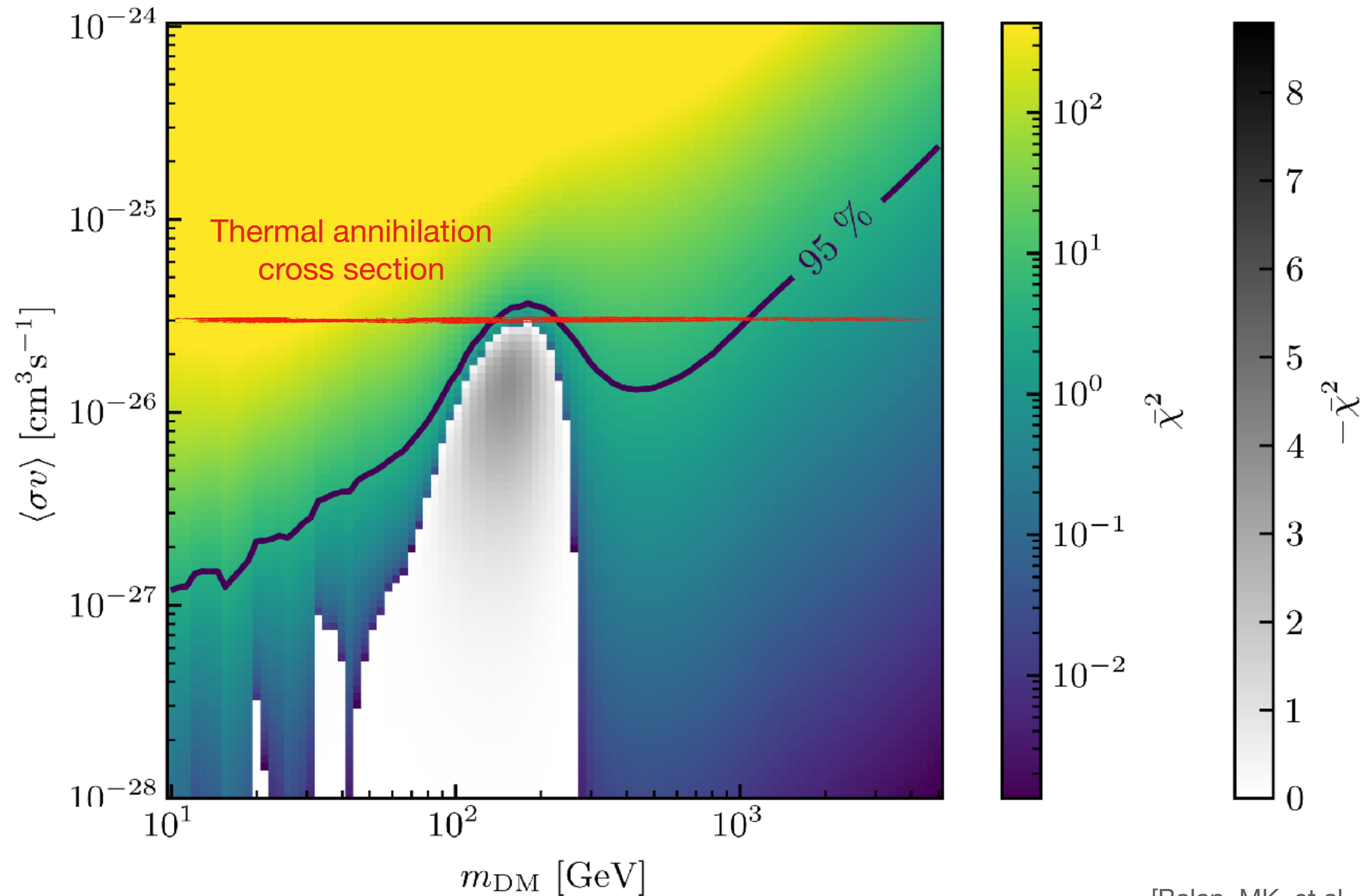


[Heisig, MK, Winkler, 2000]

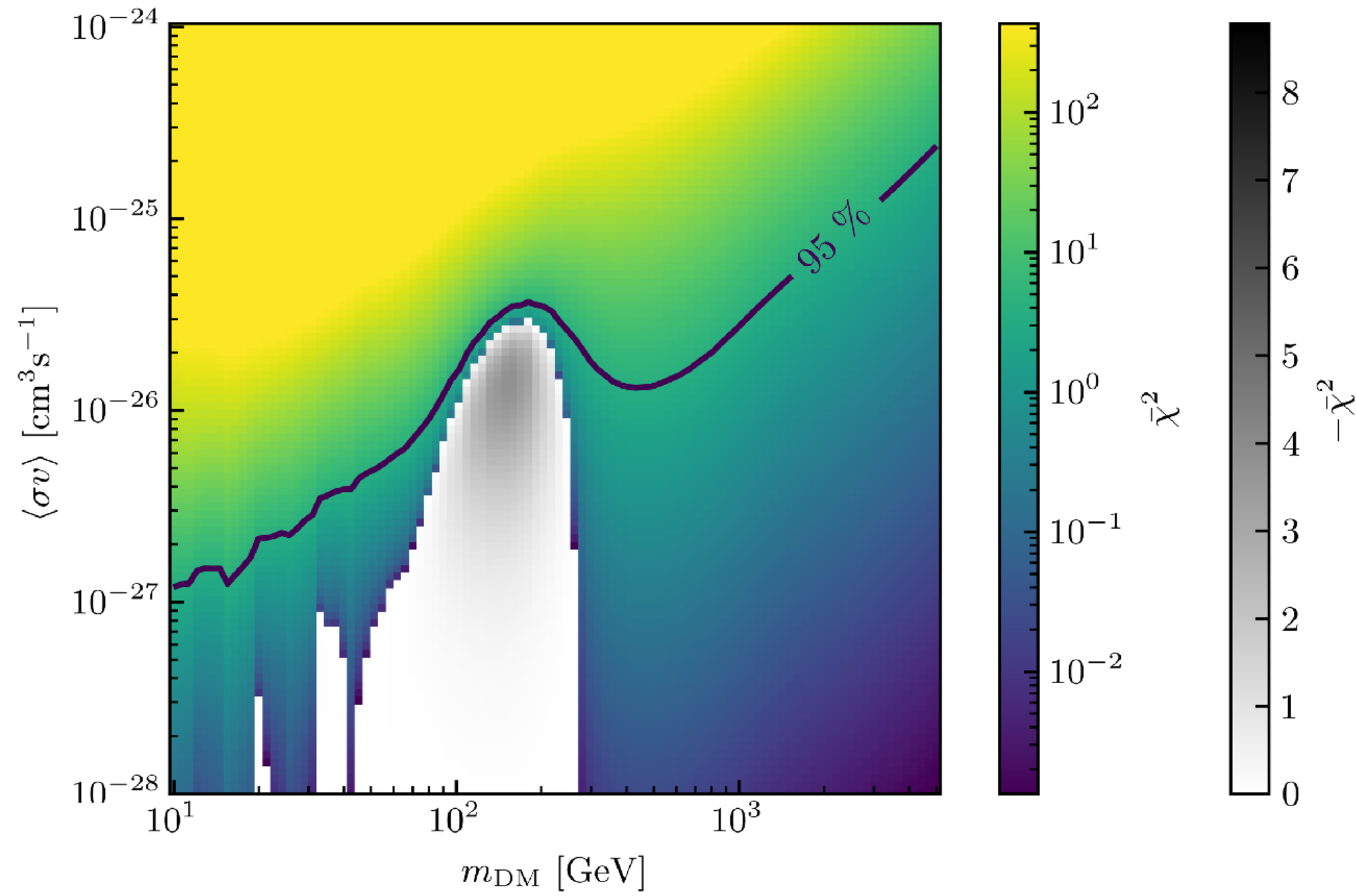
DM limit for DM annihilation into a pair of b quarks



DM limit for DM annihilation into a pair of b quarks

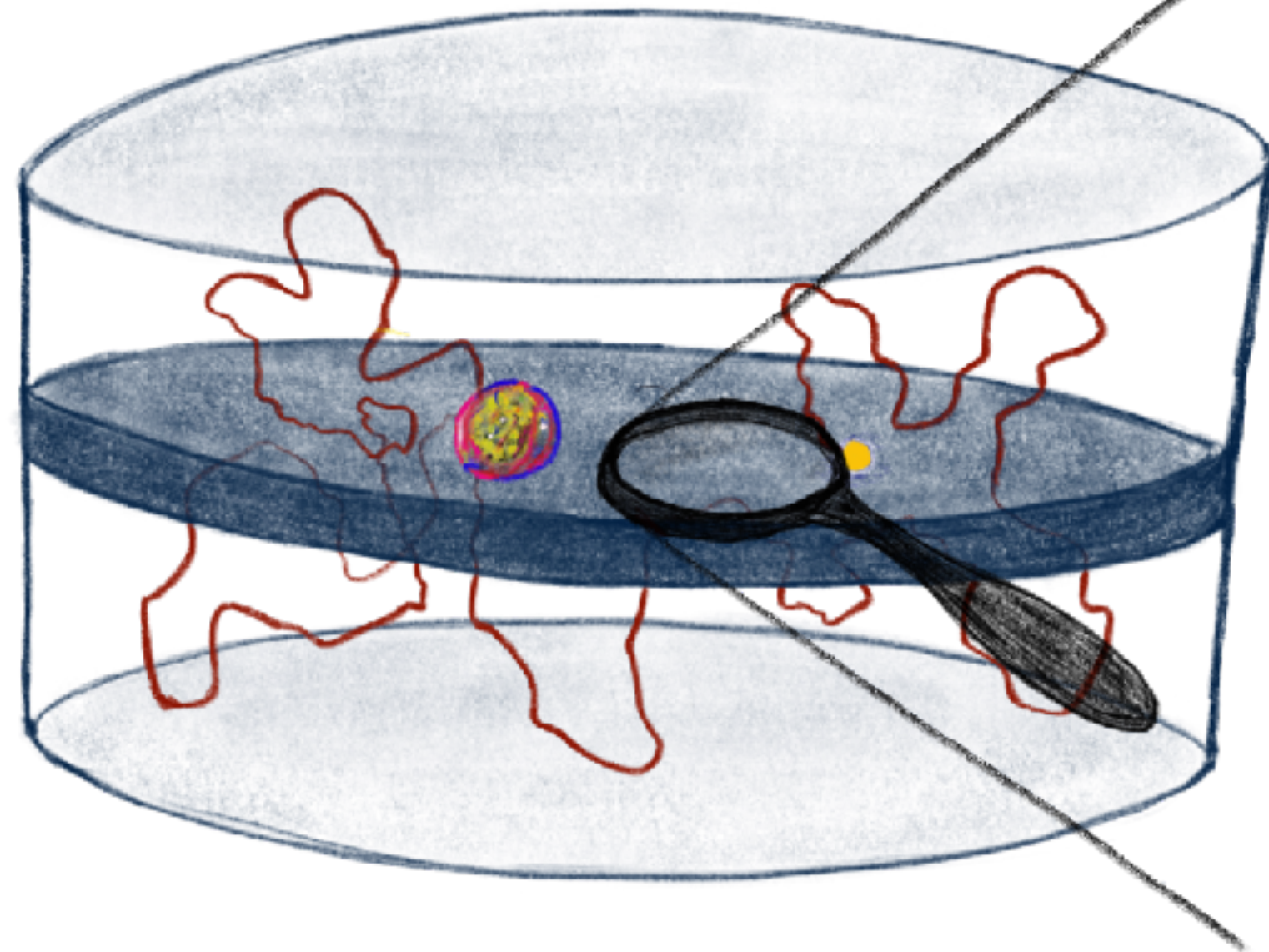


DM limit for DM annihilation into a pair of b quarks



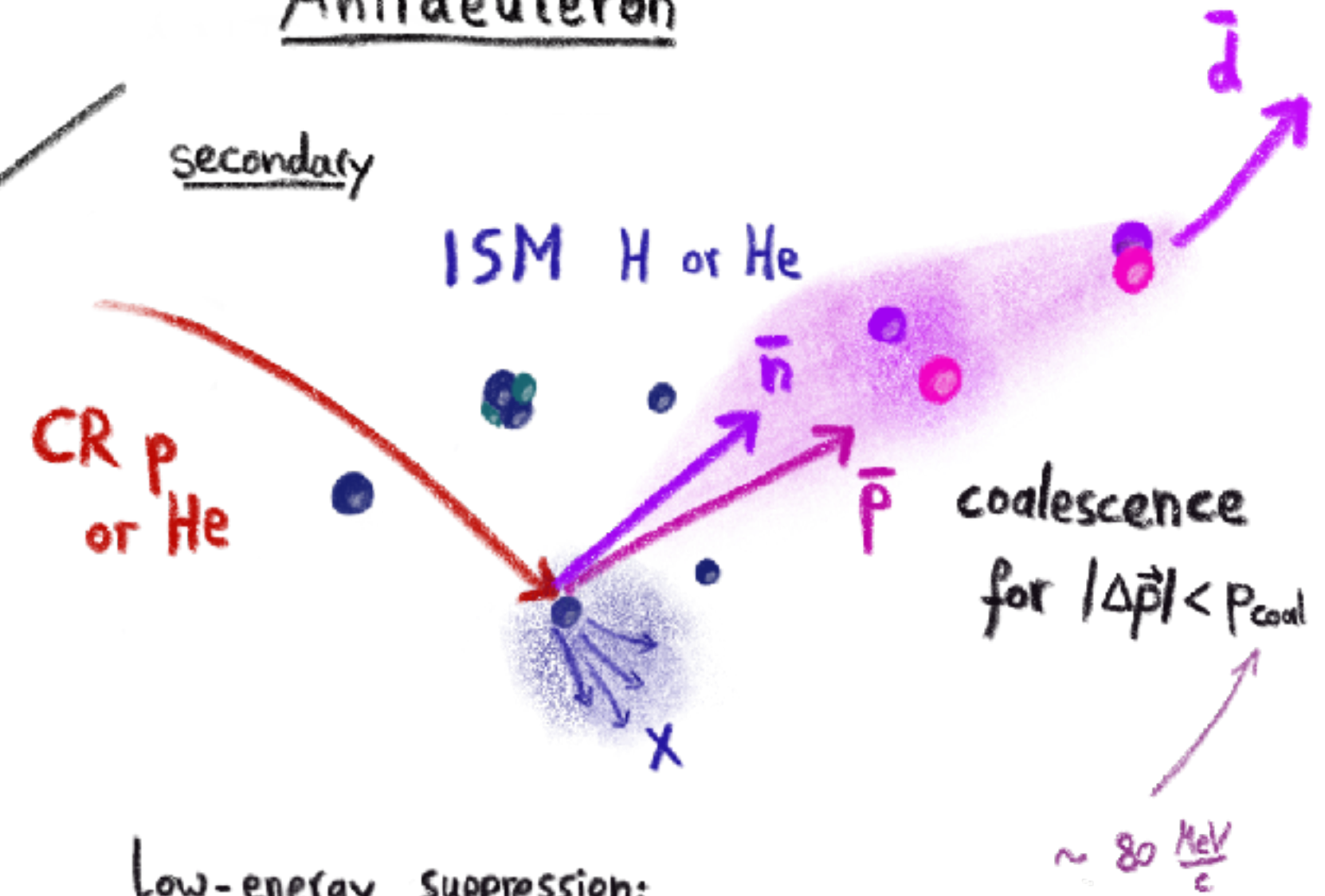
pbarlike





Antideuteron

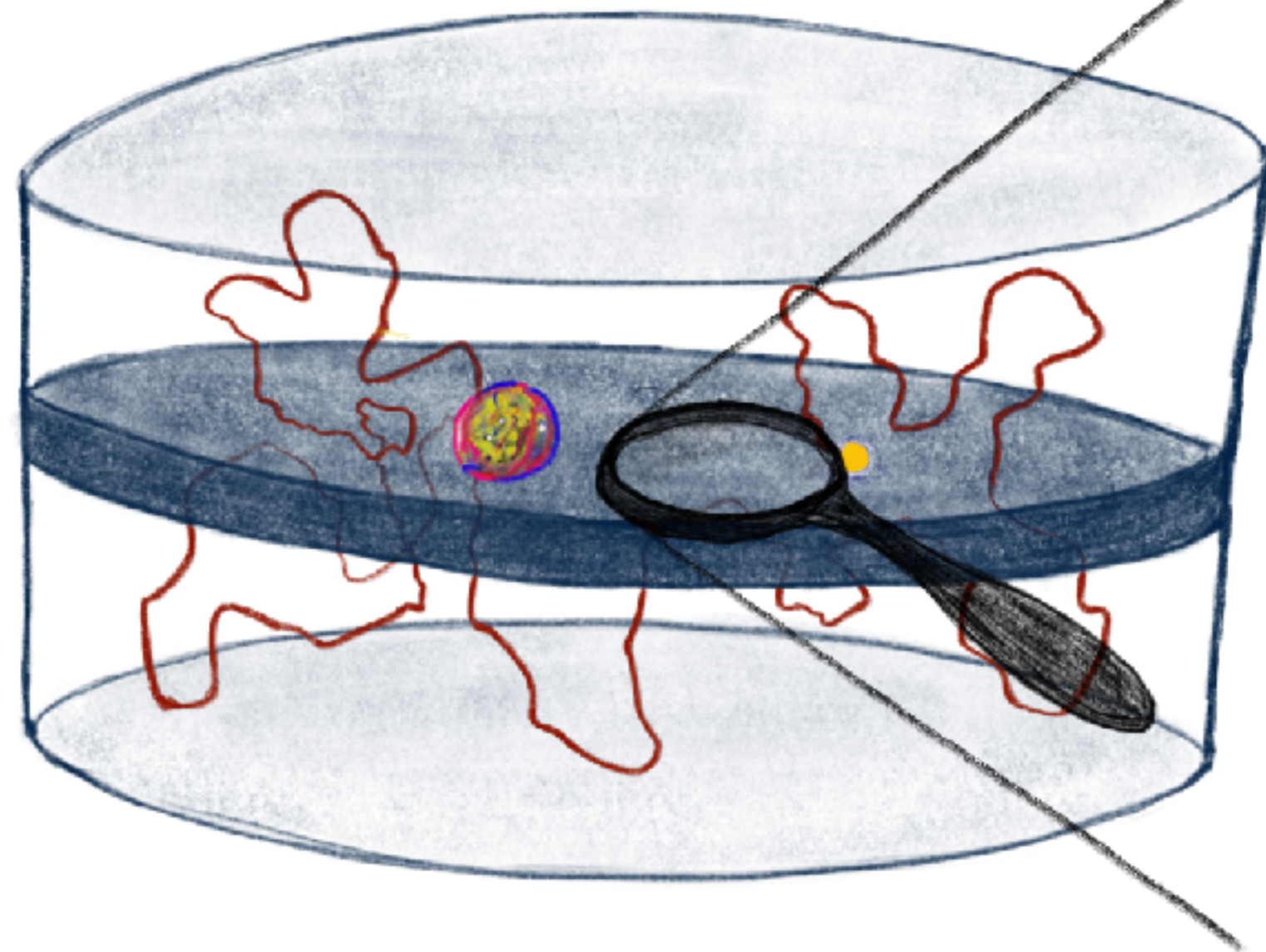
secondary



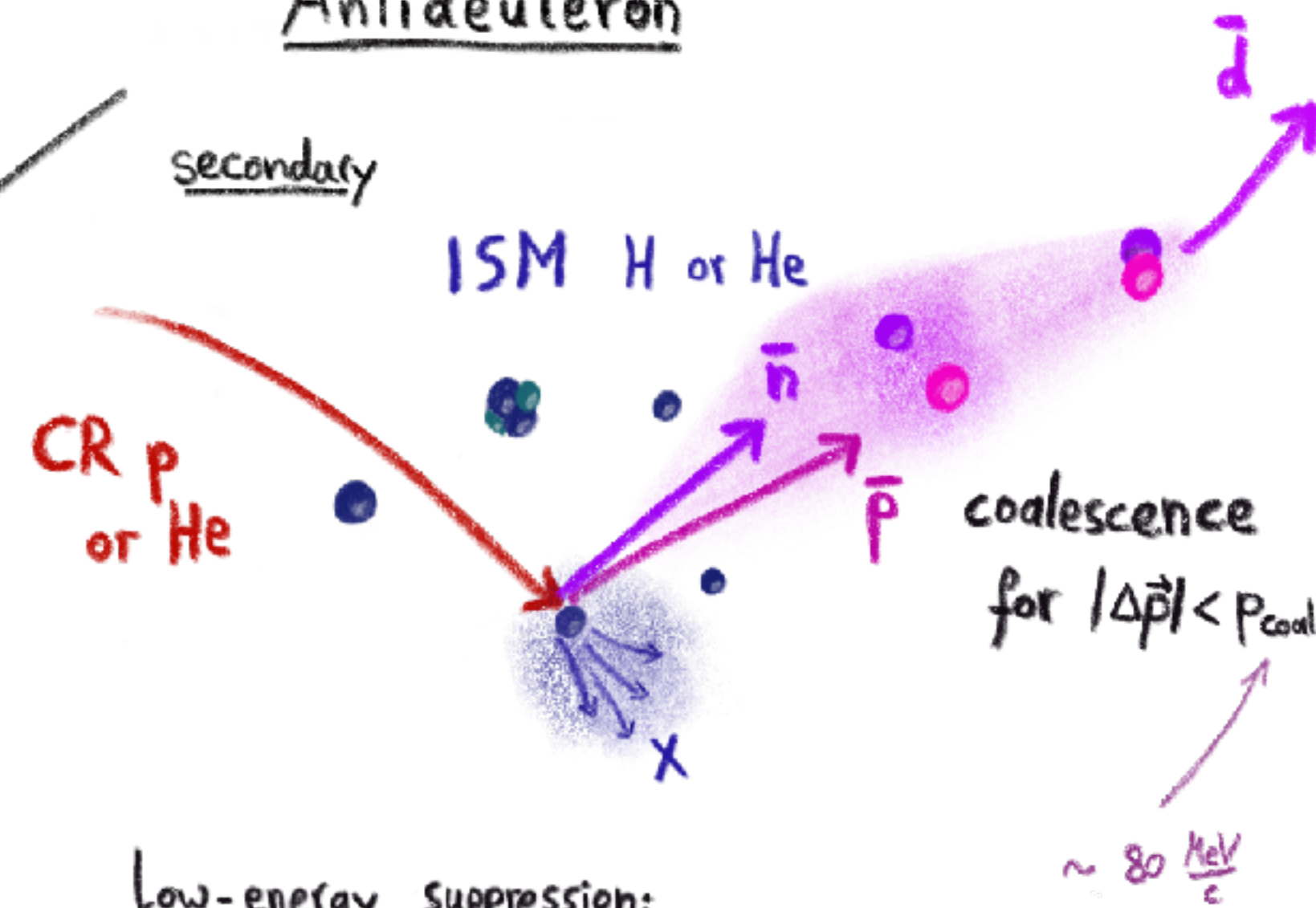
Low-energy suppression:

$$2E_p m_p + 2m_p^2 = \left[\begin{pmatrix} E_p \\ \vec{p}_p \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} m_p \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]^2 = M_{\text{sys}}^2 \geq (4m_p + 2m_n)^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \boxed{E_p \geq 17m_p}$$



Antideuteron



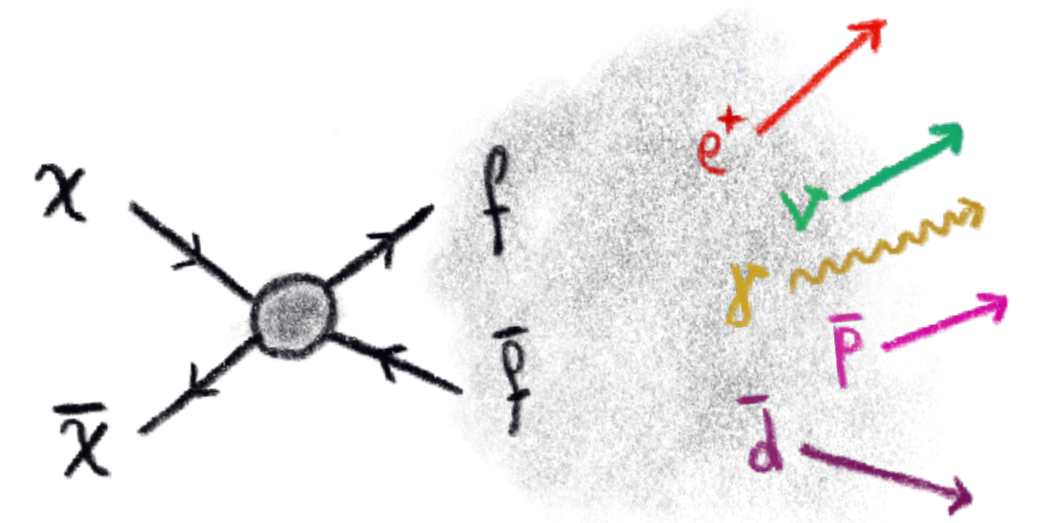
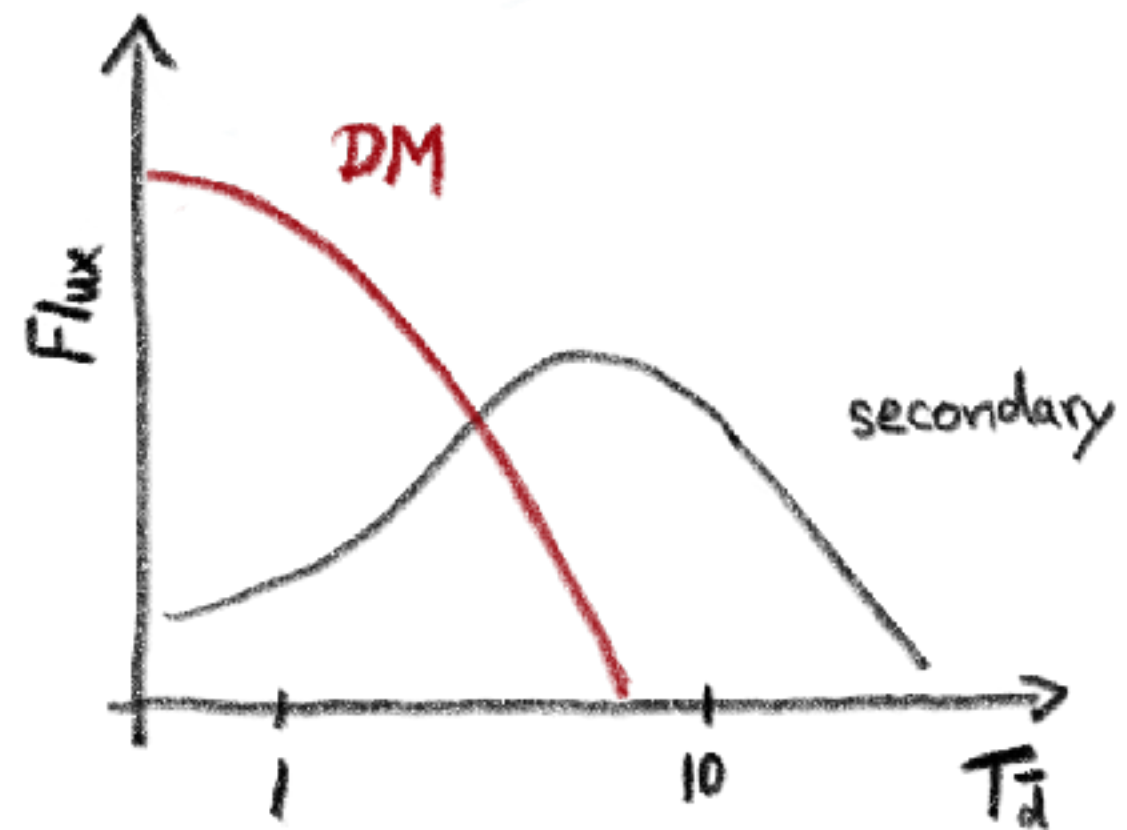
Low-energy suppression:

$$2E_p m_p + 2m_p^2 = \left[\left(\frac{E_p}{c^2} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m_p}{c} \right)^2 \right] = M_{\text{sys}}^2 \geq (4m_p + 2m_n)^2$$

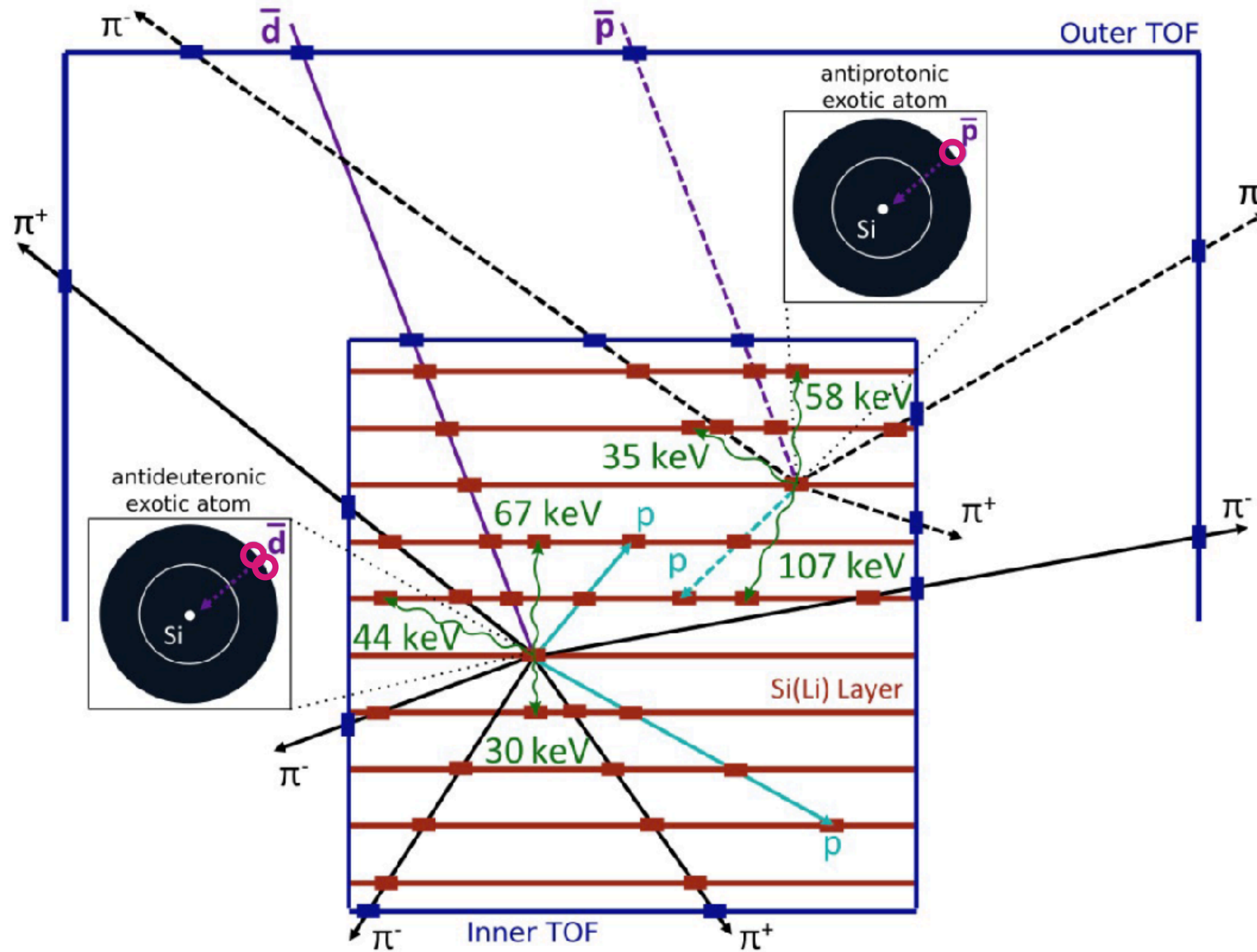
$$\Leftrightarrow \boxed{E_p \geq 17 m_p}$$

DM

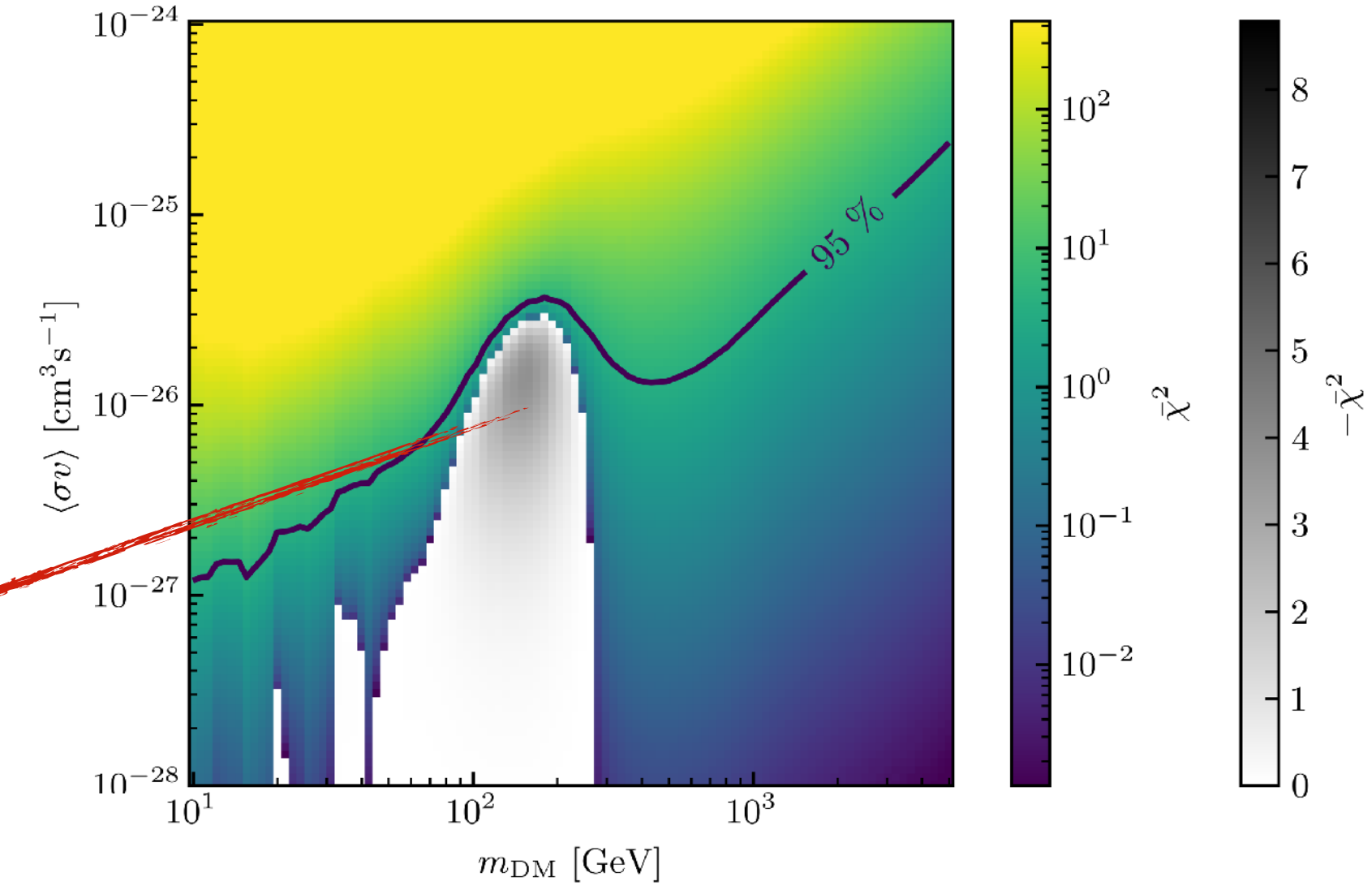
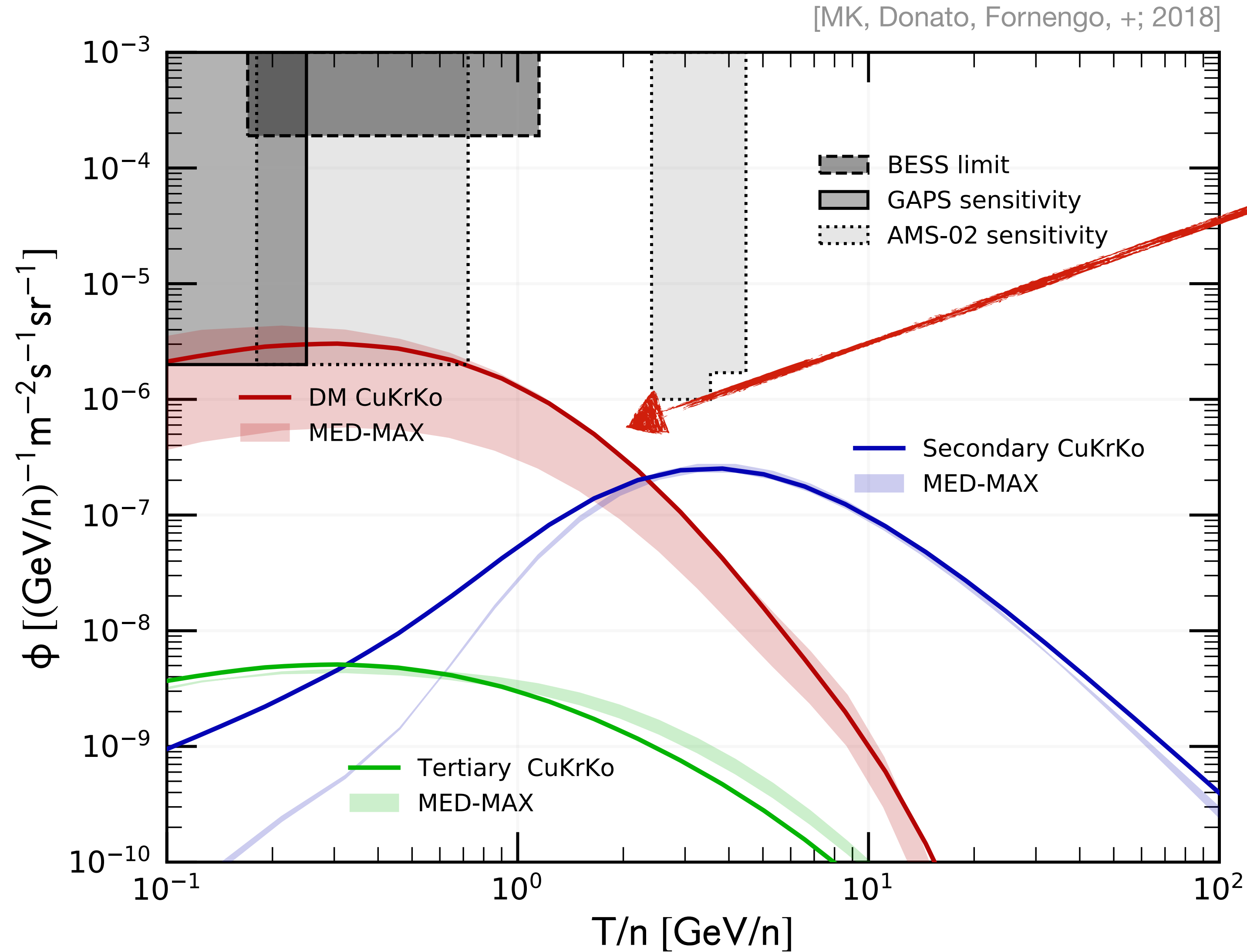
- Production by coalescence
- No low-energy suppression (annihilation at rest)



GAPS detector concept

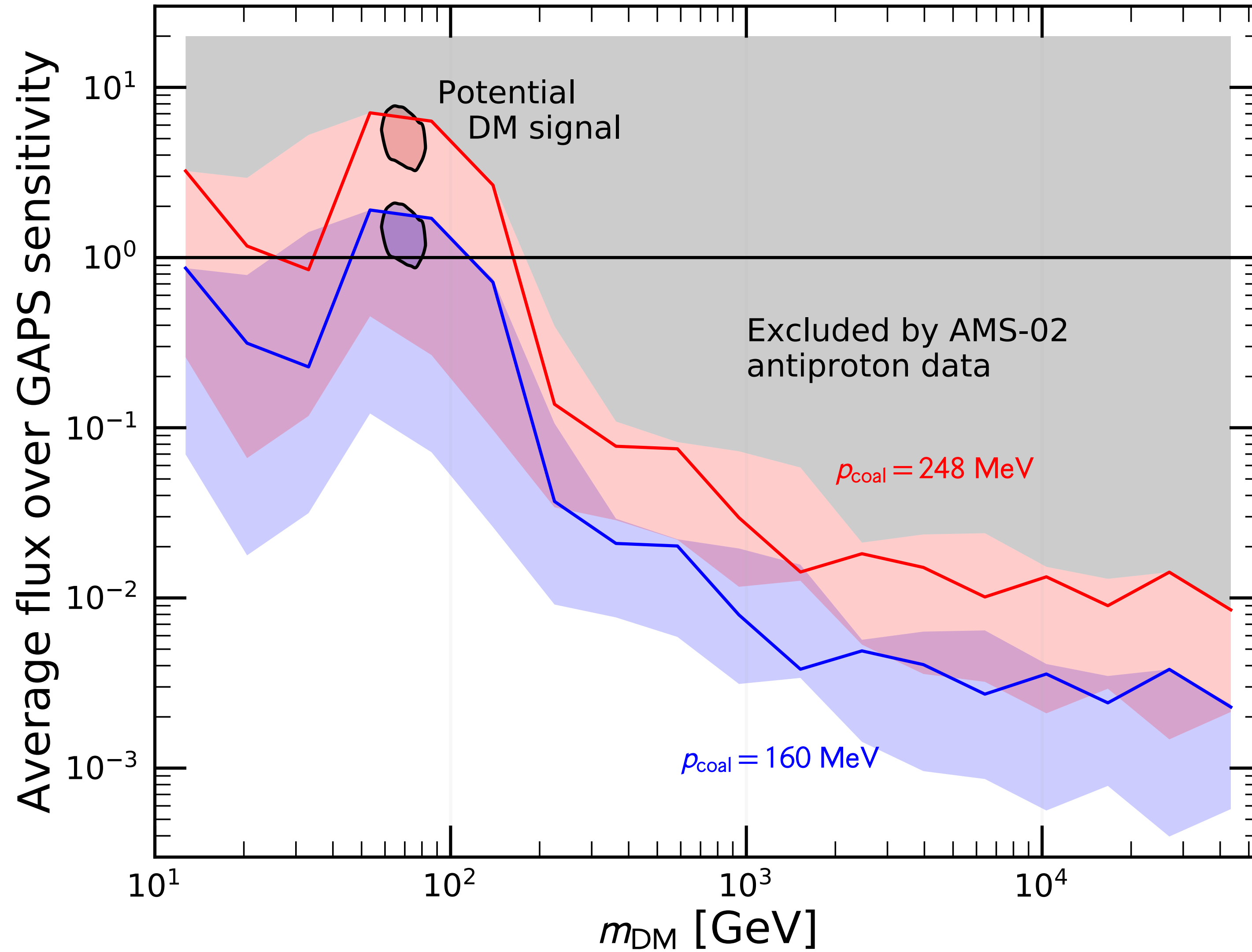


Predicted Antideuteron flux



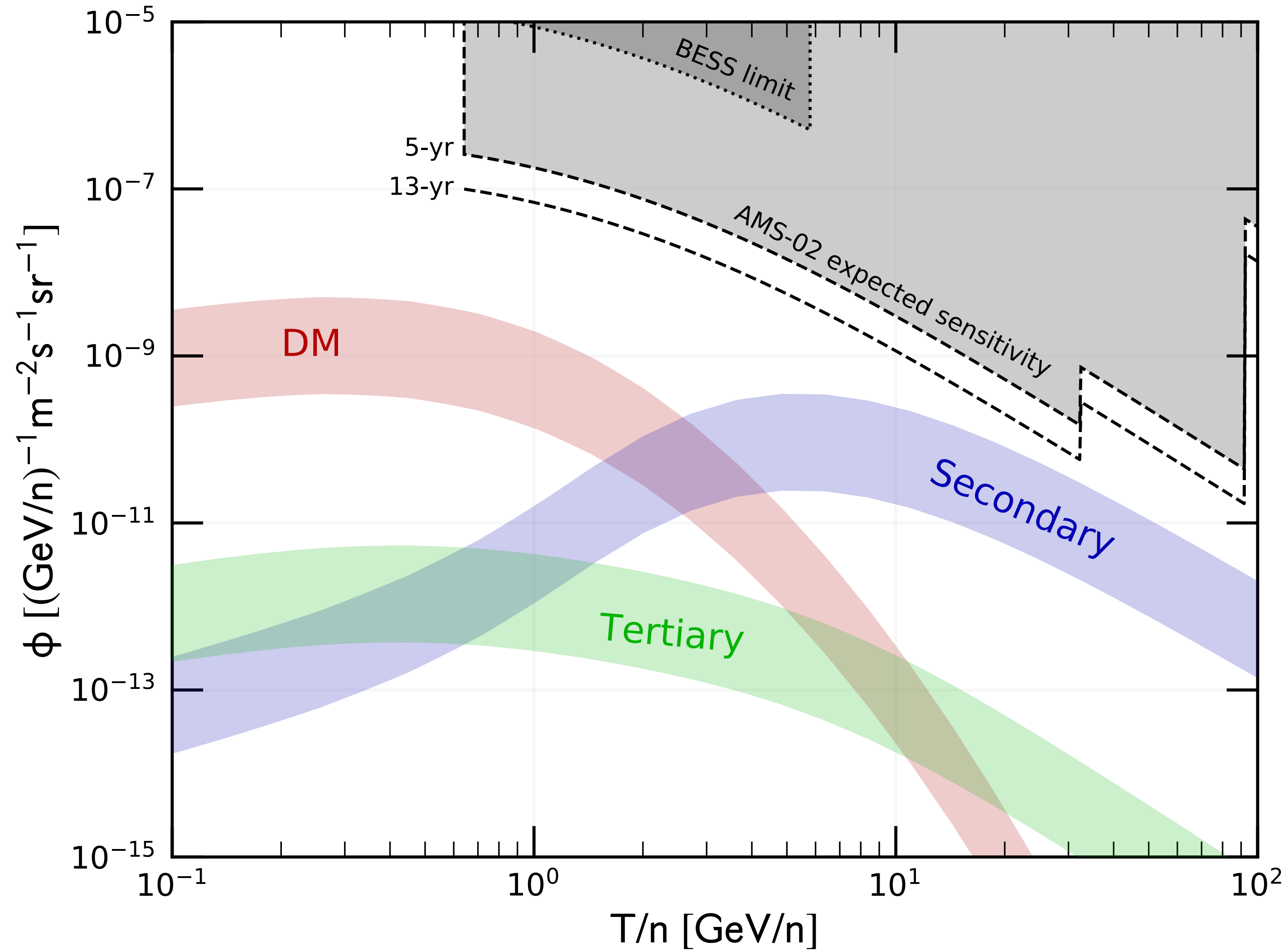
The DM “hint” in antiprotons might be in the sensitivity range of the (future) cosmic-ray experiments AMS-02 and GAPS.

Possible Dark Matter Antideuteron flux for GAPS

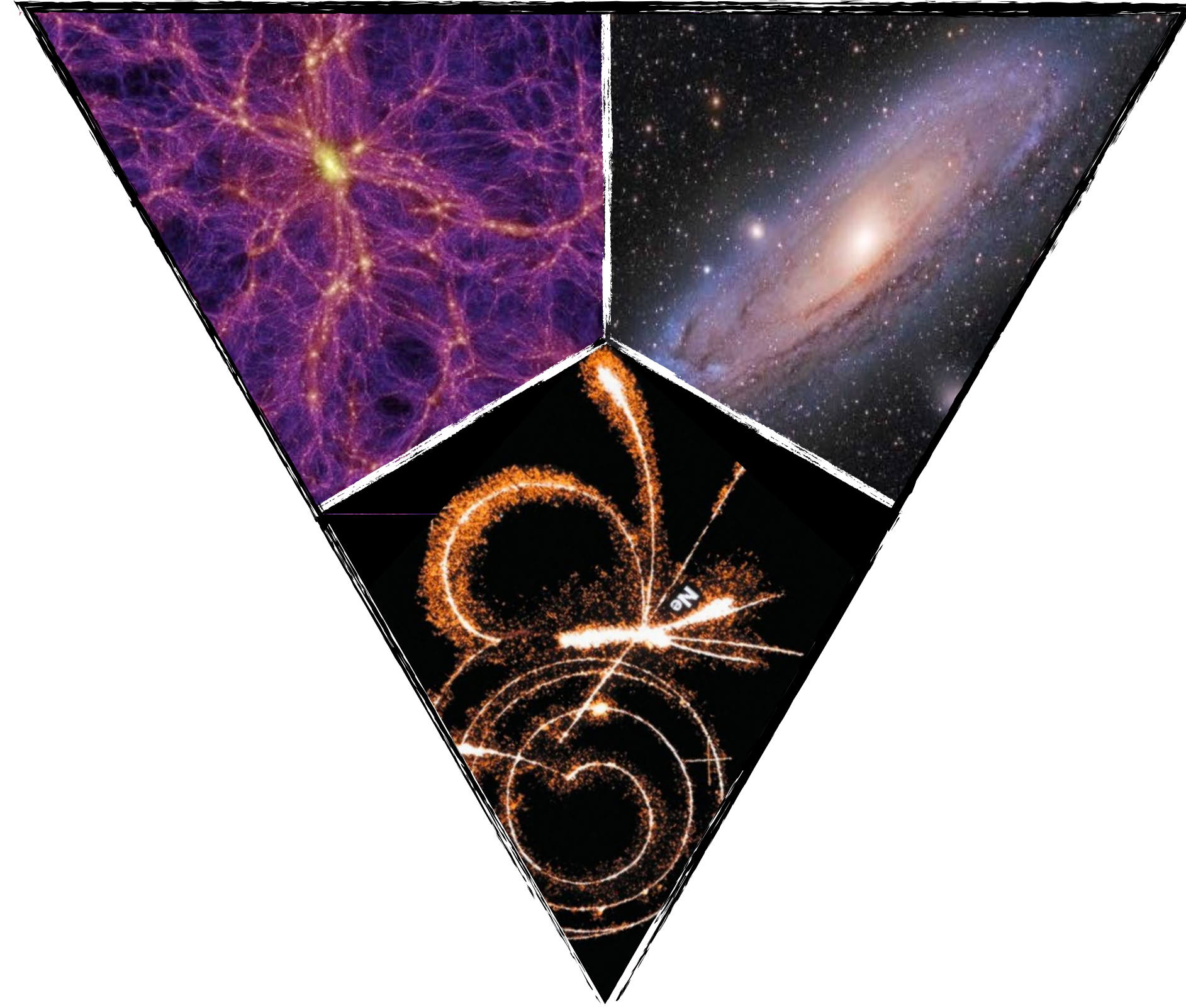


Predicted antihelium flux

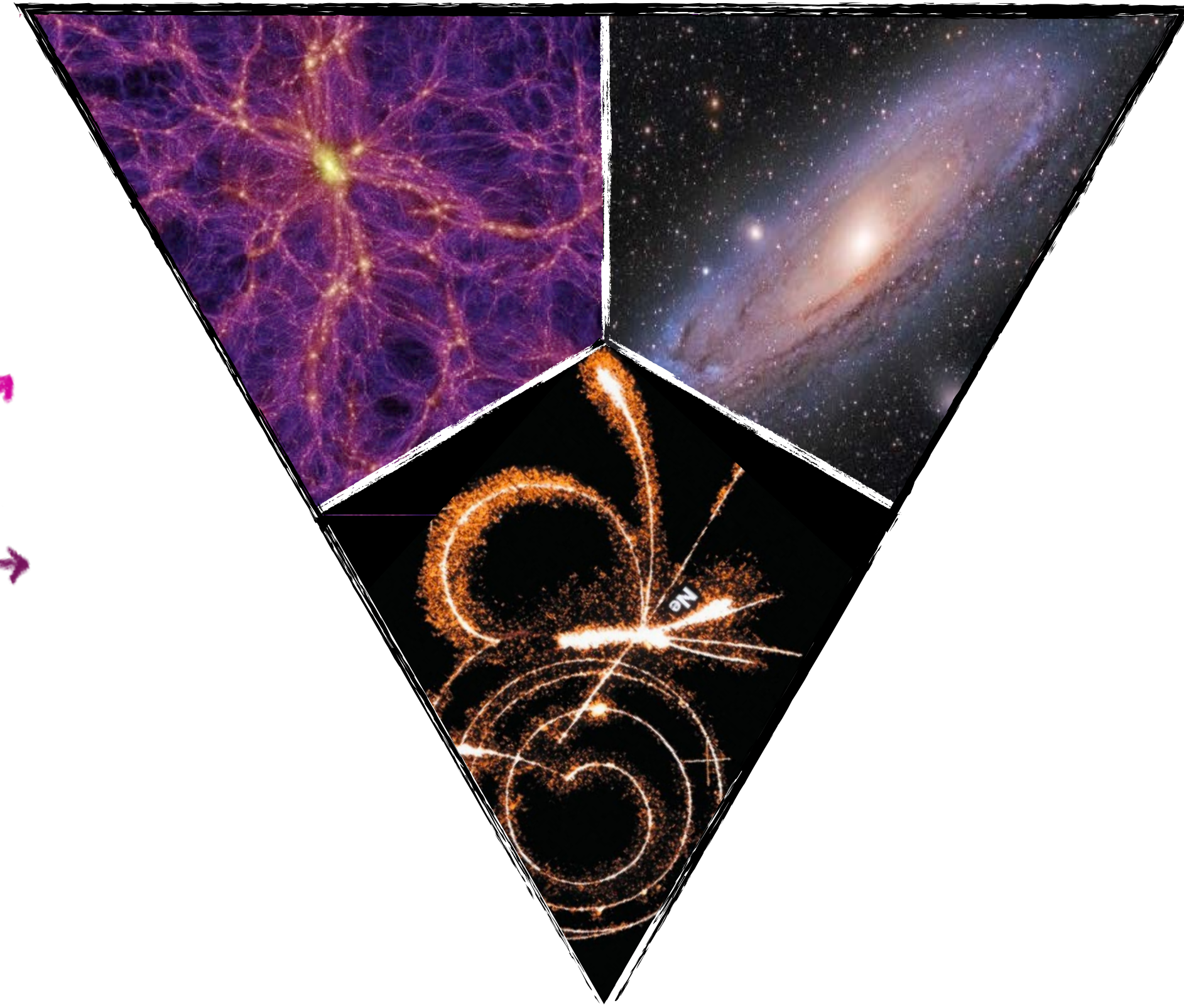
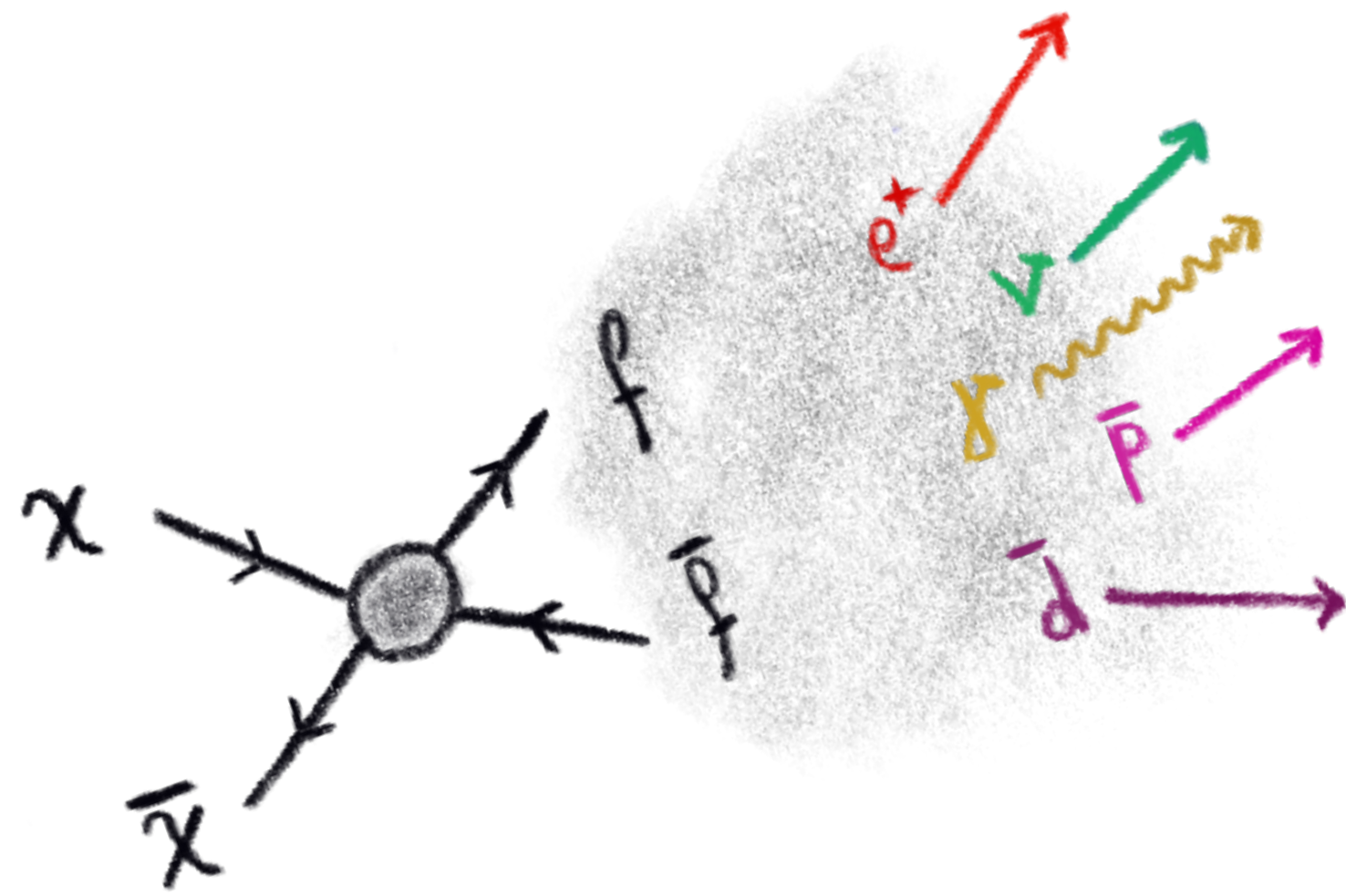
[MK, Donato, Fornengo, +; 2018]



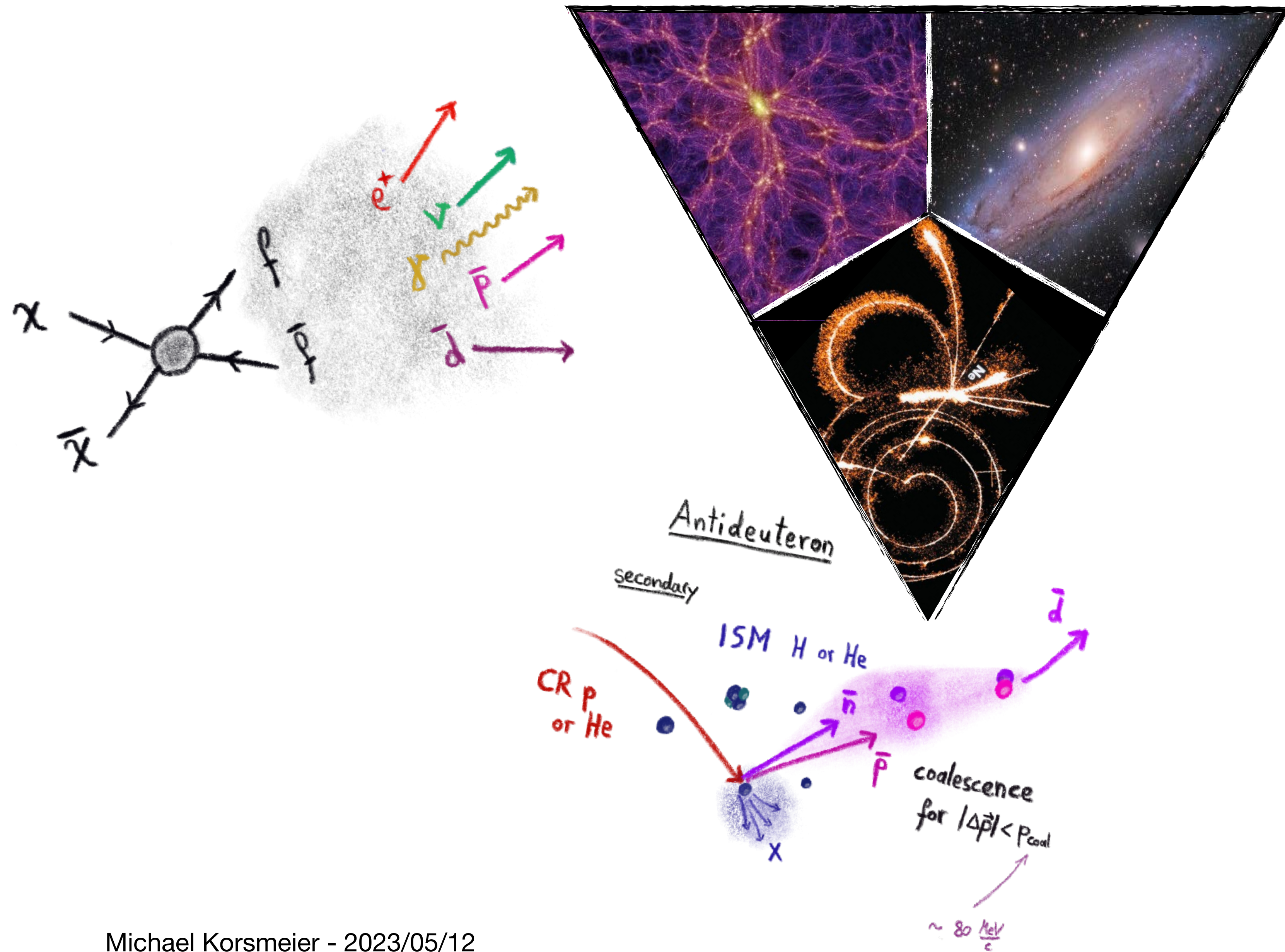
Summary



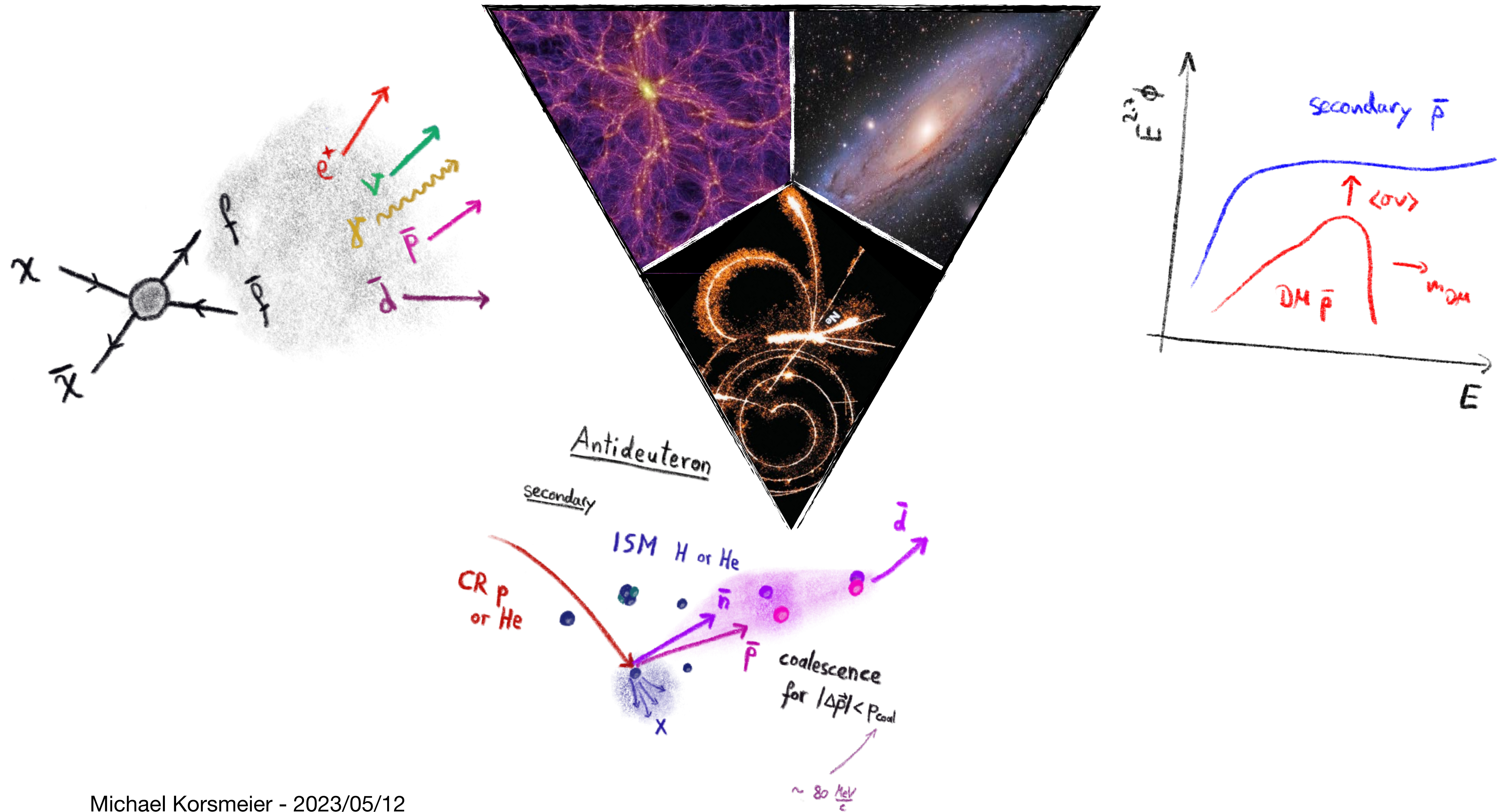
Summary



Summary



Summary



**Thank you for
your attention!**

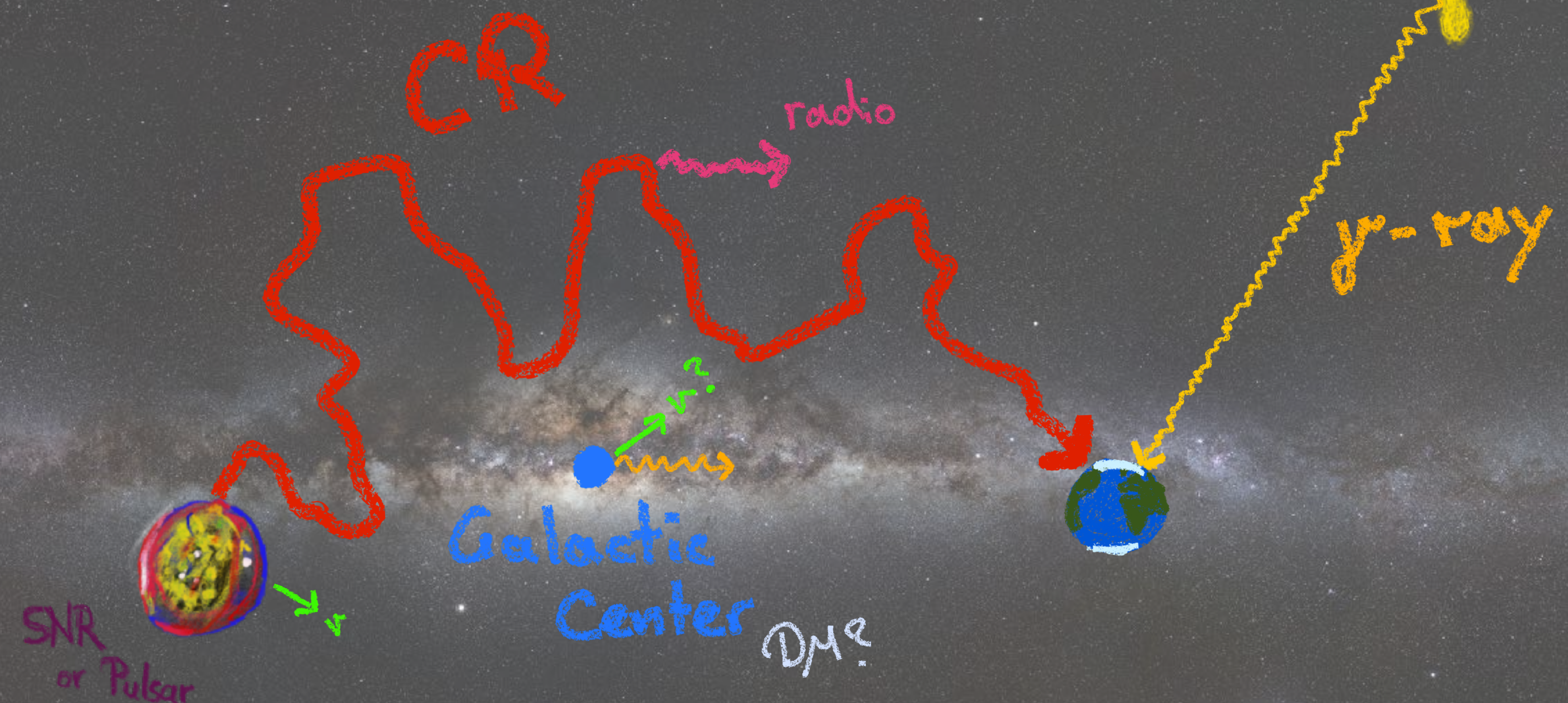


Backup

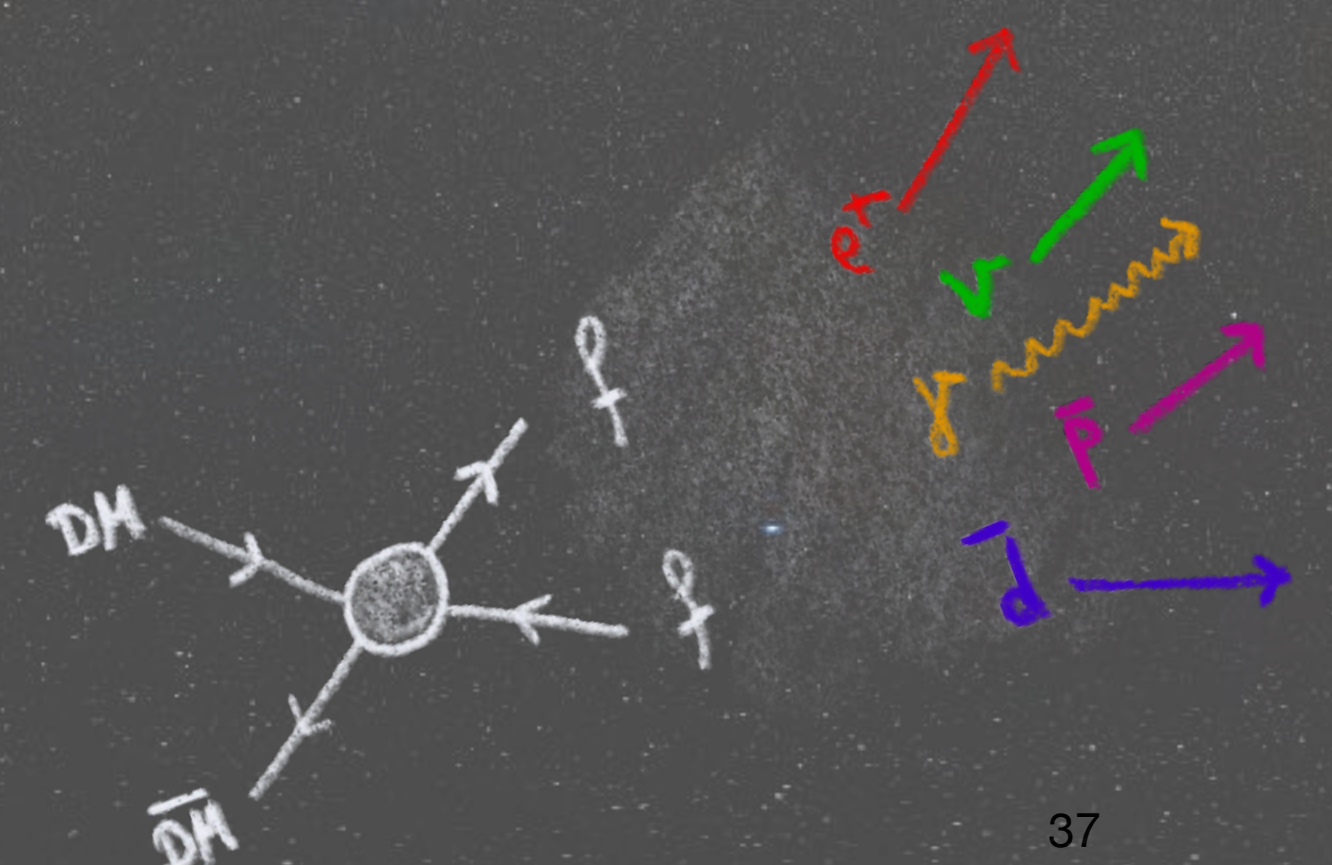
dwarf spheroidal

DM?

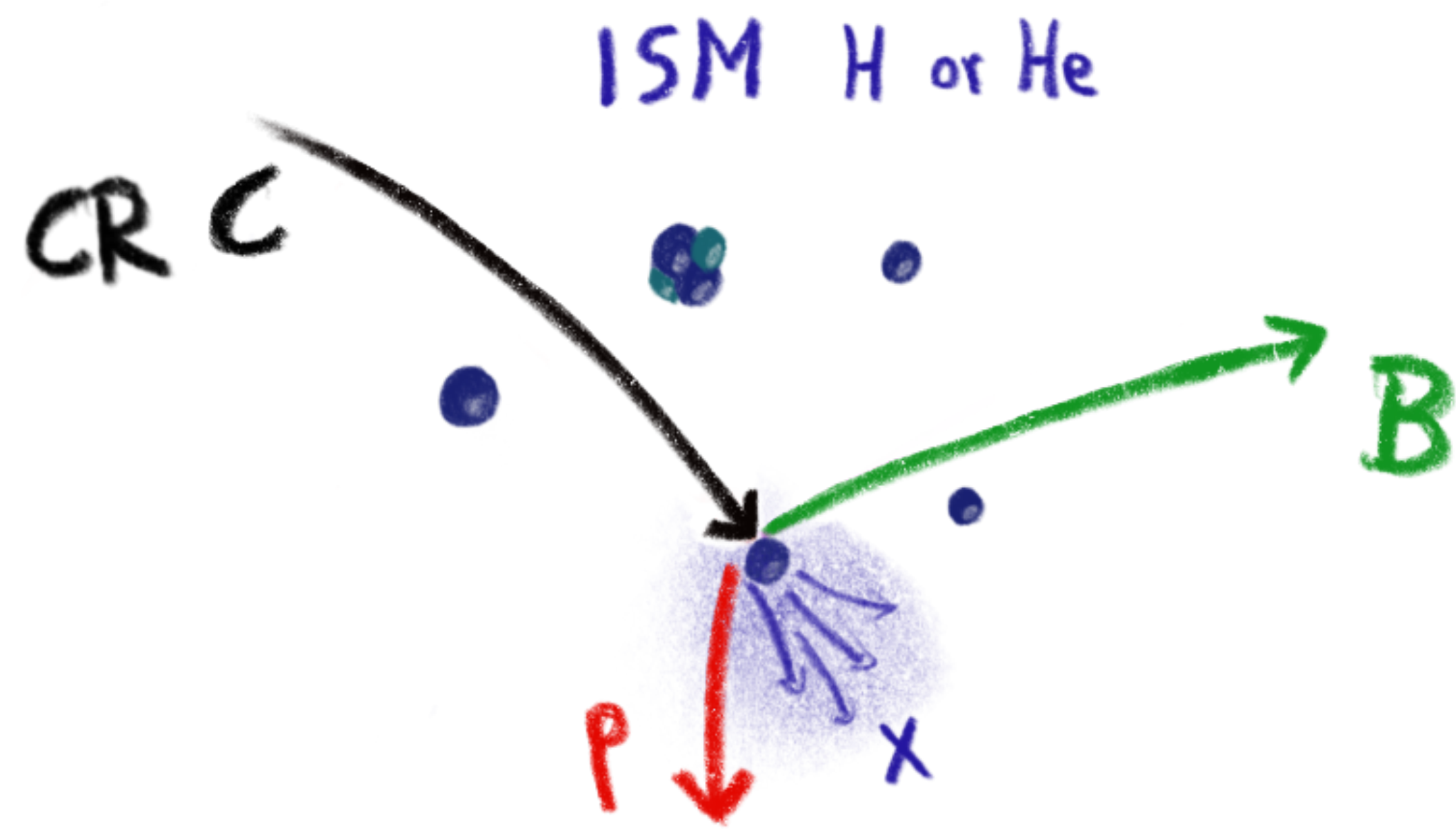
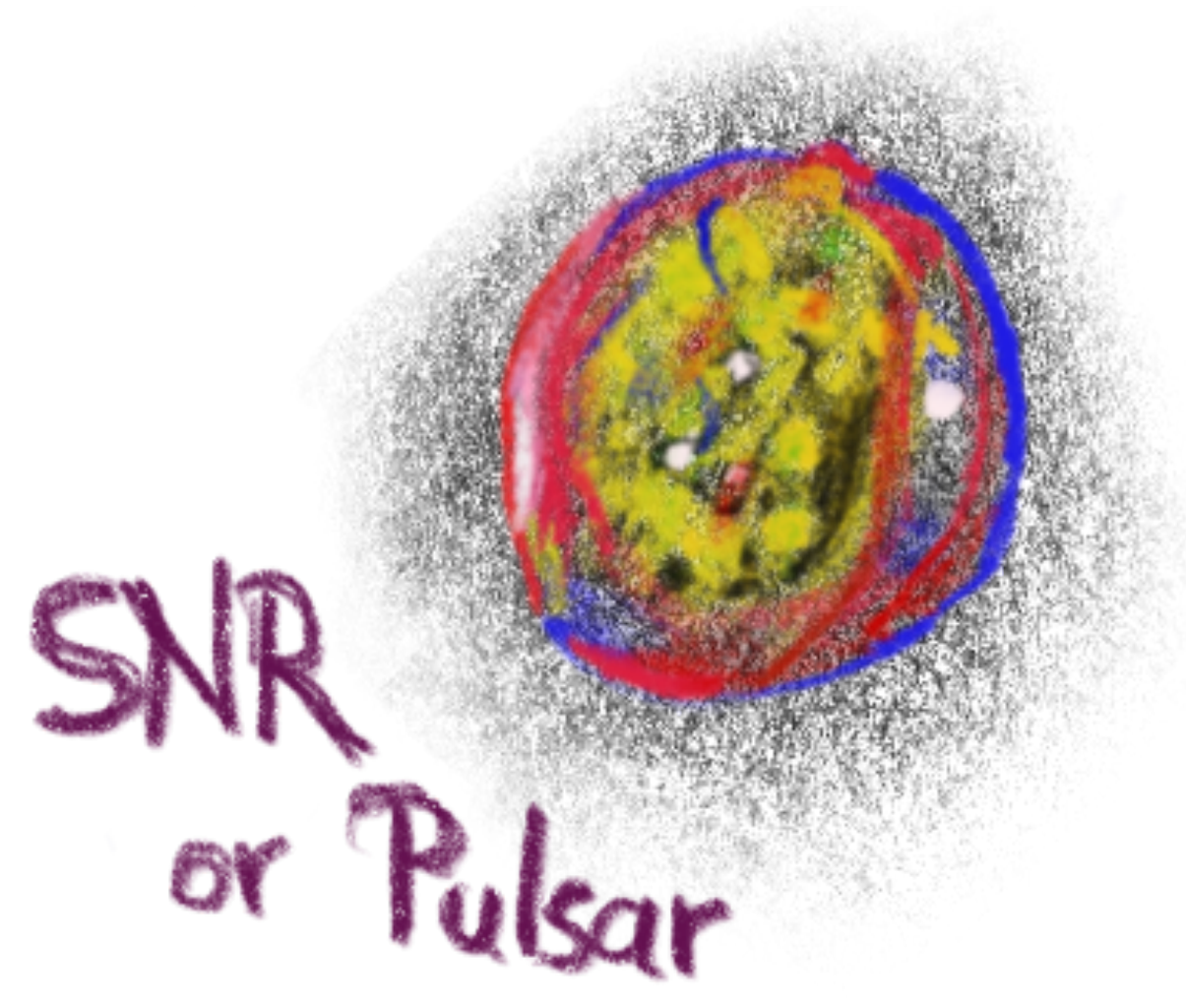
Blazar



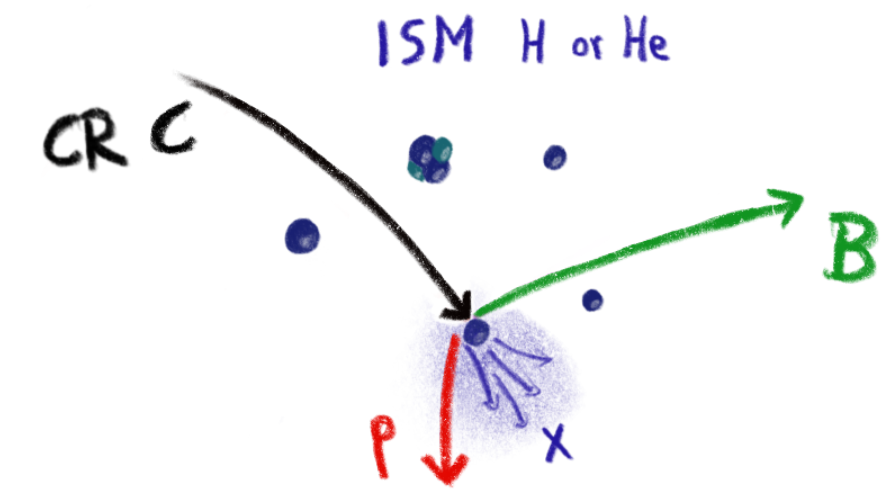
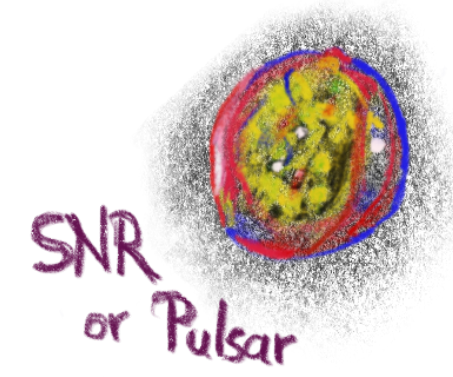
Dark Matter



Gramage



Gramage



$$\frac{dN_C}{d\ell} = -\frac{N_C}{\lambda_{\text{int}}}$$

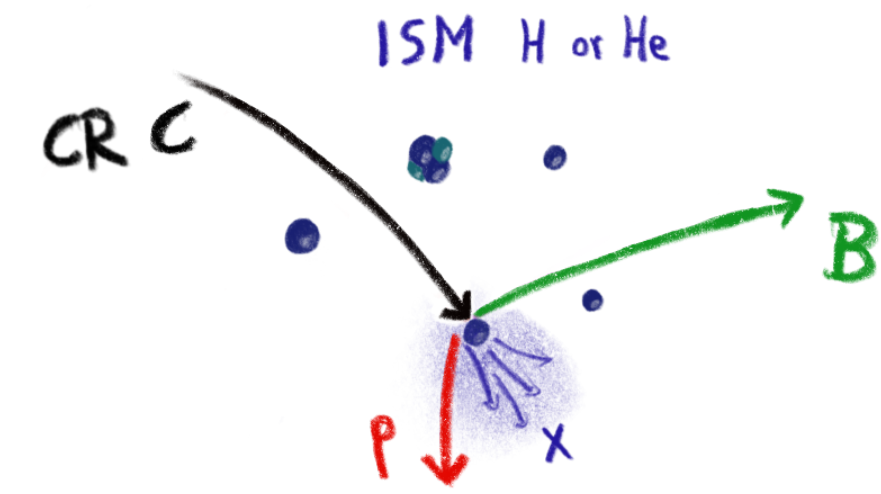
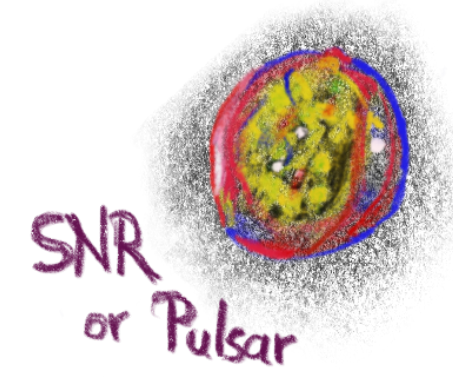
$$\frac{dN_B}{d\ell} = -\frac{N_B}{\lambda_{\text{int}}} + \frac{N_C}{\lambda_{C \rightarrow B}}$$

Gramage

$$X = \ell \cdot \rho$$

$$\frac{dN_C}{dX} = - \frac{\sigma_{\text{inel},C}}{m_p} N_C$$

$$\frac{dN_B}{dX} = - \frac{\sigma_{\text{inel},B}}{m_p} N_B + \frac{\sigma_{C \rightarrow B}}{m_p} N_C$$



Grammage

$$X = \ell \cdot \rho$$

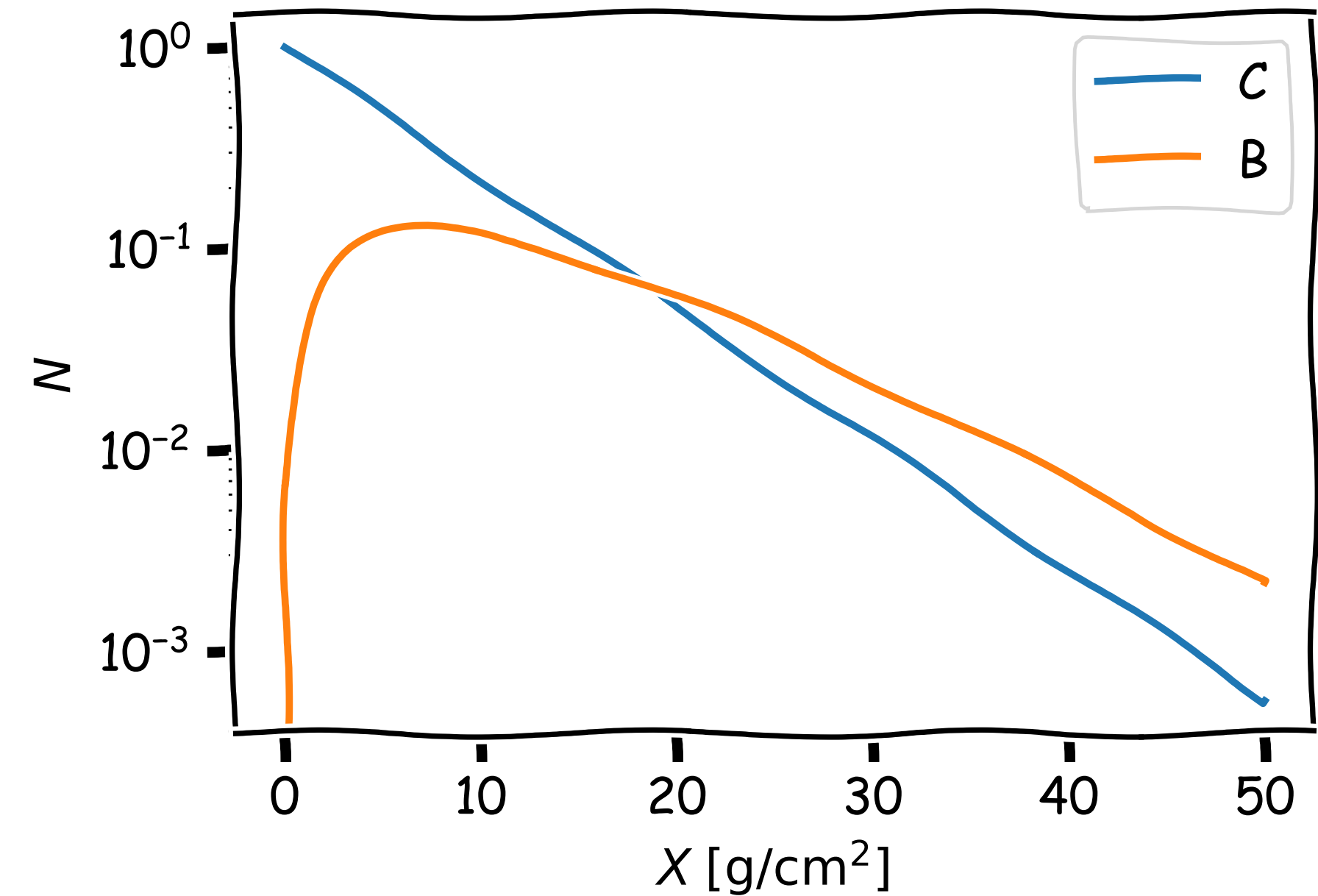
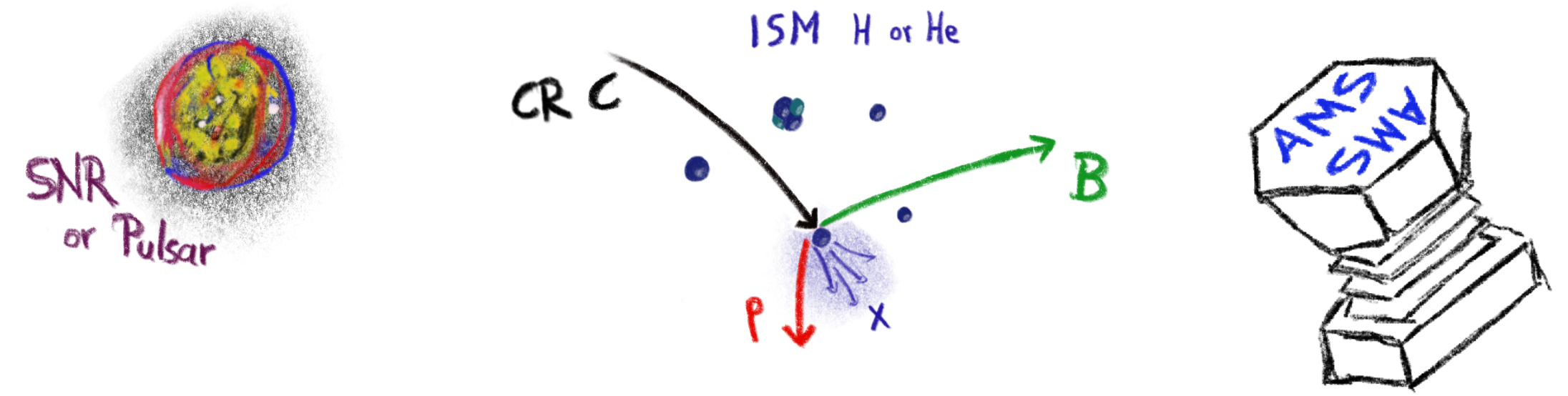
$$N_C = N_0 \exp\left(-\frac{\sigma_{\text{inel},C}}{m_p} X\right)$$

$$\frac{N_B}{N_C} = \frac{\sigma_{C \rightarrow B}}{\sigma_{\text{inel},C} - \sigma_{\text{inel},B}} \left[\exp\left(\frac{\sigma_{\text{inel},C} - \sigma_{\text{inel},B}}{m_p} X\right) - 1 \right]$$

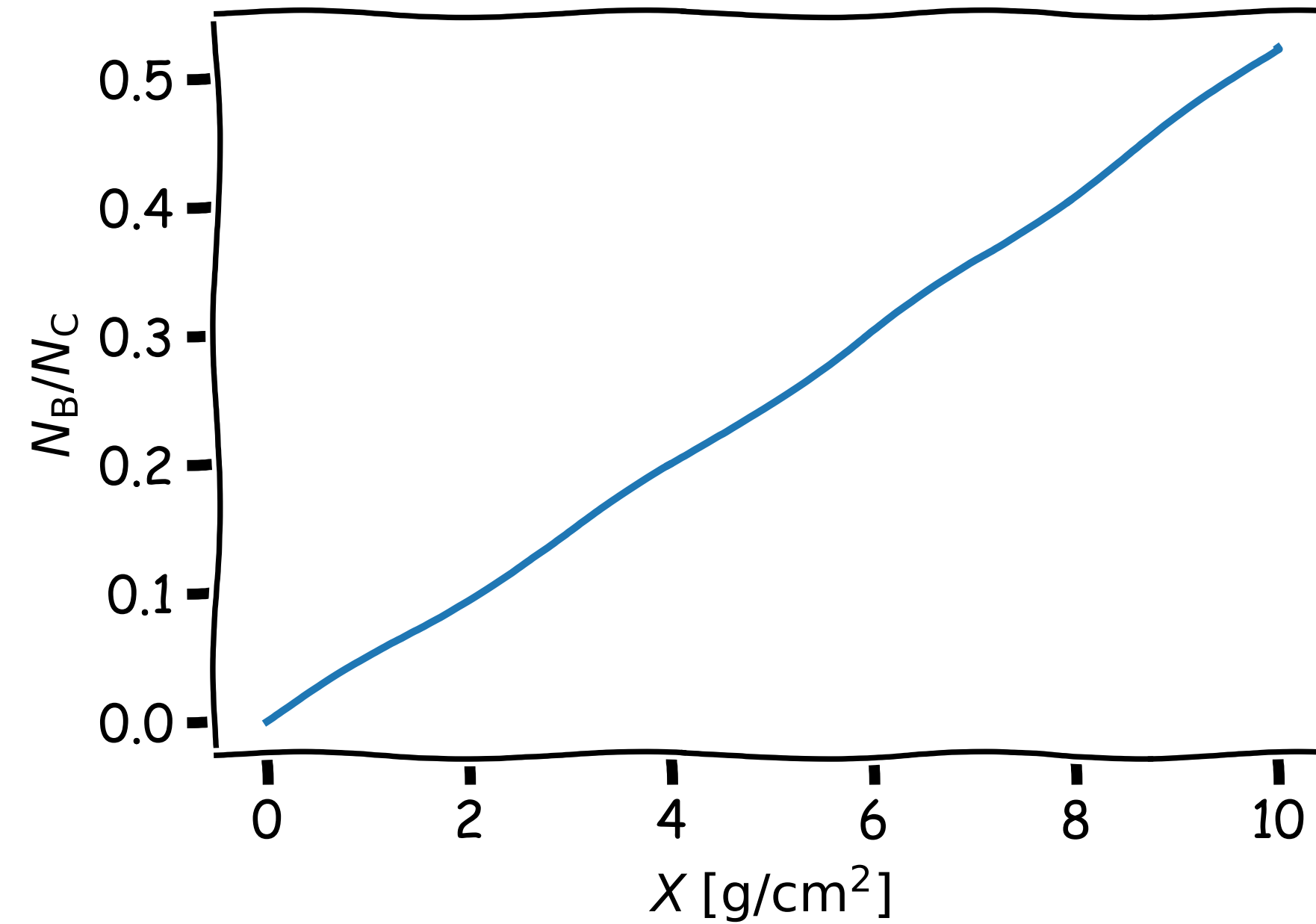
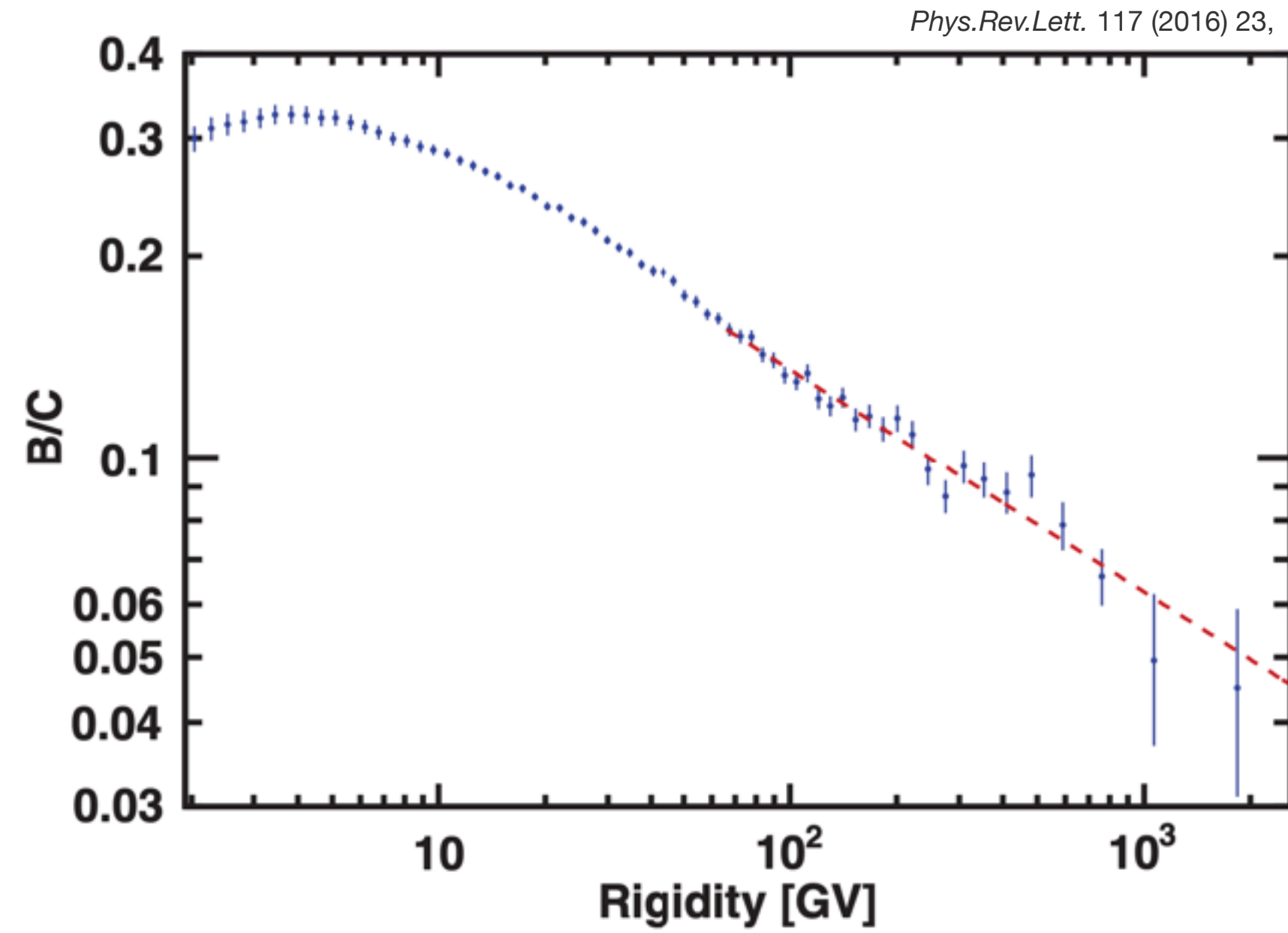
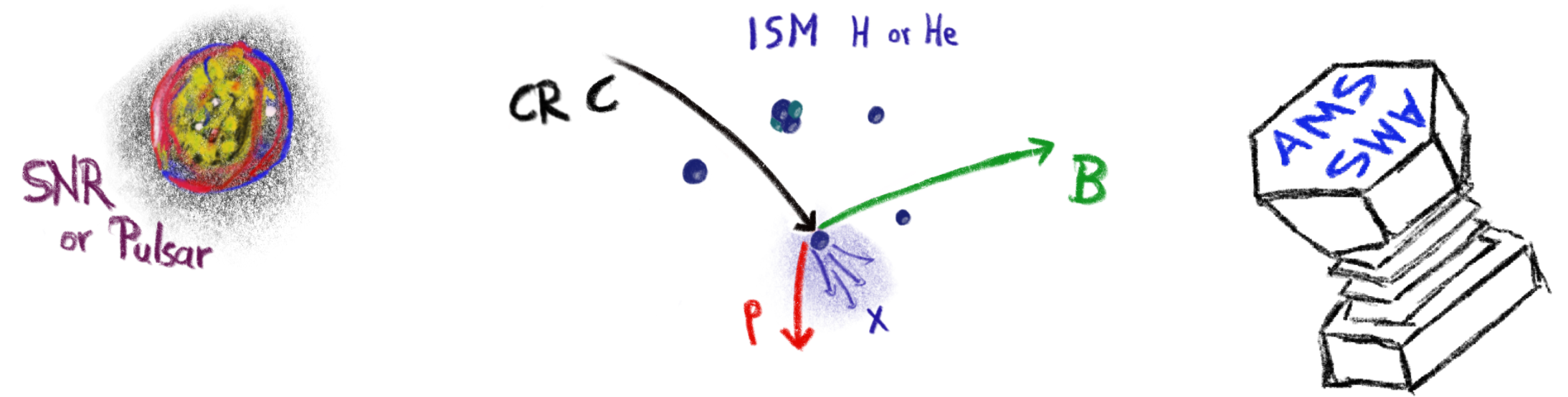
$$\sigma_{C,\text{inel}} \sim 250 \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_{B,\text{inel}} \sim 220 \text{ mb}$$

$$\sigma_{C \rightarrow B} \sim 80 \text{ mb}$$



Gramage



$$B/C \sim 0.3 \quad (\text{at } 10 \text{ GV})$$

$$X_{10 \text{ GeV}} \sim 6 \text{ g/cm}^2$$

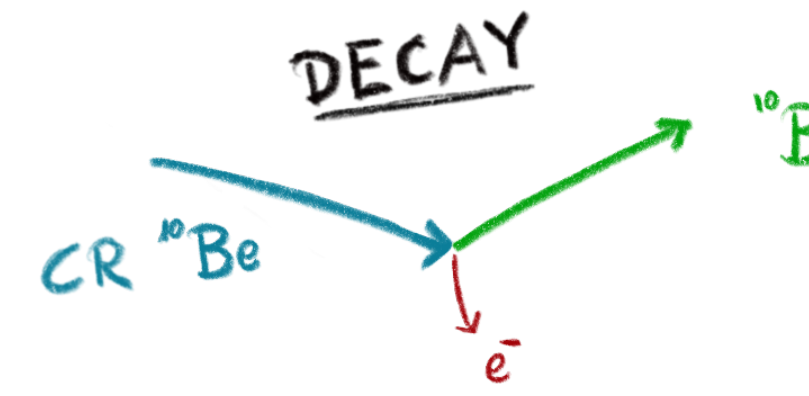
$$X_{\text{Galactic disc}} \sim 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g/cm}^2$$

CRs traverse the Galactic disc for a few thousand times → diffusion!

Cosmic-Ray Clocks



Cosmic-Ray Clocks

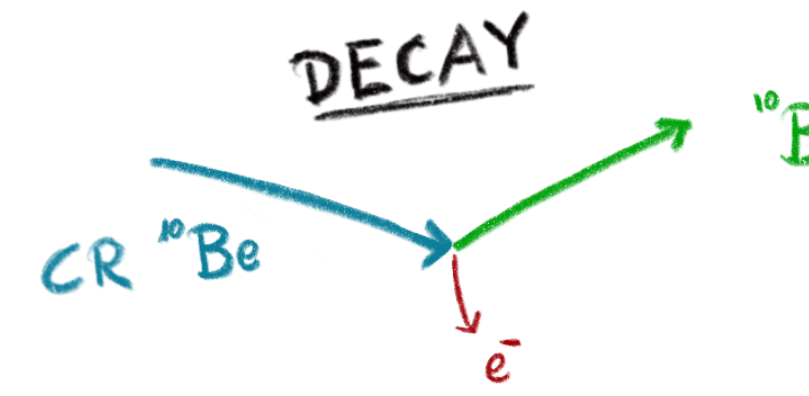


The Leaky Box Model

$$\frac{dN_{9\text{Be}}}{dt} = -\frac{N_{9\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{esc}}} - \frac{N_{9\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{int},9}} + Q_9$$

$$\frac{dN_{10\text{Be}}}{dt} = -\frac{N_{10\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{esc}}} - \frac{N_{10\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{int},10}} - \frac{N_{10\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{dec},10}} + Q_{10}$$

Cosmic-Ray Clocks

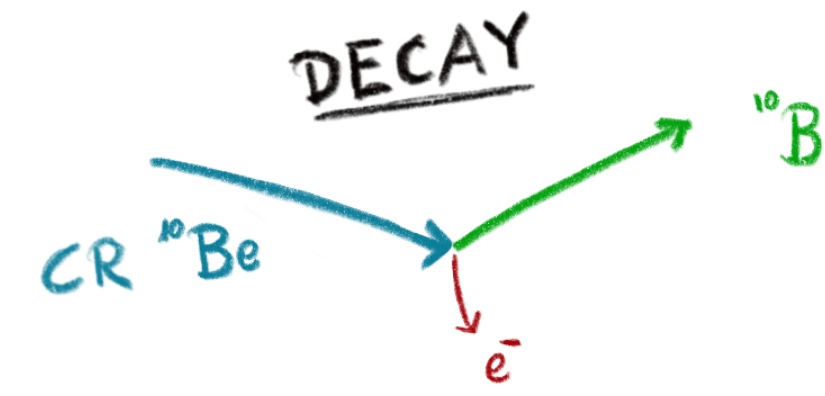


The Leaky Box Model

$$0 = -\frac{N_{9\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{esc}}} - \frac{N_{9\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{int},9}} + \frac{N_{\text{CNO}}}{t_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow 9\text{Be}}}$$

$$0 = -\frac{N_{10\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{esc}}} - \frac{N_{10\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{int},10}} - \frac{N_{10\text{Be}}}{t_{\text{dec},10}} + \frac{N_{\text{CNO}}}{t_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow 10\text{Be}}}$$

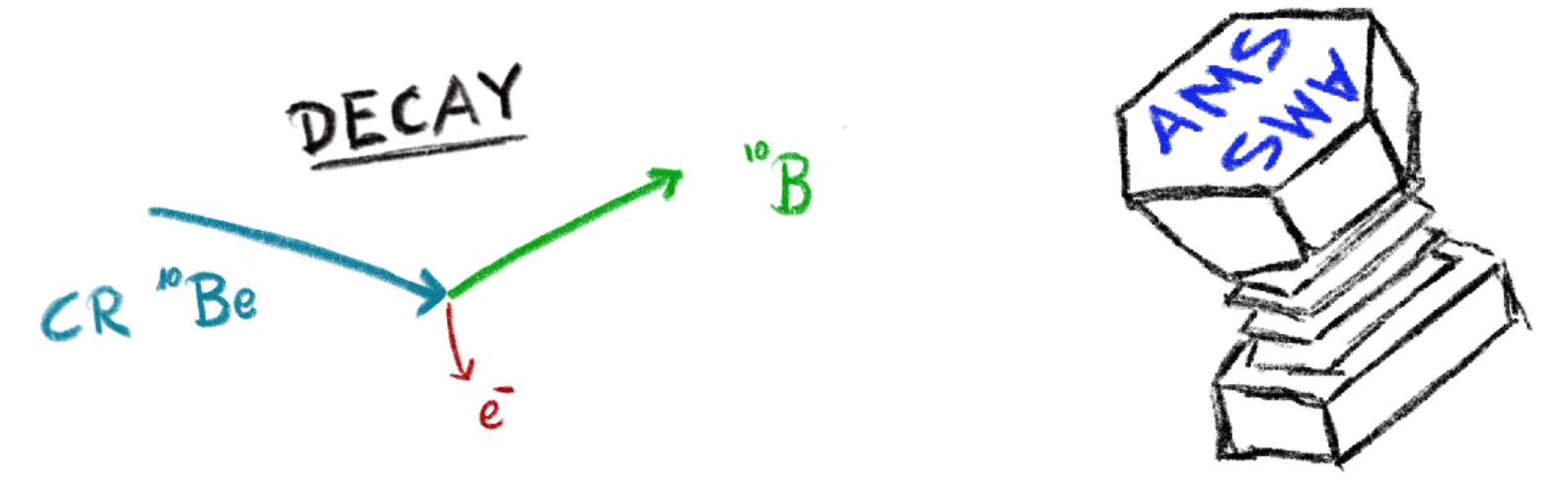
Cosmic-Ray Clocks



The Leaky Box Model

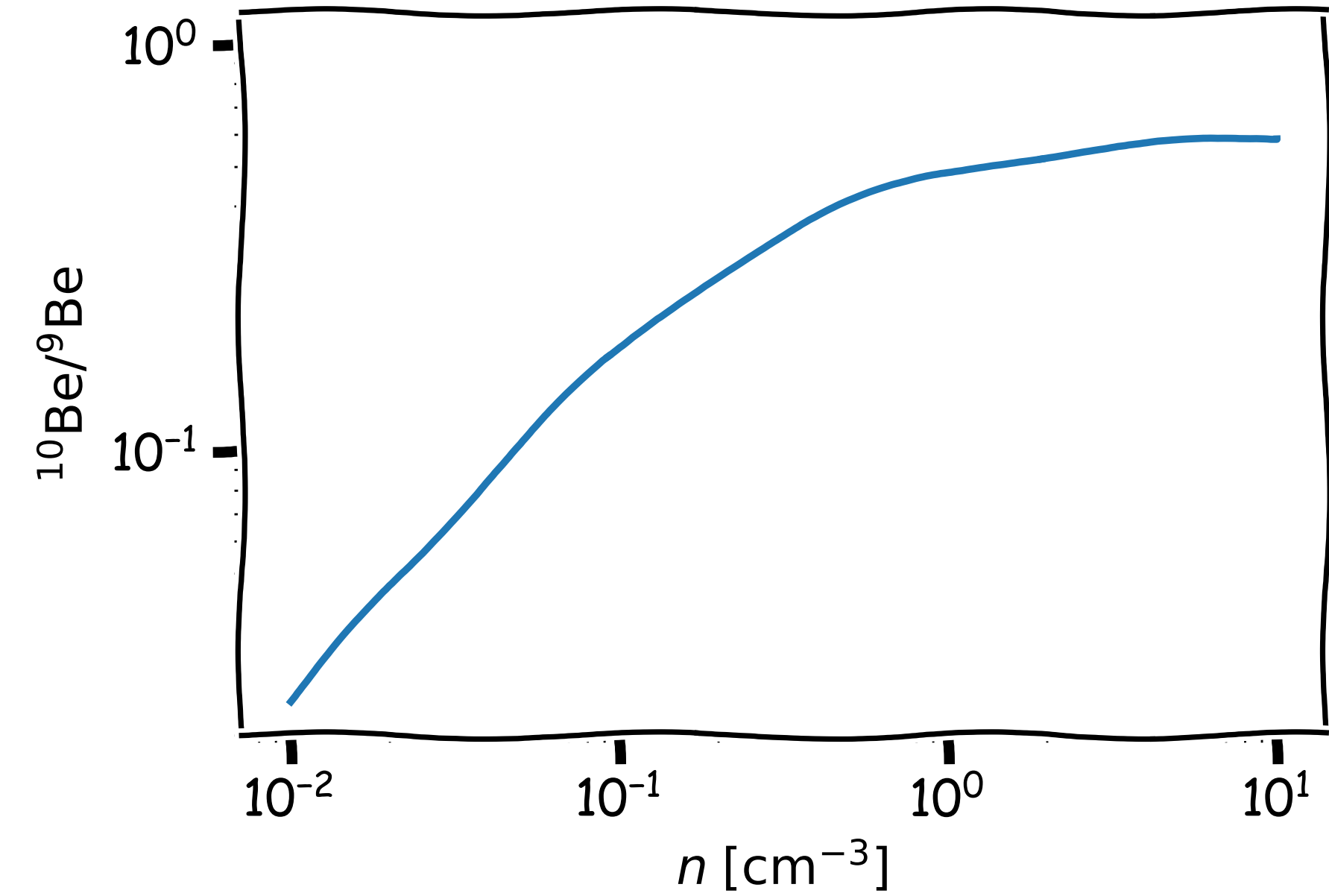
$$\frac{N_{^{10}\text{Be}}}{N_{^9\text{Be}}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow ^{10}\text{Be}}}{\sigma_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow ^9\text{Be}}} \frac{\frac{1}{t_{\text{esc}}} + \frac{1}{t_{\text{int},9}}}{\frac{1}{t_{\text{esc}}} + \frac{1}{t_{\text{int},10}} + \frac{1}{t_{\text{dec},10}}}$$

Cosmic-Ray Clocks

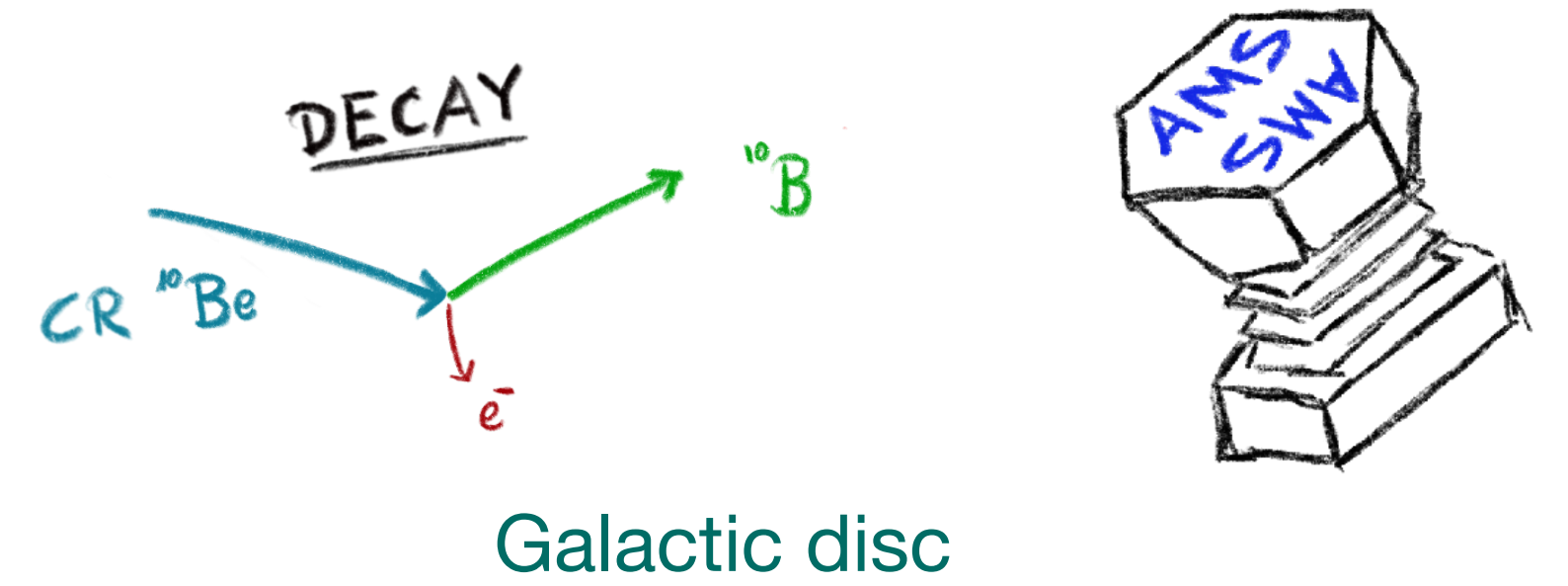


The Leaky Box Model

$$\frac{N_{^{10}\text{Be}}}{N_{^9\text{Be}}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow ^{10}\text{Be}} \frac{\nu m_p n}{X} + \nu n \sigma_9}{\sigma_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow ^9\text{Be}} \frac{\nu m_p n}{X} + \nu n \sigma_{10} + \frac{1}{\gamma \tau_{\text{dec},10}}}$$



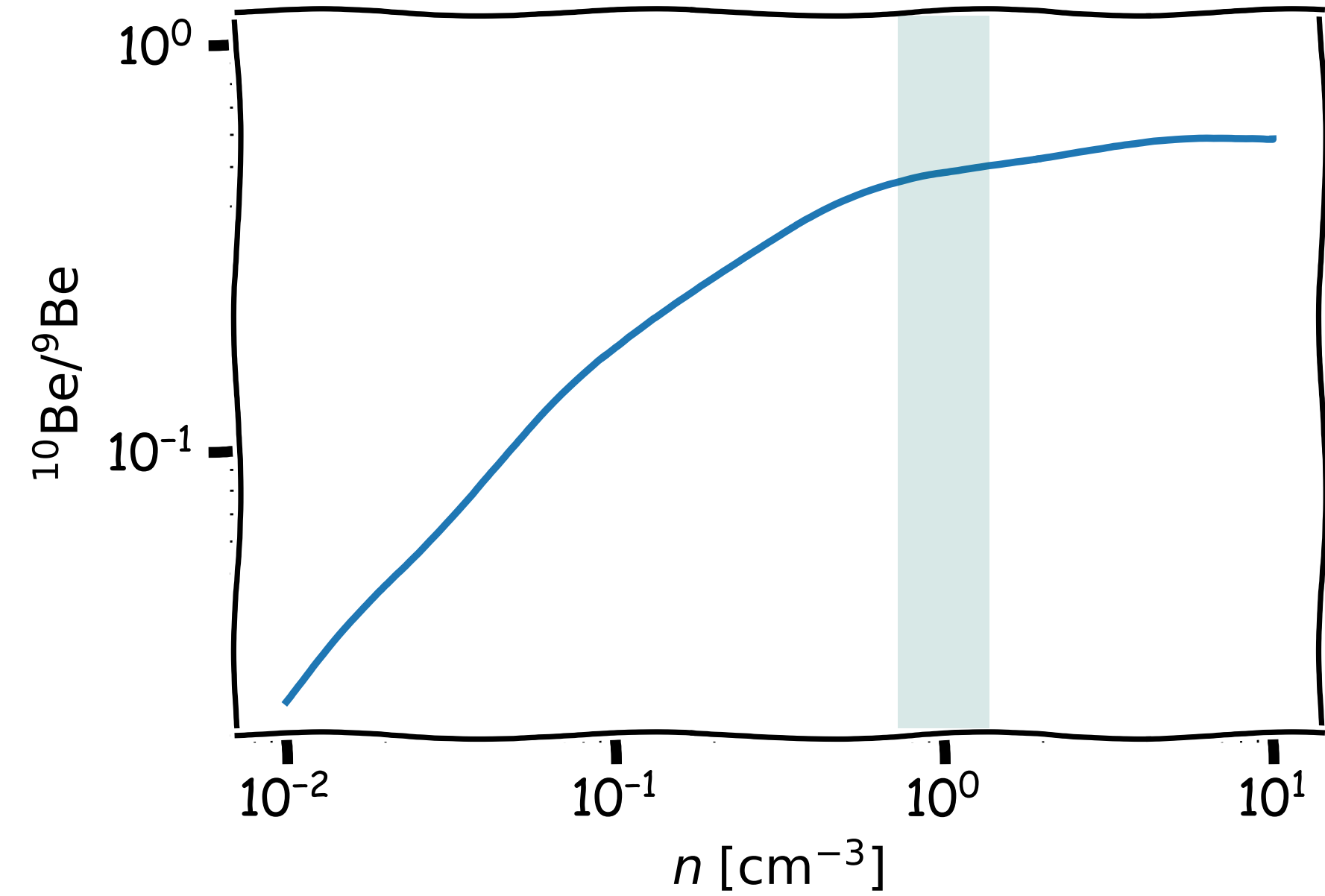
Cosmic-Ray Clocks



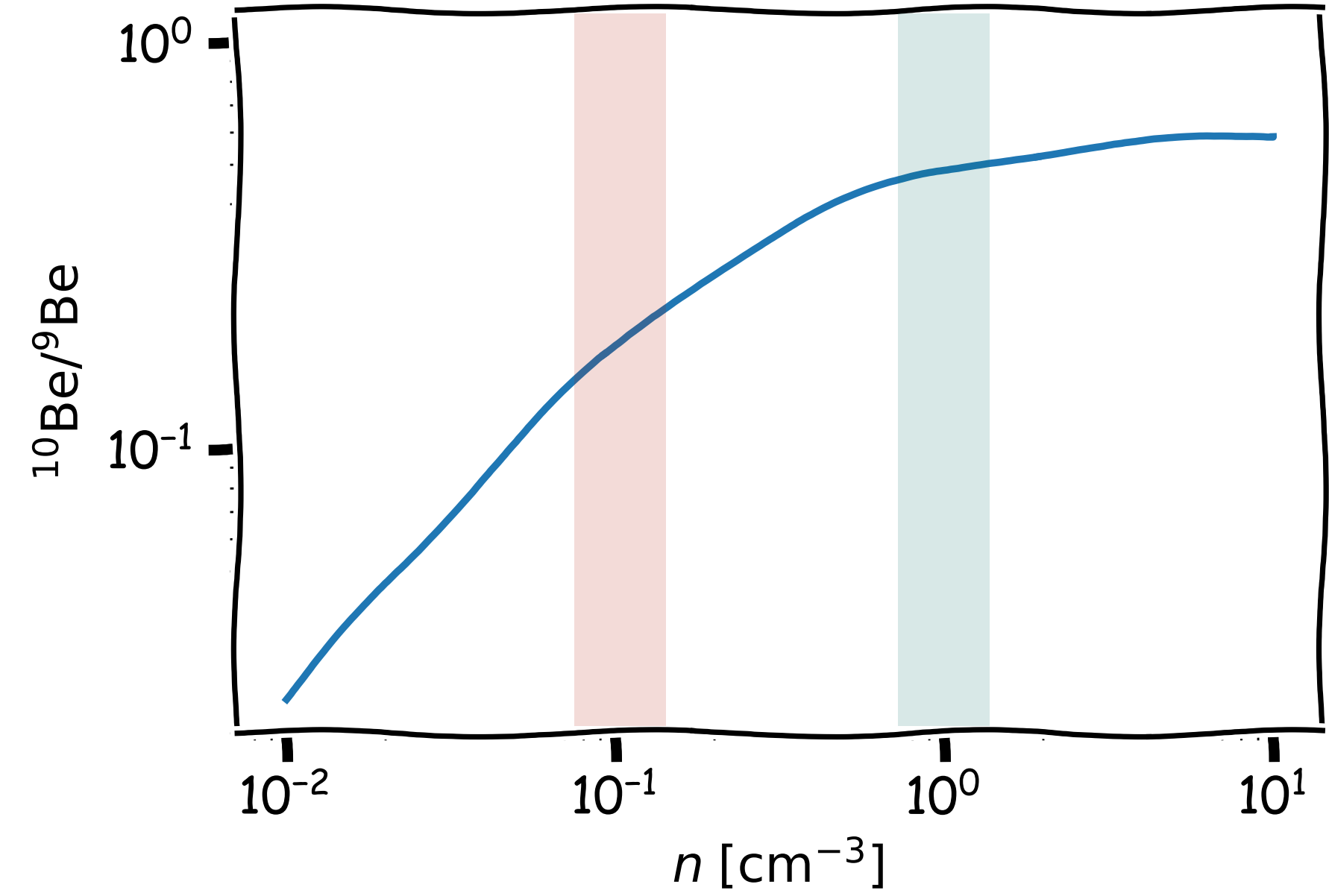
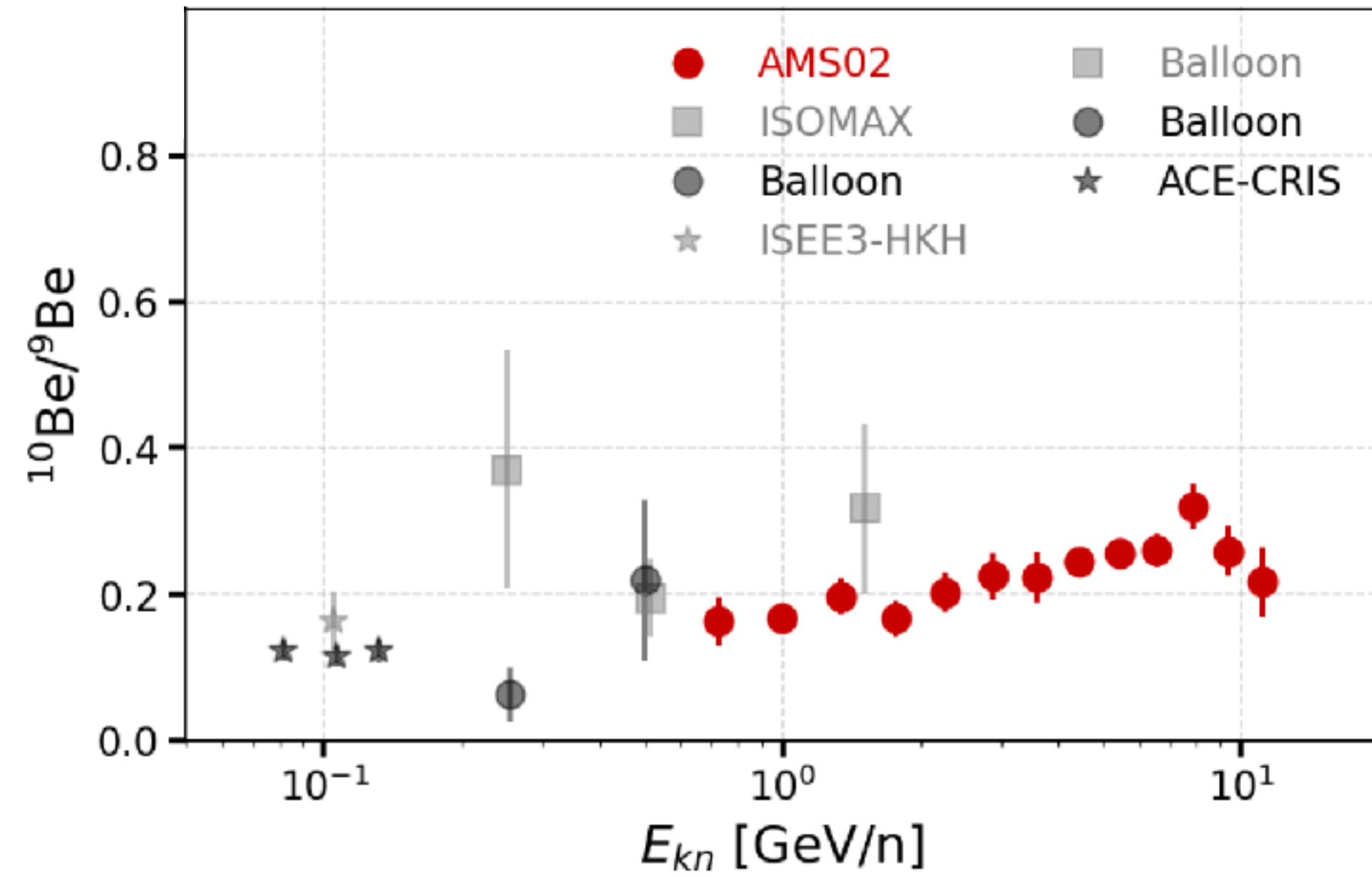
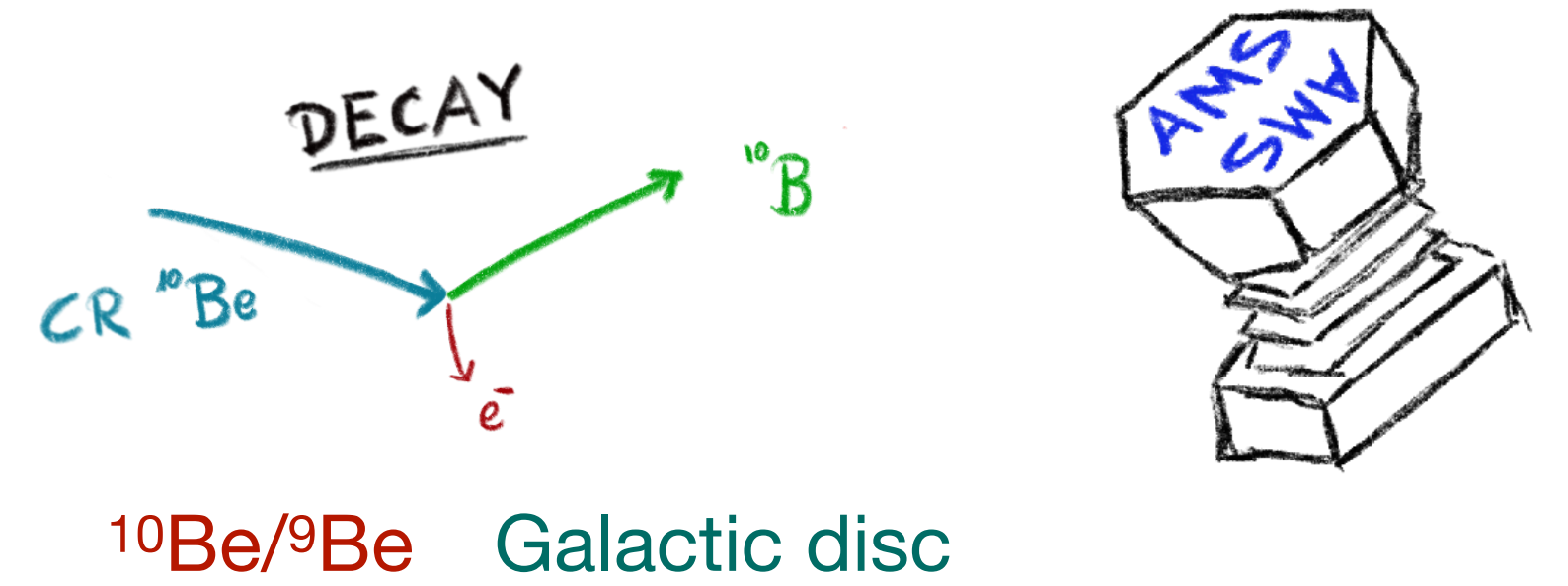
Galactic disc

The Leaky Box Model

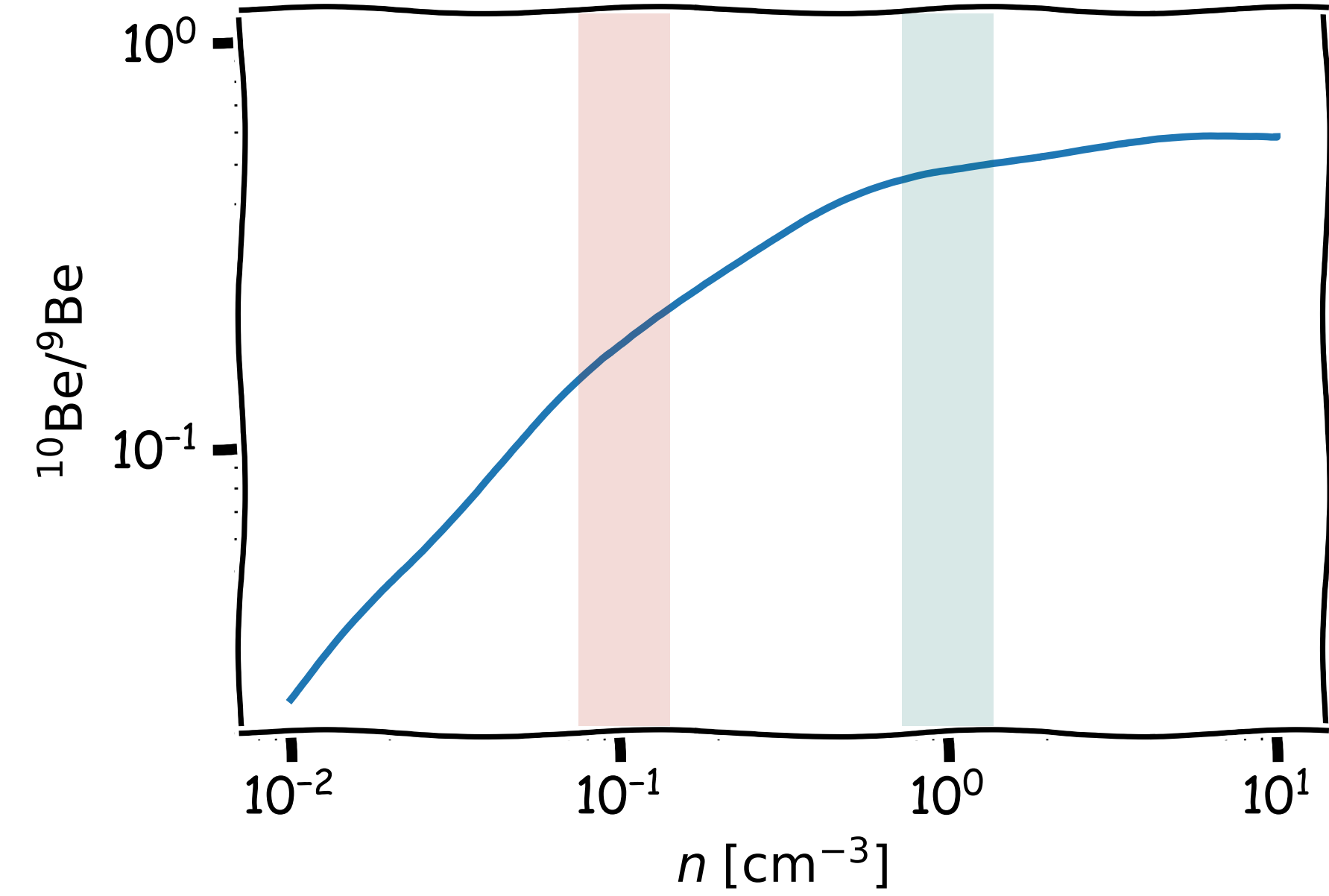
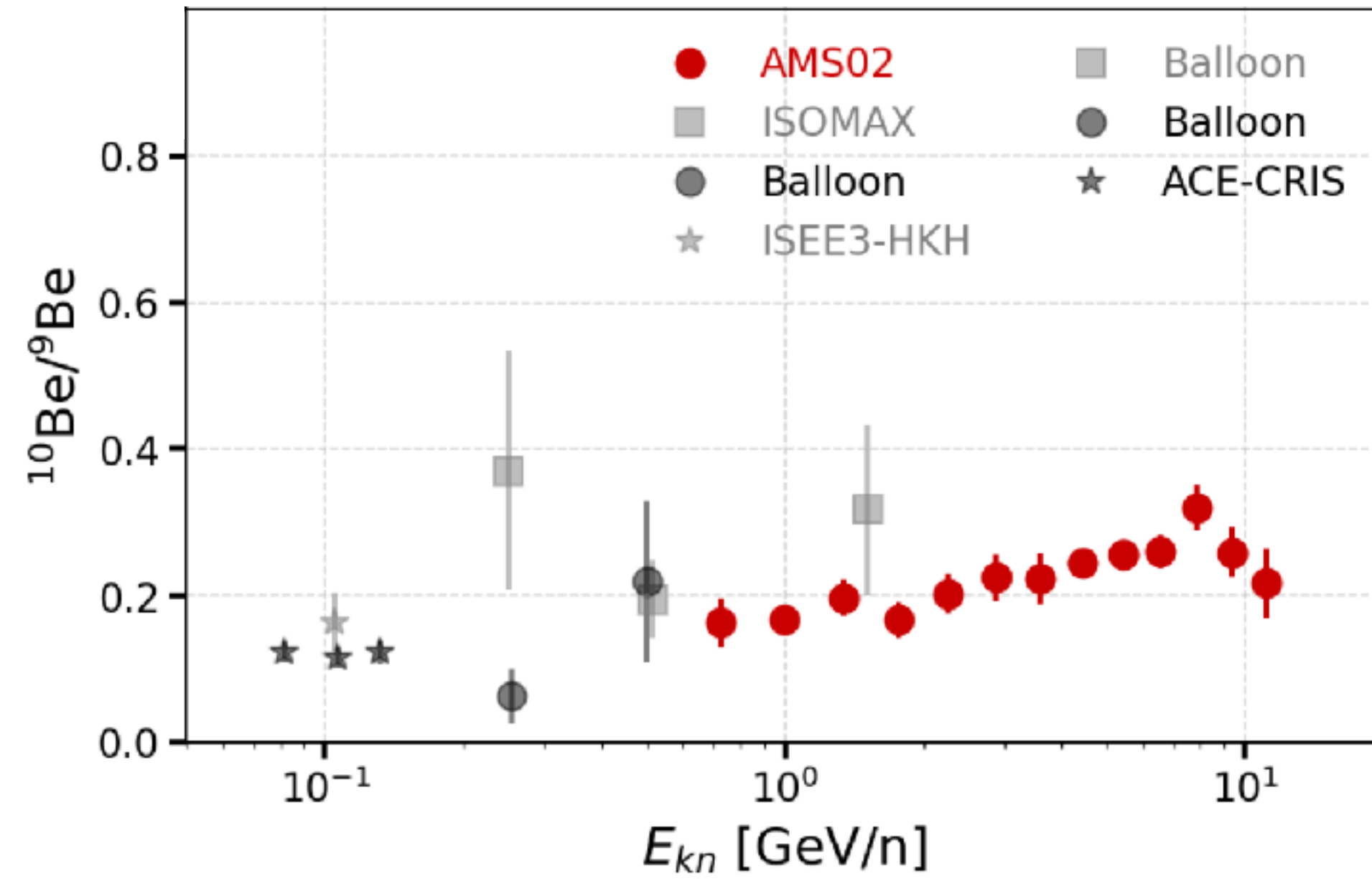
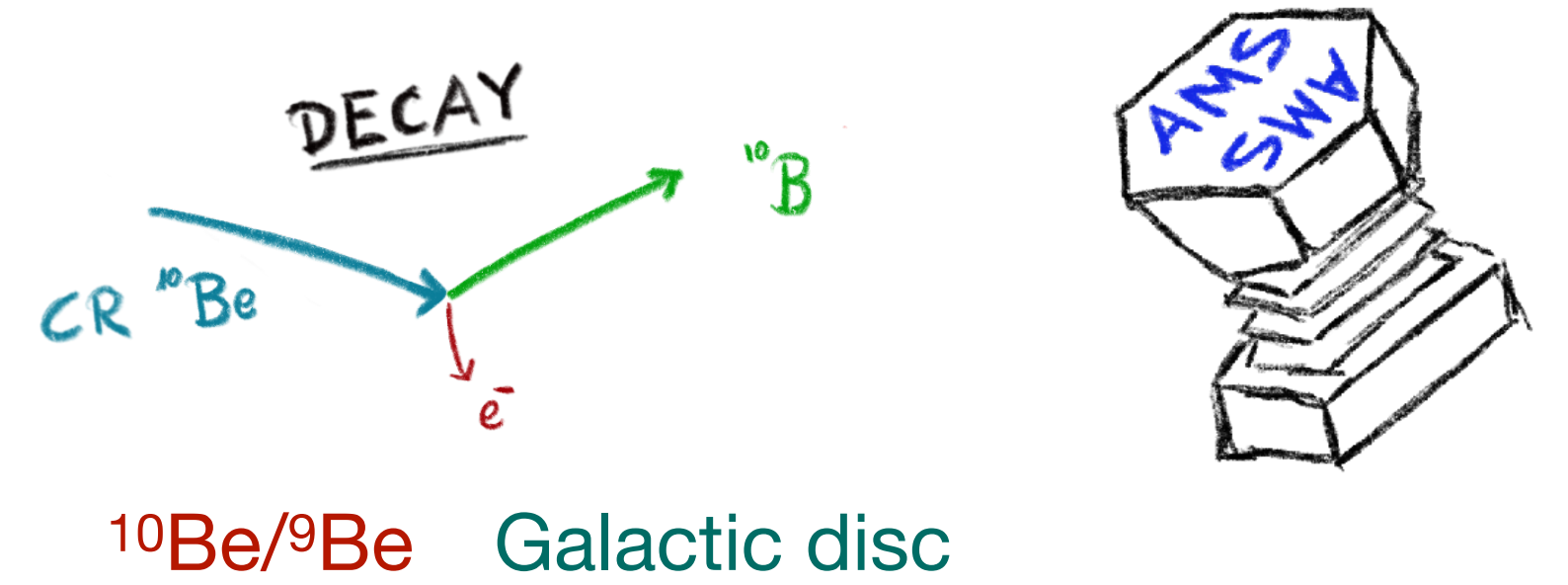
$$\frac{N_{^{10}\text{Be}}}{N_{^9\text{Be}}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow ^{10}\text{Be}} \frac{\nu m_p n}{X} + \nu n \sigma_9}{\sigma_{\text{CNO} \rightarrow ^9\text{Be}} \frac{\nu m_p n}{X} + \nu n \sigma_{10} + \frac{1}{\gamma \tau_{\text{dec},10}}}$$



Cosmic-Ray Clocks

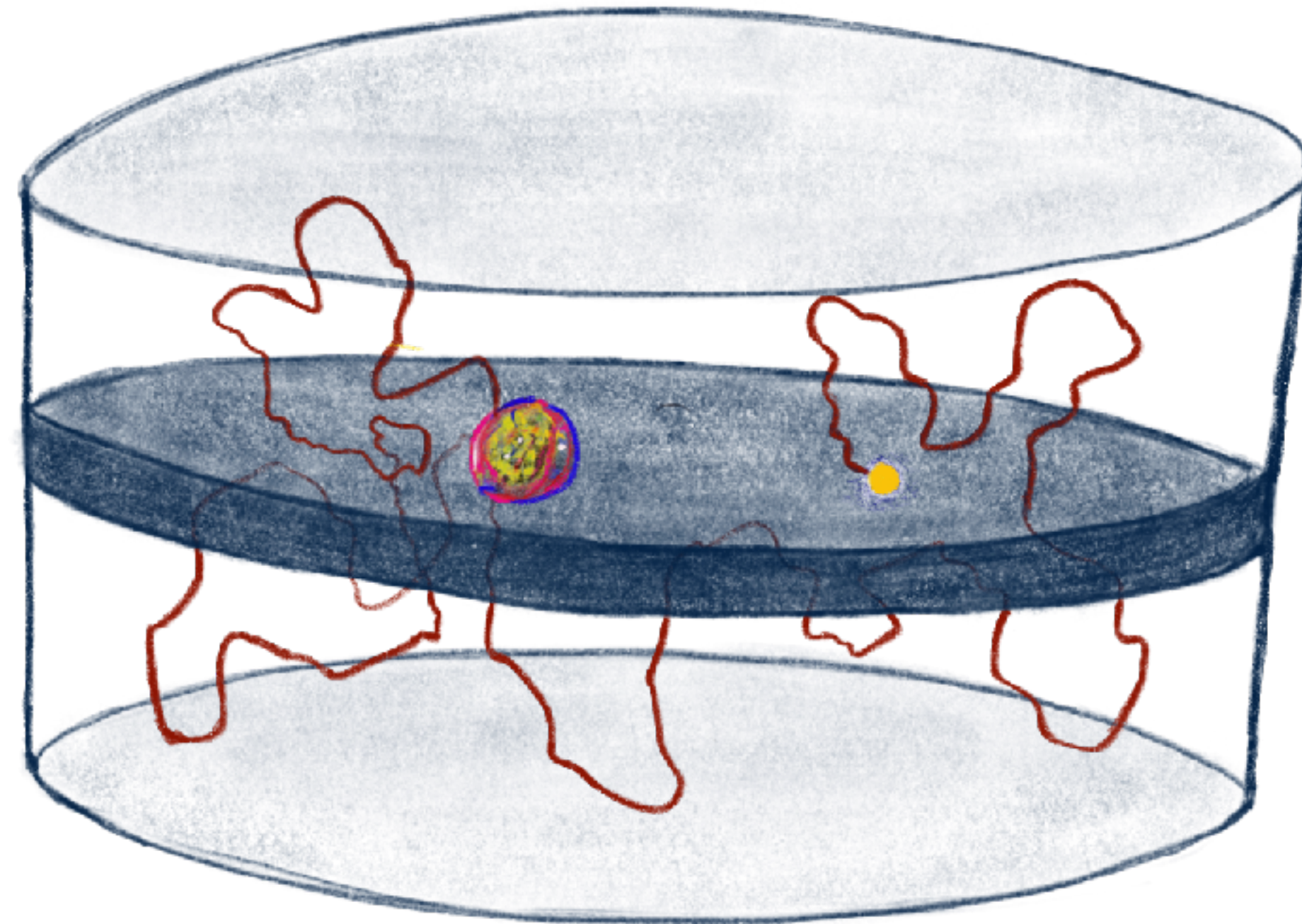
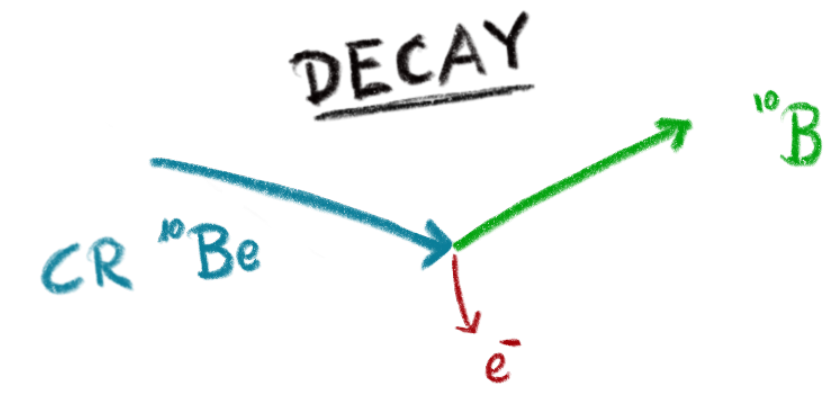


Cosmic-Ray Clocks



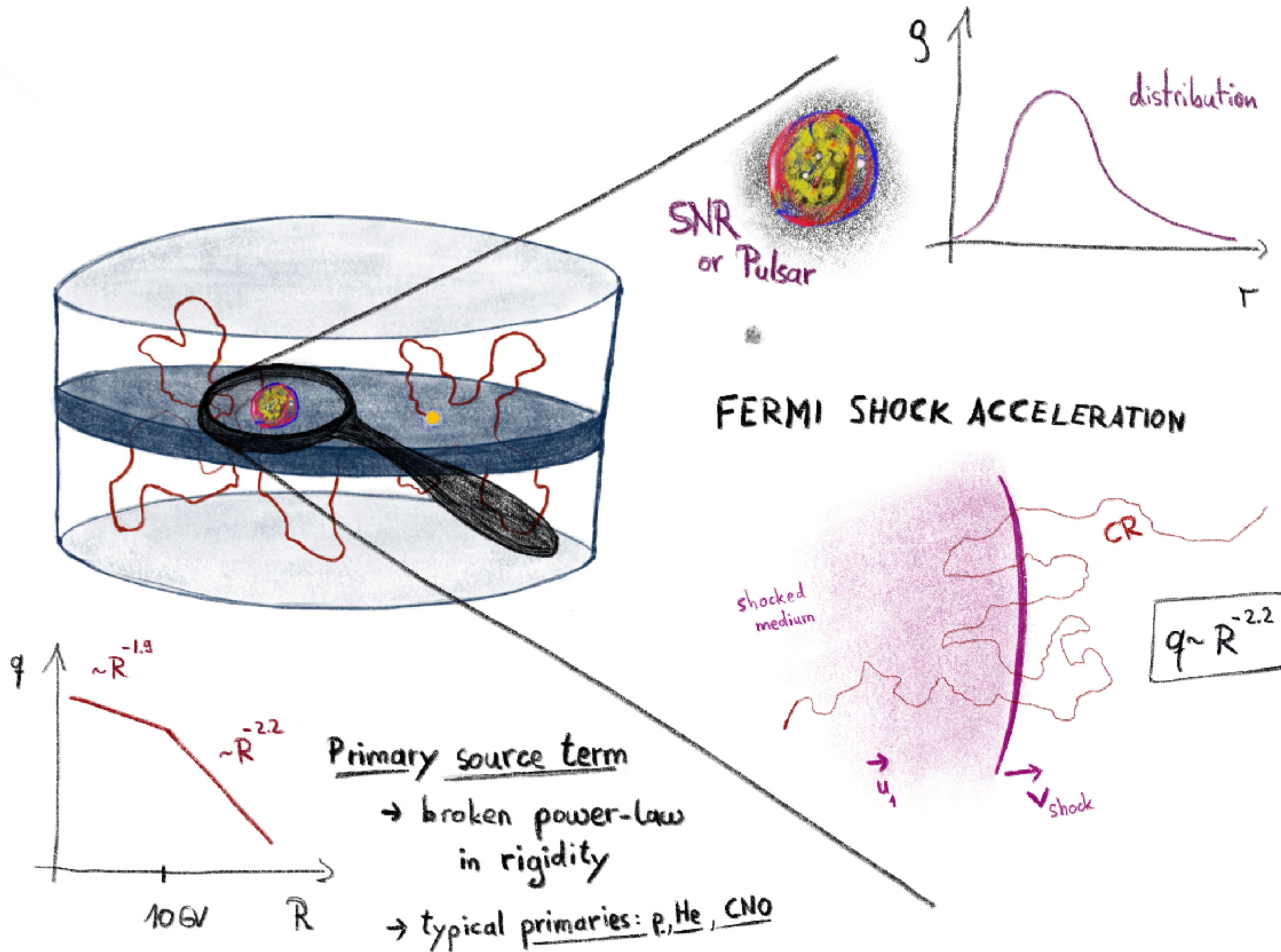
CRs spend a significant time outside the Galactic disc!

Cosmic-Ray Clocks

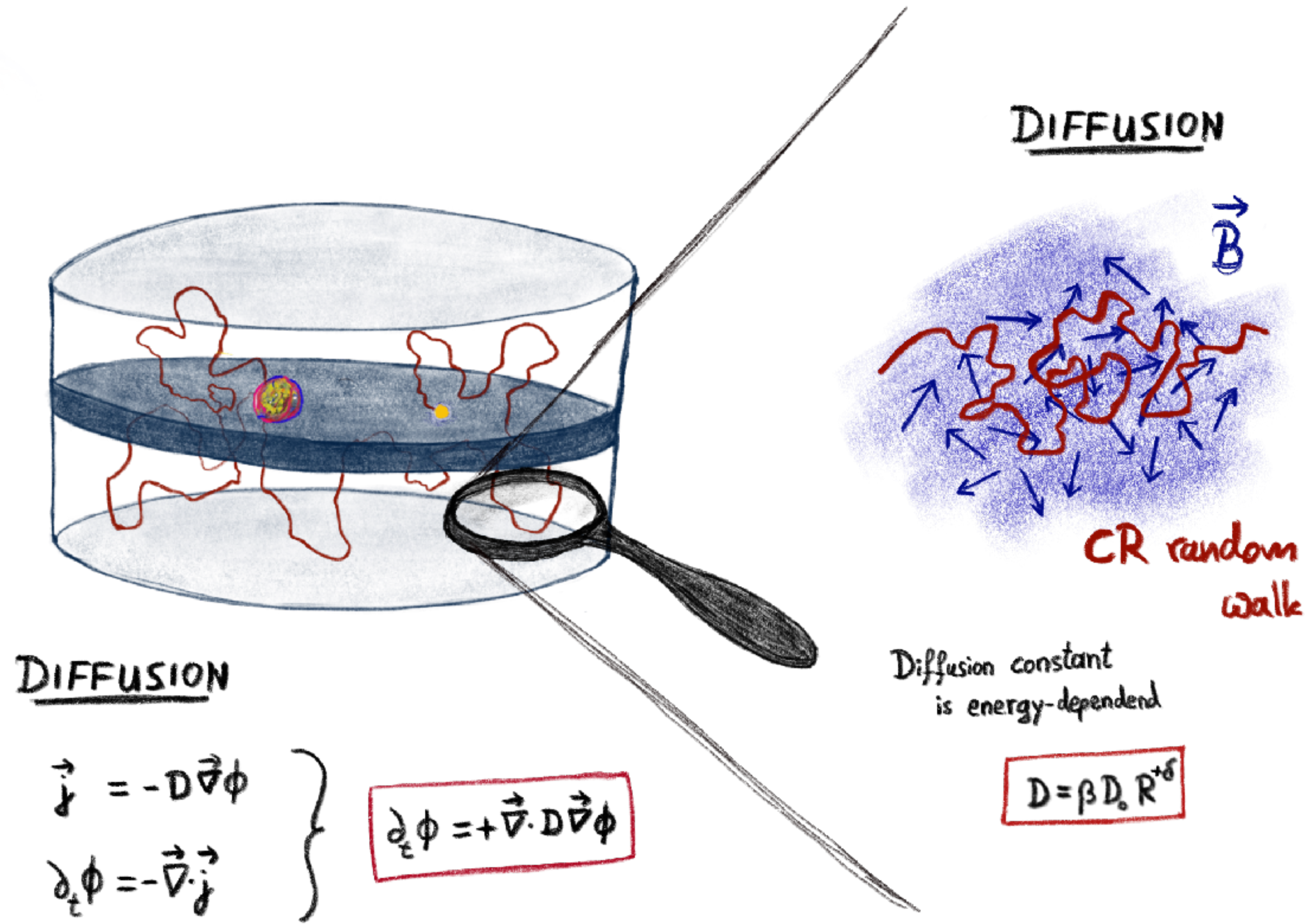


CRs spend a significant time outside the Galactic disc!

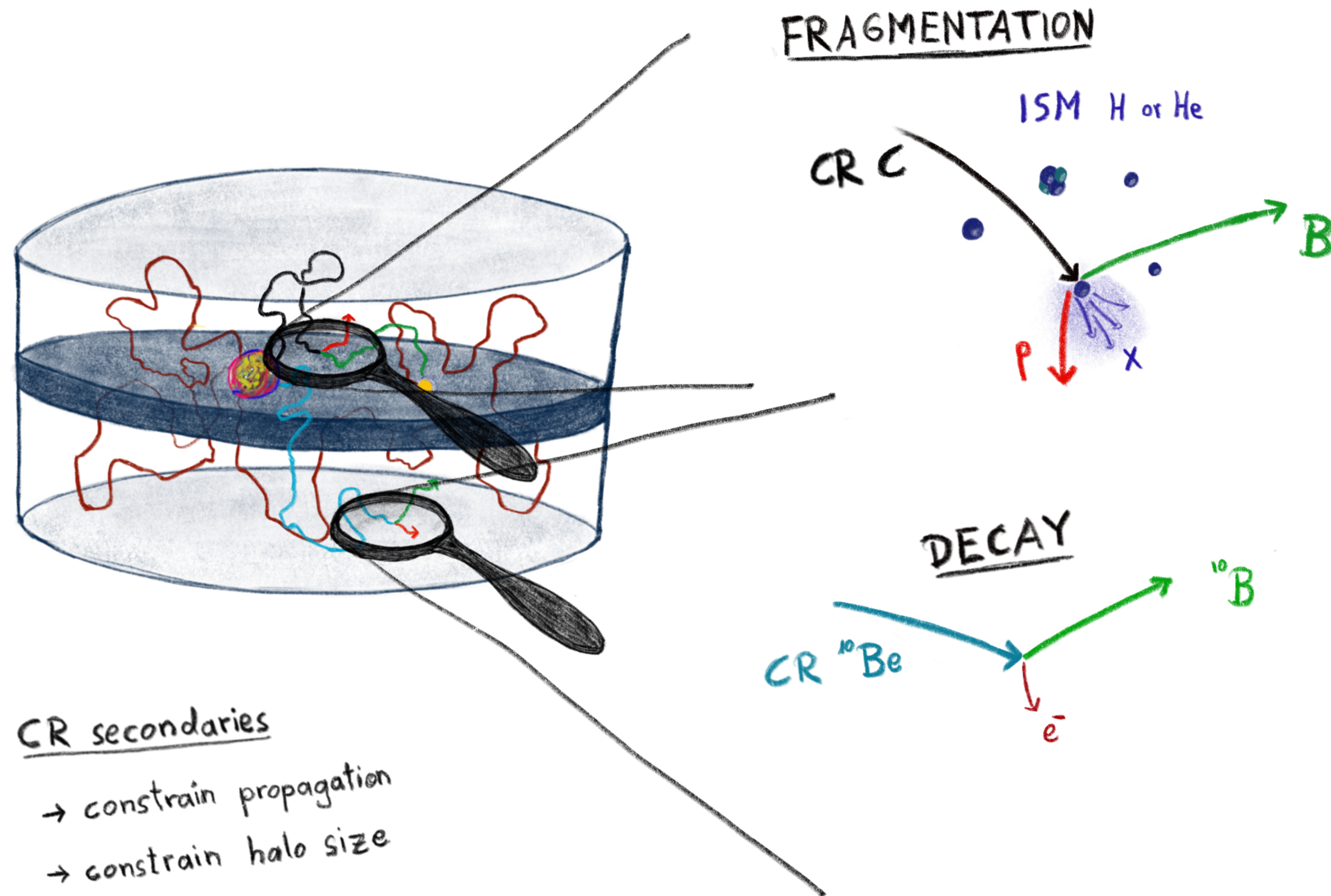
Modeling Cosmic-Ray Propagation



Modeling Cosmic-Ray Propagation



Modeling Cosmic-Ray Propagation



DM limit for DM annihilation – Wino

